

## **DRAFT**

# Remedial Investigation Report Volume # 3 – Appendices A through D

Riverview Innovation & Technology Campus Brownfield Cleanup Program Site No. C915353

> 3875 River Road Tonawanda, New York 14150

> > August 18, 2023

## Appendices



## Appendix A - Geotechnical Data





December 17, 2020

Project No. 2020-626-001

Mr. Todd Waldrop Inventum Engineering 481 Carlisle Drive, Suite 202 Herndon, VA 20170

## <u>Transmittal</u> <u>Laboratory Test Results</u> Riverview / 06

Please find attached the laboratory test results for the above referenced project. The tests were outlined on the Project Verification Form that was transmitted to your firm prior to the testing. The testing was performed in general accordance with the methods listed on the enclosed data sheets. The test results are believed to be representative of the samples that were submitted for testing and are indicative only of the specimens that were evaluated. We have no direct knowledge of the origin of the samples and imply no position with regard to the nature of the test results, i.e. pass/fail and no claims as to the suitability of the material for its intended use.

The test data and all associated project information provided shall be held in strict confidence and disclosed to other parties only with authorization by our Client. The test data submitted herein is considered integral with this report and is not to be reproduced except in whole and only with the authorization of the Client and Geotechnics. The remaining sample materials for this project will be retained for a minimum of 90 days as directed by the Geotechnics' Quality Program.

We are pleased to provide these testing services. Should you have any questions or if we may be of further assistance, please contact our office.

Respectfully submitted, *Geotechnics, Inc.* 

Nathan Melaro

**Director of Operations** 

We understand that you have a choice in your laboratory services and we thank you for choosing Geotechnics.

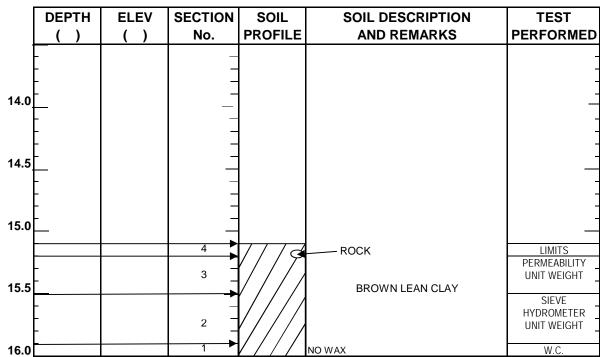
#### SHELBY TUBE UNIT WEIGHT





Client: Inventum Engineering Boring No.: Shelby Tube Depth Pushed (ft): Client Reference: Riverview / 06 16.0 Shelby Tube No.: MW-BCP-02-16 Project No.: 2020-626-001 Lab ID: 2020-626-001-001 Recovery (ft): NA **MOISTURE CONTENT** 5 Section Number 3 Tare Number 1724 2022 907 Weight of Tare & Wet Sample (g) 298.78 1010.29 292.23 Weight of Tare & Dry Sample (g) 266.38 883.49 266.24 Weight of Tare (g) 82.51 145.69 110.23 Moisture Content (%) 17.62 17.19 16.66 **UNIT WEIGHT** Weight of Tube & Wet Sample (g) 1448.32 915.01 207.55 Weight of Tube (g) 333.02 Weight of Wet Sample (g) 1115.30 707.46 Length 1 (in) 4.862 3.031 Length 2 (in) 4.864 3.034 Length 3 (in) 4.860 3.042 Top Diameter (in) 2.907 2.884 Middle Diameter (in) 2.876 2.882 Bottom Diameter (in) 2.892 2.874 Sample Volume (cm<sup>3</sup>) Moisture Content (%) 521.07 325.42 17.19 16.66 2.14 Unit Wet Weight (g/cm<sup>3</sup>) 2.17 133.56 Unit Wet Weight (pcf) 135.66 Unit Dry Weight (g/cm<sup>3</sup>) 1.83 1.86 **Unit Dry Weight (pcf)** 114.0 116.3

## SOIL PROFILE AND SAMPLING



Note: When full recovery is not achieved, the elevation can not be accurately defined.

Indicate each cut of the tube with an arrow.

Indicate dividing line between soil types with a solid line.

Indicate wax by cross-hatching. Indicate soil types by standard symbols.

Tested By JAB Date 12/7/20 Checked By KC Date 12/17/20

#### SIEVE AND HYDROMETER ANALYSIS

ASTM D 422-63 (2007), AASHTO T88



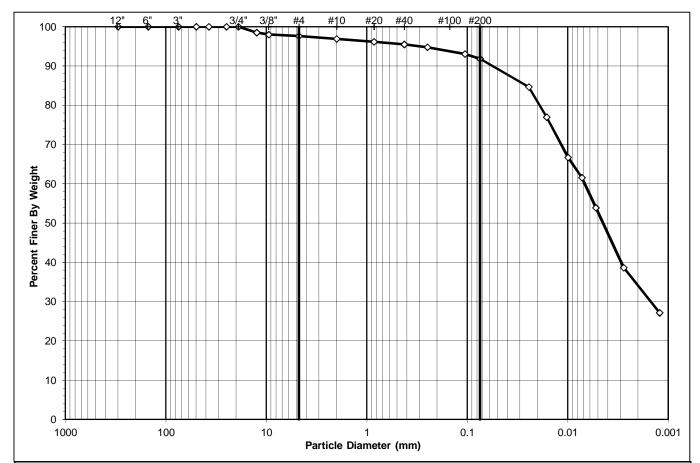
Client: Inventum Engineering Boring No.: Shelby Tube

Client Reference: Riverview / 06 Depth (ft): 16'

Project No.: 2020-626-001 Sample No.: MW-BCP-02-16

Lab ID: 2020-626-001-001 Soil Color: Brown

		SIEVE A	HYDROMET	ER		
USCS	cobbles	gravel	gravel sand		silt and clay fraction	
USDA	cobbles	gravel		sand	silt	clay



	USCS Summary		
Sieve Size (mm)		Percentage (%)	
Greater Than #4	Gravel	2.38	
#4 to #200	Sand	5.80	
Finer Than #200	Silt & Clay	91.82	

USCS Symbol: CL, TESTED

USCS Classification: LEAN CLAY



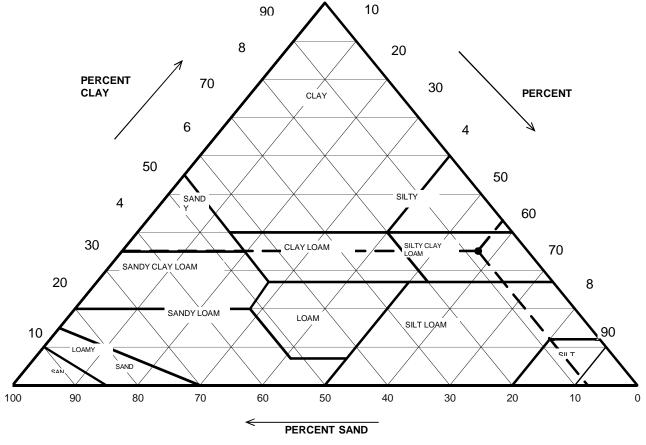
## **USDA CLASSIFICATION CHART**

Client: Inventum Engineering Boring No.: Shelby Tube

Client Reference: Riverview / 06 Depth (ft): 16'

Project No.: 2020-626-001 Sample No.: MW-BCP-02-16

Lab ID: 2020-626-001-001 Soil Color: Brown



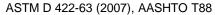
Particle Size (mm)	Percent Finer	USDA SUMMAR'	Y Actual Percentage	Corrected % of Minus 2.0 mm material for USDA Classification
		Gravel	3.10	0.00
2	96.90	Sand	7.67	7.91
0.05	89.23	Silt	55.18	56.95
0.002	34.05	Clay	34.05	35.14
		USDA Classification	SILTY CLAY LOAM	

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DCN: CT-S3TW DATE: 10/29/20 REVISION: 1

S:Excel\Excel QA\Spreadsheets\SieveHydJ.xls

## **WASH SIEVE ANALYSIS**





Client: Inventum Engineering Boring No.: Shelby Tube

Client Reference: Riverview / 06 Depth (ft): 16'

Project No.: 2020-626-001 Sample No.: MW-BCP-02-16

Lab ID: 2020-626-001-001 Soil Color: Brown

Moisture Content (%):	17.2	Moisture Content (%):	0.0
Weight of Dry Soil (g):	737.80	Weight of Dry Soil (g):	NA
Weight of Water (g):	126.80	Weight of Water (g):	NA
Weight of Tare (g):	145.69	Weight of Tare (g):	NA
Wt. of Tare & Dry Sample (g):	883.49	Weight of Tare & Dry Sample (g):	NA
Wt. of Tare & Wet Sample (g):	1010.29	Weight of Tare & Wet Sample (g):	NA
Tare No.:	2022	Tare No.:	NA
Moisture Content of Passing 3/4" Material		Moisture Content of Retained 3/4" Material	

Wet Weight of -3/4" Sample (g):	NA	Weight of the Dry Sample (g):	737.80
Dry Weight of - 3/4" Sample (g):	737.80	Weight of minus #200 Material (g):	677.46
Wet Weight of +3/4" Sample (g)	0.00	Weight of plus #200 Material (g):	60.34
Dry Weight of +3/4" Sample (g):	0.00		
Total Dry Weight of Sample (g):	737.80		

Sieve	Sieve	Weight of Soil	Percent	Accumulated	Percent	Accumulated
Size	Opening	Retained	Retained	Percent	Finer	Percent
				Retained		Finer
	(mm)	(g)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
12"	300	0.00	0.00	0.00	100.00	100.00
6"	150	0.00	0.00	0.00	100.00	100.00
3"	75	0.00	0.00	0.00	100.00	100.00
2"	50	0.00 (*)	0.00	0.00	100.00	100.00
1 1/2"	37.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	100.00	100.00
1"	25	0.00	0.00	0.00	100.00	100.00
3/4"	19	0.00	0.00	0.00	100.00	100.00
1/2"	12.5	11.12	1.51	1.51	98.49	98.49
3/8"	9.5	3.80	0.52	2.02	97.98	97.98
#4	4.75	2.66	0.36	2.38	97.62	97.62
#10	2	5.28	0.72	3.10	96.90	96.90
#20	0.85	5.56 (**	) 0.75	3.85	96.15	96.15
#40	0.425	4.91	0.67	4.52	95.48	95.48
#60	0.25	5.14	0.70	5.21	94.79	94.79
#140	0.106	12.78	1.73	6.95	93.05	93.05
#200	0.075	9.09	1.23	8.18	91.82	91.82
Pan	-	677.46	91.82	100.00	-	-

**Notes :** (\*) The + 3/4" sieve analysis is based on the Total Dry Weight of the Sample

( \*\*) The - 3/4" sieve analysis is based on the Weight of the Dry Sample

Tested By JF Date 12/9/20 Checked By JLK Date 12/16/20

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DCN: CT-S3TW DATE: 10/29/20 REVISION: 1

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## **HYDROMETER ANALYSIS**



ASTM D 422-63 (2007), AASHTO T88

Client: Inventum Engineering Boring No.: Shelby Tube

Client Reference: Riverview / 06 Depth (ft): 16'

Project No.: 2020-626-001 Sample No.: MW-BCP-02-16

Lab ID: 2020-626-001-001 Soil Color: Brown

Elapsed Time	R Measured	Temp.	Composite	R Corrected	N	K Factor	Diameter	N'
(min)	Measureu	(°C)	Correction	Corrected	(%)	Factor	(mm)	(%)
		•			•		<u> </u>	•
0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2	56.5	22.5	7.0	49.5	92.2	0.01305	0.0245	84.7
5	52.0	22.5	7.0	45.0	83.8	0.01305	0.0163	77.0
15	46.0	22.5	7.0	39.0	72.6	0.01305	0.0100	66.7
30	43.0	22.5	7.0	36.0	67.0	0.01305	0.0072	61.6
61	38.5	22.6	7.0	31.5	58.7	0.01303	0.0053	53.9
250	29.5	22.9	6.9	22.6	42.1	0.01299	0.0028	38.7
1440	23.0	22.2	7.1	15.9	29.6	0.01310	0.0012	27.2
i								

Soil Specimen Data		Other Corrections	
Tare No.	922		
Wt. of Tare & Dry Material (g):	156.68	a - Factor	0.993
Weight of Tare (g):	98.42		
Weight of Deflocculant (g):	5.0	Percent Finer than # 200	91.82
Weight of Dry Material (g):	53.26		
(0)		Specific Gravity	2.70 Assumed

**Note:** Hydrometer test is performed on - # 200 sieve material.

Tested By TO Date 12/14/20 Checked By JLK Date 12/16/20



#### ATTERBERG LIMITS

ASTM D 4318-17

Client: Inventum Engineering Boring No.: Shelby Tube

Client Reference: Riverview / 06 Depth (ft): 16'

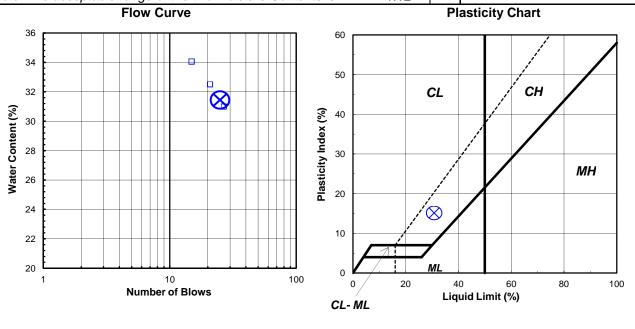
 Project No.:
 2020-626-001
 Sample No.: MW-BCP-02-16

 Lab ID:
 2020-626-001-001
 Soil Description: BROWN LEAN CLAY

Note: The USCS symbol used with this test refers only to the minus No. 40 (Minus No. 40 sieve material, Air dried) sieve material. See the "Sieve and Hydrometer Analysis" graph page for the complete material description.

As Received Moisture		Liquid Limit Test				
ASTM D2216-19		1	2	3	M	
Tare Number:	907	519	633	627	U	
Wt. of Tare & Wet Sample (g):	292.23	39.92	39.60	41.74	L	
Wt. of Tare & Dry Sample (g):	266.24	35.08	34.53	35.89	Т	
Weight of Tare (g):	110.23	19.45	18.92	18.70	I	
Weight of Water (g):	26.0	4.8	5.1	5.9	Р	
Weight of Dry Sample (g):	156.0	15.6	15.6	17.2	0	
Was As Received MC Preserved:	Yes				I	
Moisture Content (%):	16.7	31.0	32.5	34.0	N	
Number of Blows:		27	21	15	Т	

Plastic Limit Test	1	2	Range	Test Results	
Tare Number:	115	1273		Liquid Limit (%):	31
Wt. of Tare & Wet Sample (g):	25.52	27.94			
Wt. of Tare & Dry Sample (g):	24.62	27.10		Plastic Limit (%):	16
Weight of Tare (g):	19.18	21.89			
Weight of Water (g):	0.9	8.0		Plasticity Index (%):	15
Weight of Dry Sample (g):	5.4	5.2			
				USCS Symbol:	CL
Moisture Content (%):	16.5	16.1	0.4		
Note: The acceptable range of the	e two Moistu	ire Conten	ts is ± 1.12		



page 1 of 1 DCN: CTS4B, DATE: 5/22/18 REVISION: 8

Date

12/11/20

TO

Tested By

Checked By

JLK

12/15/20

Date

ASTM D 5084-16a

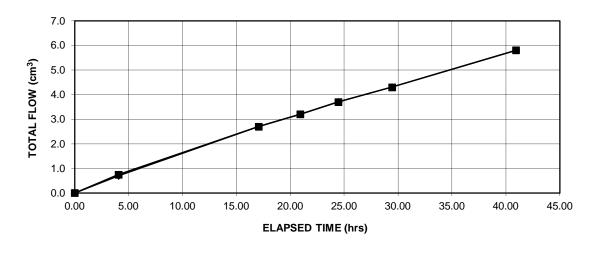


Client: Inventum Engineering Boring No.: Shelby Tube
Client Project: Riverview / 06 Depth (ft): 15.2-15.5
Project No.: 2020-626-001 Sample No.: MW-BCP-002

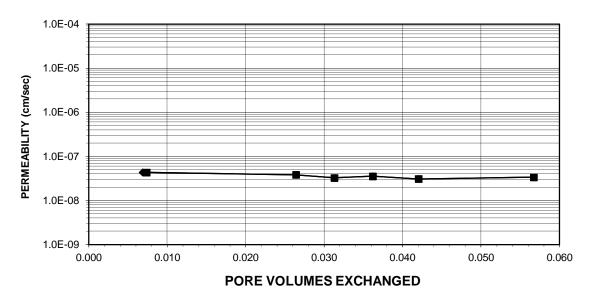
Project No.: 2020-626-001 Sample No.: MW-BCP-002-16 Lab ID No.: 2020-626-001-001 Avg. Conf. Pressure (psi): 6.25

AVERAGE PERMEABILITY = 3.3E-08 cm/sec @ 20°C AVERAGE PERMEABILITY = 3.3E-10 m/sec @ 20°C

## TOTAL FLOW vs. ELAPSED TIME



## PORE VOLUMES EXCHANGED vs. PERMEABILITY



Tested By: JAB Date: 12/7/20 Checked By: JLK Date: 12/11/20



ASTM D 5084-16a

Client: Inventum Engineering Boring No.: Shelby Tube
Client Project: Riverview / 06 Depth (ft): 15.2-15.5
Project No.: 2020-626-001 Sample No.: MW-BCP-002-16

Lab ID No.: 2020-626-001-001 Avg. Conf. Pressure (psi): 6.25

Specific Gravity: 2.70 Assumed Sample Condition: Undisturbed

Visual Description: Brown Clay with a Trace of Rocks

Permeant Type: Deaired Water

MOISTURE CONTENT:	BEFORE TEST	AFTER TEST
Tare Number	907	882
Weight of Tare & Wet Sample (g)	292.23	818.28
Weight of Tare & Dry Sample (g)	266.24	713.46
Weight of Tare (g)	110.23	110.01
Weight of Water (g)	25.99	104.82
Weight of Dry Sample (g)	156.01	603.45
Moisture Content (%)	16.7	17.4

SPECIMEN:	BEFORE TEST	AFTER TEST
Mainte of Table 0 Mat Occupie (a)	045.04	NIA
Weight of Tube & Wet Sample (g)	915.01	NA
Weight of Tube (g)	207.55	NA
Weight of Wet Sample (g)	707.46	711.77
Length 1 (in)	3.031	3.065
Length 2 (in)	3.034	3.044
Length 3 (in)	3.042	3.054
Top Diameter (in)	2.884	2.874
Middle Diameter (in)	2.882	2.888
Bottom Diameter (in)	2.892	2.889
Average Length (in)	3.04	3.05
Average Area (in <sup>2</sup> )	6.54	6.53
Sample Volume (cm <sup>3</sup> )	325.42	326.89
Unit Wet Weight (g/cm <sup>3</sup> )	2.17	2.18
Unit Wet Weight (pcf)	135.7	135.9
Unit Dry Weight (pcf)	116.3	115.8
Unit Dry Weight (g/cm³)	1.86	1.86
Void Ratio, e	0.45	0.46
Porosity, n	0.31	0.31
Pore Volume (cm <sup>3</sup> )	100.8	102.3
Total Weight of Sample After Test (g)		708.50

Tested By:

JAB

Date:

Checked By:

JLK

12/11/20

Date:

12/7/20



ASTM D 5084-16a

Boring No.: Shelby Tube Client: Inventum Engineering Depth (ft): 15.2-15.5 Client Project: Riverview / 06

Project No.: 2020-626-001 Sample No.: MW-BCP-002-16

Lab ID No.: Avg. Conf. Pressure (psi): 6.25 2020-626-001-001

Pressure Heads (Co	onstant)	Final Sample Dimensions			
Top Cap (psi)	67.5	Sample Length (cm), L	7.76		
Bottom Cap (psi)	70.0	Sample Diameter (cm)	7.32		
Cell (psi)	75.0	Sample Area (cm <sup>2</sup> ), A	42.14		
Total Pressure Head (cm)	175.8	Inflow Burette Area (cm <sup>2</sup> ), a-in	0.911		
Hydraulic Gradient	22.65	Outflow Burette Area (cm <sup>2</sup> ), a-out	0.968		
		B Parameter (%)	98		

3.3E-08 cm/sec @ 20°C AVERAGE PERMEABILITY = 3.3E-10 m/sec @ 20°C AVERAGE PERMEABILITY =

DATE	TIN	ИΕ	ELAPSED	TOTAL	TOTAL	TOTAL	FLOW	TEMP.	INCREMENTAL
			TIME	INFLOW	OUTFLOW	HEAD			PERMEABILITY
			t			h	(0 flow)		@ 20°C
(mm/dd/yy)	(hr)	(min)	(hr)	(cm <sup>3</sup> )	(cm <sup>3</sup> )	(cm)	(1 stop)	(°C)	(cm/sec)
12/8/20	14	19	0.000	0.0	0.0	202.6	0	21.6	NA
12/8/20	18	23	4.067	0.7	8.0	201.0	0	21.3	4.3E-08
12/9/20	7	23	17.067	2.7	2.7	196.9	0	20.7	3.8E-08
12/9/20	11	14	20.917	3.2	3.2	195.8	0	21.2	3.3E-08
12/9/20	14	47	24.467	3.7	3.7	194.8	0	21.5	3.5E-08
12/9/20	19	45	29.433	4.3	4.3	193.5	0	21.0	3.1E-08
12/10/20	7	15	40.933	5.8	5.8	190.3	1	21.0	3.4E-08

Tested By: JAB Checked By: JLK 12/11/20 Date: 12/7/20 Date:

#### SHELBY TUBE UNIT WEIGHT

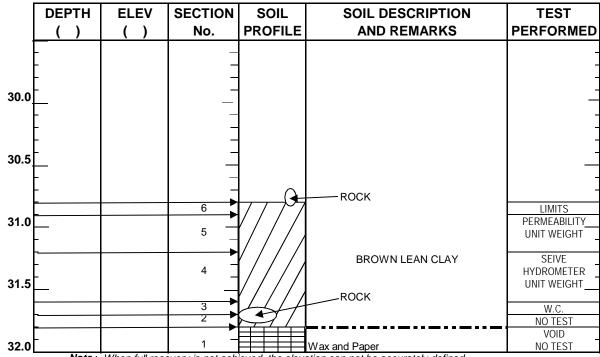




Client: Inventum Engineering Boring No.: Shelby Tube Depth Pushed (ft): Client Reference: Riverview / 06 30.0-32.0 Shelby Tube No.: MW-BCP-01-3032 Project No.: 2020-626-001 Lab ID: 2020-626-001-002 Recovery (ft): **MOISTURE CONTENT** 5 7 Section Number 6 Tare Number 565 1543 897 Weight of Tare & Wet Sample (g) 285.83 946.56 263.38 Weight of Tare & Dry Sample (g) 237.79 735.61 233.38 Weight of Tare (g) 82.17 144.34 109.26 Moisture Content (%) 30.87 35.68 24.17 **UNIT WEIGHT** Weight of Tube & Wet Sample (g) 1294.61 810.17 Weight of Tube (g) 329.99 205.59 Weight of Wet Sample (g) 964.62 604.58 3.009 Length 1 (in) 4.788 Length 2 (in) 4.791 2.977 Length 3 (in) 4.801 2.990 Top Diameter (in) 2.890 2.881 Middle Diameter (in) 2.874 2.879 Bottom Diameter (in) 2.878 2.888 Sample Volume (cm<sup>3</sup>) Moisture Content (%) 511.93 319.99 35.68 24.17 Unit Wet Weight (g/cm<sup>3</sup>) 1.88 1.89 Unit Wet Weight (pcf) 117.58 117.90 Unit Dry Weight (g/cm<sup>3</sup>) 1.39 1.52

## 86.7 SOIL PROFILE AND SAMPLING

94.9



Note: When full recovery is not achieved, the elevation can not be accurately defined.

Indicate each cut of the tube with an arrow.

Indicate dividing line between soil types with a solid line.

Indicate wax by cross-hatching. Indicate soil types by standard symbols.

12/17/20 Tested By JAB Date 12/7/20 Checked By KC Date

**Unit Dry Weight (pcf)** 

#### SIEVE AND HYDROMETER ANALYSIS

ASTM D 422-63 (2007), AASHTO T88

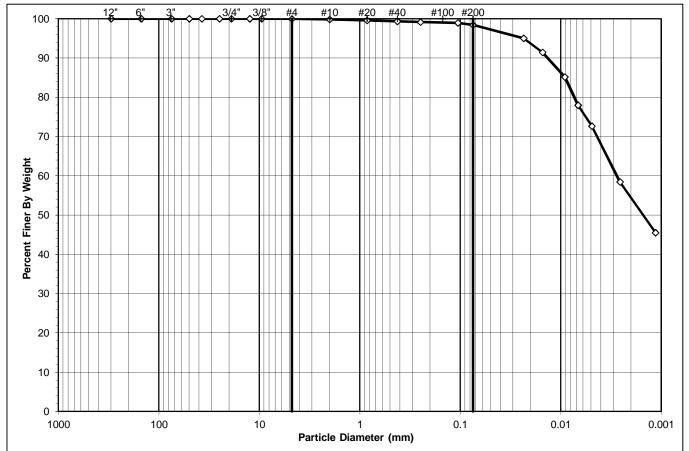


Client: Inventum Engineering Boring No.: Shelby Tube Client Reference: Riverview / 06 Depth (ft): 31.2-31.6

Project No.: 2020-626-001 Sample No.: MW-BCP-01-3032

Lab ID: 2020-626-001-002 Soil Color: Brown

		SIEVE A	HYDROMETE	R		
USCS	cobbles	gravel	sand	silt and clay fraction		
USDA	cobbles	gravel	sand	silt	clay	



	USCS Summary		
Sieve Size (mm)		Percentage (%)	
Greater Than #4	Gravel	0.05	
#4 to #200	Sand	1.57	
Finer Than #200	Silt & Clay	98.38	

USCS Symbol: CL, TESTED

USCS Classification: LEAN CLAY

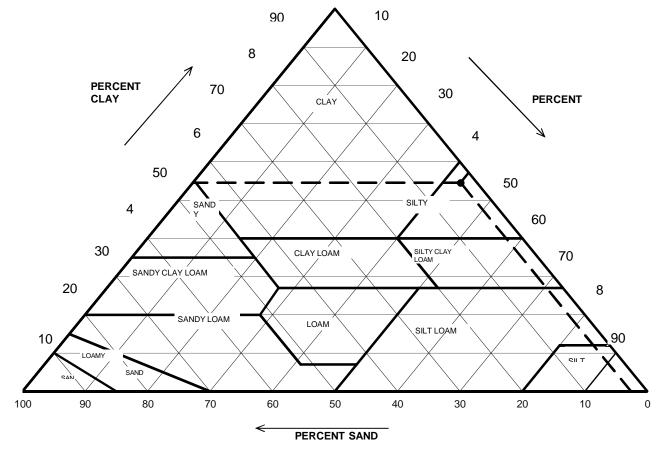


## **USDA CLASSIFICATION CHART**

Client: Inventum Engineering Boring No.: Shelby Tube Client Reference: Riverview / 06 Depth (ft): 31.2-31.6

Project No.: 2020-626-001 Sample No.: MW-BCP-01-3032

Lab ID: 2020-626-001-002 Soil Color: Brown



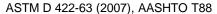
Particle	Percent	USDA SUMMAR	Y Actual	Corrected % of Minus 2.0 mm
Size (mm)	Finer		Percentage	material for USDA Classification
		Gravel	0.19	0.00
2	99.81	Sand	2.60	2.60
0.05	97.21	Silt	42.78	42.86
0.002	54.43	Clay	54.43	54.54
		USDA Classification	SILTY CLAY	

page 2 of 4

DCN: CT-S3TW DATE: 10/29/20 REVISION: 1

S:Excel\Excel QA\Spreadsheets\SieveHydJ.xls

#### **WASH SIEVE ANALYSIS**





Client: Inventum Engineering Boring No.: Shelby Tube Client Reference: Riverview / 06 Depth (ft): 31.2-31.6

Project No.: 2020-626-001 Sample No.: MW-BCP-01-3032

Lab ID: 2020-626-001-002 Soil Color: Brown

Moisture Content (%):	35.7	Moisture Content (%):	0.0
Weight of Dry Soil (g):	591.24	Weight of Dry Soil (g):	NA
Weight of Water (g):	210.95	Weight of Water (g):	NA
Weight of Tare (g):	144.37	Weight of Tare (g):	NA
Wt. of Tare & Dry Sample (g):	735.61	Weight of Tare & Dry Sample (g):	NA
Wt. of Tare & Wet Sample (g):	946.56	Weight of Tare & Wet Sample (g):	NA
Tare No.:	1543	Tare No.:	NA
Moisture Content of Passing 3/4" Material		Moisture Content of Retained 3/4" Material	

Wet Weight of -3/4" Sample (g): NA Weight of the Dry Sample (g): 591.24 Dry Weight of - 3/4" Sample (g): 591.24 Weight of minus #200 Material (g): 581.67 Wet Weight of +3/4" Sample (g): Weight of plus #200 Material (g): 9.57 0.00 Dry Weight of +3/4" Sample (g): 0.00 Total Dry Weight of Sample (g): 591.24

Sieve	Sieve	Weight of Soil		Percent	Accumulated	Percent	Accumulated
Size	Opening	Retained		Retained	Percent	Finer	Percent
					Retained		Finer
	(mm)	(g)		(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
12"	300	0.00		0.00	0.00	100.00	100.00
6"	150	0.00		0.00	0.00	100.00	100.00
3"	75	0.00		0.00	0.00	100.00	100.00
2"	50	0.00 (	* )	0.00	0.00	100.00	100.00
1 1/2"	37.5	0.00		0.00	0.00	100.00	100.00
1"	25	0.00		0.00	0.00	100.00	100.00
3/4"	19	0.00		0.00	0.00	100.00	100.00
1/2"	12.5	0.00		0.00	0.00	100.00	100.00
3/8"	9.5	0.00		0.00	0.00	100.00	100.00
#4	4.75	0.28		0.05	0.05	99.95	99.95
#10	2	0.86		0.15	0.19	99.81	99.81
#20	0.85	1.38 ( '	** )	0.23	0.43	99.57	99.57
#40	0.425	1.41		0.24	0.66	99.34	99.34
#60	0.25	1.31		0.22	0.89	99.11	99.11
#140	0.106	1.02		0.17	1.06	98.94	98.94
#200	0.075	3.31		0.56	1.62	98.38	98.38
Pan	-	581.67		98.38	100.00	-	-

**Notes :** (\*) The + 3/4" sieve analysis is based on the Total Dry Weight of the Sample

( \*\* ) The - 3/4" sieve analysis is based on the Weight of the Dry Sample

Tested By JF Date 12/9/20 Checked By JLK Date 12/16/20

page 3 of 4

DCN: CT-S3TW DATE: 10/29/20 REVISION: 1

 $S: \textit{Excel} \ \ \textit{LExcel QA} \ \ \textit{Spreadsheets} \ \ \textit{SieveHydJ.xls}$ 

## **HYDROMETER ANALYSIS**



ASTM D 422-63 (2007), AASHTO T88

Client: Inventum Engineering Boring No.: Shelby Tube Client Reference: Riverview / 06 Depth (ft): 31.2-31.6

Project No.: 2020-626-001 Sample No.: MW-BCP-01-3032

Lab ID: 2020-626-001-002 Soil Color: Brown

Elapsed Time	R Measured	Temp.	Composite	R Corrected	N	K Factor	Diameter	N'
(min)	Measureu	(°C)	Correction	Corrected	(%)	Factor	(mm)	(%)
		•			•		<u> </u>	•
0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2	60.0	22.5	7.0	53.0	96.6	0.01305	0.0235	95.0
5	58.0	22.5	7.0	51.0	92.9	0.01305	0.0152	91.4
15	54.5	22.5	7.0	47.5	86.6	0.01305	0.0091	85.2
30	50.5	22.5	7.0	43.5	79.3	0.01305	0.0067	78.0
60	47.5	22.6	7.0	40.5	73.8	0.01303	0.0049	72.6
250	39.5	22.9	6.9	32.6	59.4	0.01299	0.0026	58.4
1440	32.5	22.2	7.1	25.4	46.3	0.01310	0.0011	45.5

Soil Specimen Data		Other Corrections	
Tare No.	700		
Wt. of Tare & Dry Material (g):	146.14	a - Factor	0.993
Weight of Tare (g):	86.69		
Weight of Deflocculant (g):	5.0	Percent Finer than # 200	98.38
Weight of Dry Material (g):	54.45		
,,		Specific Gravity	2.70 Assumed

**Note:** Hydrometer test is performed on - # 200 sieve material.

Tested By TO Date 12/14/20 Checked By JLK Date 12/16/20



#### ATTERBERG LIMITS

ASTM D 4318-17

Client: Inventum Engineering Boring No.: Shelby Tube
Client Reference: Riverview / 06 Depth (ft): 30.8-30.9

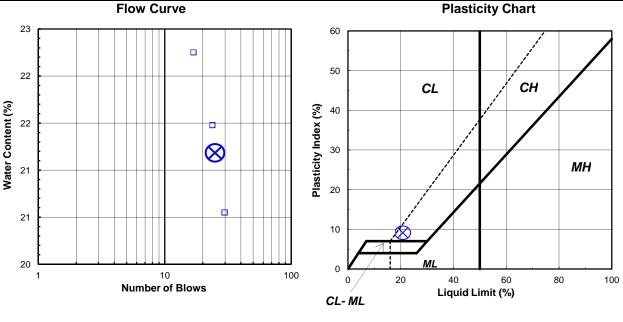
 Project No.:
 2020-626-001
 Sample No.:
 MW-BCP-01-3032

 Lab ID:
 2020-626-001-002
 Soil Description:
 BROWN LEAN CLAY

Note: The USCS symbol used with this test refers only to the minus No. 40 (Minus No. 40 sieve material, Air dried) sieve material. See the "Sieve and Hydrometer Analysis" graph page for the complete material description.

As Received Moisture		Liquid Limit Test				
ASTM D2216-19		1	2	3	M	
Tare Number:	897	229	294	346	U	
Wt. of Tare & Wet Sample (g):	263.38	38.55	44.44	42.17	L	
Wt. of Tare & Dry Sample (g):	233.38	35.08	40.65	38.23	T	
Weight of Tare (g):	109.26	18.19	23.00	20.52	I	
Weight of Water (g):	30.0	3.5	3.8	3.9	Р	
Weight of Dry Sample (g):	124.1	16.9	17.7	17.7	0	
Was As Received MC Preserved:	Yes				I	
Moisture Content (%):	24.2	20.5	21.5	22.2	N	
Number of Blows:		30	24	17	Т	

Plastic Limit Test	1	2	Range	Test Results	
Tare Number:	15	319		Liquid Limit (%):	21
Wt. of Tare & Wet Sample (g):	24.16	24.53			
Wt. of Tare & Dry Sample (g):	23.45	23.90		Plastic Limit (%):	12
Weight of Tare (g):	17.55	18.27			
Weight of Water (g):	0.7	0.6		Plasticity Index (%):	9
Weight of Dry Sample (g):	5.9	5.6			
, , , ,				USCS Symbol:	CL
Moisture Content (%):	12.0	11.2	0.8		
Note: The acceptable range of the	e two Moistu	re Conten	ts is ± 1.12		



Date

12/10/20

JP

Tested By

Checked By

JLK

12/11/20

Date

ASTM D 5084-16a



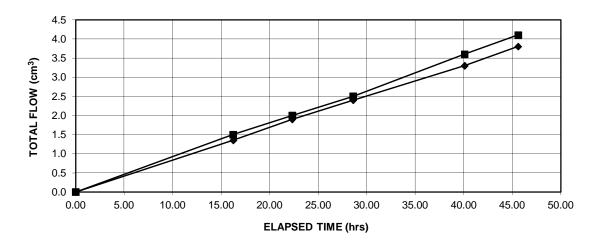
Client: Inventum Engineering Boring No.: Shelby Tube Client Project: Riverview / 06 Depth (ft): 30.9-31.2

Project No.: 2020-626-001 Sample No.: MW-BCP-01-3032

Lab ID No.: 2020-626-001-002 Avg. Conf. Pressure (psi): 6.25

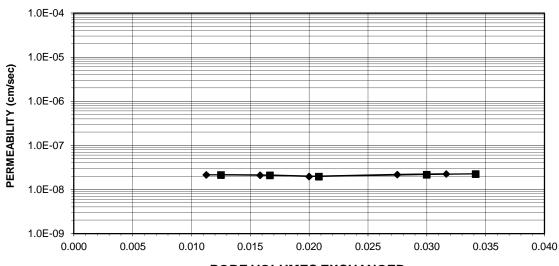
AVERAGE PERMEABILITY = 2.1E-08 cm/sec @ 20°C AVERAGE PERMEABILITY = 2.1E-10 m/sec @ 20°C

## TOTAL FLOW vs. ELAPSED TIME



→ INFLOW — OUTFLOW

## PORE VOLUMES EXCHANGED vs. PERMEABILITY



PORE VOLUMES EXCHANGED

Tested By: JAB Date: 12/7/20 Checked By: JLK Date: 12/11/20



ASTM D 5084-16a

Client: Inventum Engineering Boring No.: Shelby Tube
Client Project: Riverview / 06 Depth (ft): 30.9-31.2

Project No.: 2020-626-001 Sample No.: MW-BCP-01-3032

Lab ID No.: 2020-626-001-002 Avg. Conf. Pressure (psi): 6.25

Specific Gravity: 2.70 Assumed Sample Condition: Undisturbed

Visual Description: Brown Clay with a Trace of Rocks

Permeant Type: Deaired Water

MOISTURE CONTENT:	BEFORE TEST	AFTER TEST
Tare Number	897	544
Weight of Tare & Wet Sample (g)	263.38	656.62
Weight of Tare & Dry Sample (g)	233.38	518.48
Weight of Tare (g)	109.26	84.16
Weight of Water (g)	30.00	138.14
Weight of Dry Sample (g)	124.12	434.32
Moisture Content (%)	24.2	31.8

SPECIMEN:	BEFORE TEST	AFTER TEST
W: 1. (T. 1. 0.W. (O. 1. ( )	040.47	<b>N</b> 1.0
Weight of Tube & Wet Sample (g)	810.17	NA
Weight of Tube (g)	205.59	NA
Weight of Wet Sample (g)	604.58	641.76
Length 1 (in)	3.009	2.885
Length 2 (in)	2.977	2.890
Length 3 (in)	2.990	2.916
Top Diameter (in)	2.881	2.829
Middle Diameter (in)	2.879	2.833
Bottom Diameter (in)	2.888	2.854
Average Length (in)	2.99	2.90
Average Length (in)		
Average Area (in <sup>2</sup> )	6.53	6.33
Sample Volume (cm <sup>3</sup> )	319.99	300.45
Unit Wet Weight (g/cm <sup>3</sup> )	1.89	2.14
Unit Wet Weight (pcf)	117.9	133.3
Unit Dry Weight (pcf)	95.0	101.2
Unit Dry Weight (g/cm³)	1.52	1.62
Void Ratio, e	0.77	0.67
Porosity, n	0.44	0.40
Pore Volume (cm <sup>3</sup> )	139.7	120.1
Total Weight of Sample After Test (g)		572.90

Tested By:

JAB

Date:

Checked By:

JLK

12/11/20

Date:

12/7/20



ASTM D 5084-16a

Boring No.: Shelby Tube Client: Inventum Engineering Depth (ft): Client Project: Riverview / 06 30.9-31.2

Project No.: 2020-626-001 Sample No.: MW-BCP-01-3032

Lab ID No.: Avg. Conf. Pressure (psi): 6.25 2020-626-001-002

Pressure Heads (Co	onstant)	<u>Final</u> <u>Sample Dimer</u>	<u>isions</u>
Top Cap (psi)	67.5	Sample Length (cm), L	7.36
Bottom Cap (psi)	70.0	Sample Diameter (cm)	7.21
Cell (psi)	75.0	Sample Area (cm <sup>2</sup> ), A	40.83
Total Pressure Head (cm)	175.8	Inflow Burette Area (cm <sup>2</sup> ), a-in	0.918
Hydraulic Gradient	23.89	Outflow Burette Area (cm <sup>2</sup> ), a-out	0.907
•		B Parameter (%)	98

**AVERAGE PERMEABILITY =** 2.1E-08 cm/sec @ 20°C 2.1E-10 m/sec @ 20°C **AVERAGE PERMEABILITY =** 

DATE	TIN	ΛE	ELAPSED	TOTAL	TOTAL	TOTAL	FLOW	TEMP.	INCREMENTAL
			TIME	<b>INFLOW</b>	OUTFLOW	HEAD			PERMEABILITY
			t			h	(0 flow)		@ 20°C
(mm/dd/yy)	(hr)	(min)	(hr)	(cm <sup>3</sup> )	(cm <sup>3</sup> )	(cm)	(1 stop)	(°C)	(cm/sec)
12/8/20	15	10	0.000	0.0	0.0	201.9	0	21.8	NA
12/9/20	7	24	16.233	1.4	1.5	198.8	0	20.7	2.1E-08
12/9/20	13	29	22.317	1.9	2.0	197.6	0	21.4	2.1E-08
12/9/20	19	46	28.600	2.4	2.5	196.5	0	21.0	2.0E-08
12/10/20	7	15	40.083	3.3	3.6	194.3	0	21.0	2.2E-08
12/10/20	12	46	45.600	3.8	4.1	193.2	1	21.6	2.2E-08

Tested By: JAB Checked By: JLK 12/11/20 Date: 12/7/20 Date:

Appendix B - Boring and Monitoring Well Installation Logs



Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-01

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1055363.11 Surface Elevation: 606.26

Y Coordinate: 1087812.34 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
0-	XXXXXX	Ground Surface	606.26					
1 2		Fill; with coal fines, fine to medium gravel, organic fragments, and bricks, black, moist		3-4-7-8		SS	0	
3			603.26	6-4-5-9		ss	0	
1 =		Clay; low plasticiity, reddish brown, dry	602.26	0-4-3-3				
4 5 6	 	Silty Clay; low plasticity, trace organics (roots), reddish brown with grey mottling, dry	600.26	5-15-23-28		SS	0	
_		Silty Clay; low plasticity, trace fine gravel, reducing organics, some vertical spiral desiccation, reddish brown with grey mottling, dry	600.26 598.26	18-23-31-35		SS	0	
7 8 9	<u>x</u>	Silty Clay; low plasticity, trace fine gravel, reddish brown with grey mottling, dry		15-24-34-39		SS	0	
11 12	<del>*</del> - <del>*</del>		594.26	15-30-39-45		SS	0	
13	x 	Silty Clay; low plasticity increasing with depth, trace fine gravel, reddish brown with grey mottling, moist	592.26	22-22-29-33		SS	0	
14		Silty Clay, low plasticity, some horizontal micro bedding from 14.5' BGS to 14.75' BGS, reddish brown with grey mottling, moist	590.26	18-21-30-34		SS	0	
16 17 18		Clay; medium plasticity, trace gravel, reddish brown, moist		9-13-11-15		SS	0	
19 20	 		586.26	9-14-15-17		SS	0	

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

Drill Date: 10/20/2020 to 40' BGS, 40' BGS to 65.5' BGS completed on 06/29/2021

Checked by: JE Sheet: 1 of 4

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-01

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1055363.11 Surface Elevation: 606.26

Y Coordinate: 1087812.34 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
21	 	Clay; high plasticity, trace gravel, reddish brown, moist to wet at 21' BGS		4-7-9-14		SS	0	
22		Clay; high plasticity, trace fine gravel, reddish brown, moist	584.26	3-6-8-8		SS	0	
24		Clay; high plasticity (fat clay), reddish brown to grey, moist	582.26	2-3-4-5		SS	0	
26	 	Clay; high plasticity (fat clay) trace fine gravel (rounded), reddish brown to grey, moist	580.26	3-2-4-4		SS	0	
28 29	 		576.26	2-2-3-4		SS	0	
31 32	 	Collected Shelby Tube	0.0.20	No Sample		ss	0	
33				No Sample		SS	0	
35			570.26	No Sample		SS	0	
36		Clay; high plasticity, trace fine gravel (rounded), reddish brown to grey, moist		WR-WR-2-5		SS	0	
38			566.26	WR-WR-2-6		SS	0	

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

Drill Date: 10/20/2020 to 40' BGS, 40' BGS to 65.5' BGS completed on 06/29/2021

Checked by: JE Sheet: 2 of 4

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-01

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1055363.11 Surface Elevation: 606.26

Y Coordinate: 1087812.34 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50		Clay; (not logged)						
12								
42								
43	 							
44								
45								
46								
47	 							
48	 							
49								
50								
51	 		554.26					
53		Shale	552.76					
54		onaic						
55			550.76					
56		Shale; RQD=78.3%, grey						
57								
58								
59								
60								

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

Drill Date: 10/20/2020 to 40' BGS, 40' BGS to 65.5' BGS completed on 06/29/2021

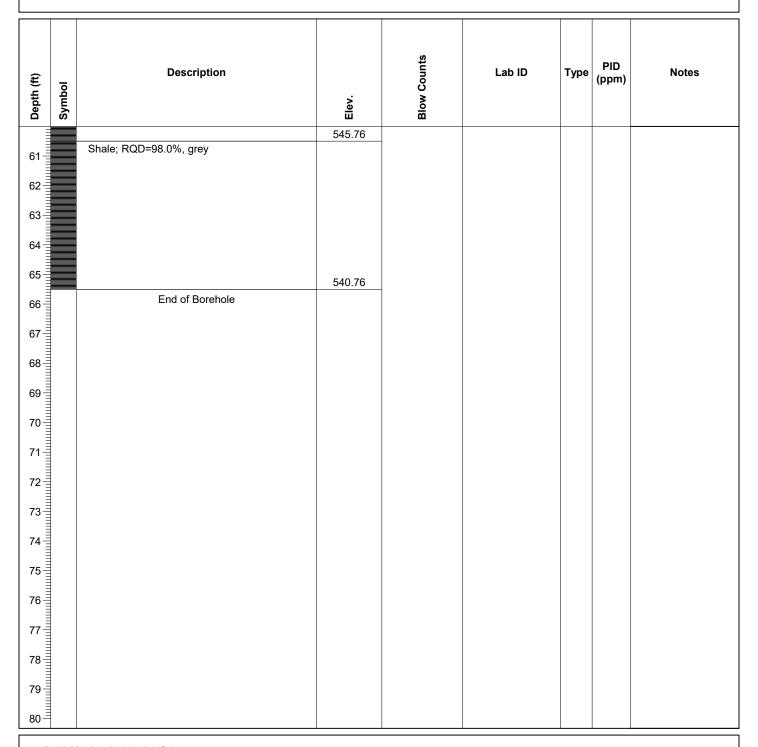
Checked by: JE Sheet: 3 of 4

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-01

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1055363.11 Surface Elevation: 606.26

Y Coordinate: 1087812.34 Engineer: TW



Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

Drill Date: 10/20/2020 to 40' BGS, 40' BGS to 65.5' BGS completed on 06/29/2021

Checked by: JE Sheet: 4 of 4

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-02

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1055471.63 Surface Elevation: 605.83

Y Coordinate: 1087466.57 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
0-	XXXXXX	Ground Surface	605.83					
1 2		Fill; sandy gravel, some silt, trace coal, cinder, and brick fragments, black, moist		13-14-17-8		SS	0	
3			601.83	10-10-12-13		SS	0	
4	XXXXXX	Fill; sandy clay, trace fine to coarse gravel and	001.00					
5	XXXXXX	brick, black, moist	600.83	11-9-5-6		SS	0	
6	<u>*-</u> -	Silty Clay; low to non-plastic, trace fine gravel, reddish brown with grey mottling, moist	599.83	11 0 0 0				
	<u> </u>	Sily Clay; low to non-plastic, reddish brown with grey mottling, moist	598.83					
7=	 	Silty Clay; low plasticity, trace fine gravel, reddish brown with grey mottling, moist		4-6-11-17		SS	0	
9	  x 		595.83	9-9-9-20		SS	0	
9 10 11 12 13	X - X - X - X	Silty Clay; medium plasticity, trace gravel, reddish brown with grey mottling, dry		12-19-21-24		SS	0	
13			591.83	9-34-33-38		SS	0	
14		Silty Clay; medium plasticity, trace fine gravel, reddish brown, dry	589.83	15-24-35-35		SS	0	
16	X	Collected Shelby Tube	503.03					
17		2		No Sample		SS	0	
			587.83					
19		Clay; medium plasticity, reddish brown trace grey mottling, moist	585.83	10-13-22-23		SS	0	
20-								

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date:** 11/18/2020

Checked by: JE Sheet: 1 of 2

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-02

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1055471.63 Surface Elevation: 605.83

Y Coordinate: 1087466.57 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
21	 	Clay; medium plasticity, trace very fine gravel, reddish brown, moist	502.02	10-13-17-21		SS	0	
22	 	Clay; medium plasticity, trace fine to coarse gravel, 2" gravel at 23' BGS, reddish brown, moist	583.83 581.83	8-10-10-12		SS	0	
24 25		Clay; medium plasticity, trace fine gravel (rounded), coarse sand (0.5") at 25' BGS, reddish brown, moist	579.83	4-7-9-9		SS	0	
27		End of Borehole						
28								
30								
32								
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 36 36 36								
36								
37 38 39								
40								

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date:** 11/18/2020

Checked by: JE Sheet: 2 of 2

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-03

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1055312.90 Surface Elevation: 602.10

Y Coordinate: 1087135.73 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
0-		Ground Surface	602.10					
1-	کچک	Topsoil Fill; trace rock fragments and fine to medium gravel, trace sand, brown, dry	600.10	11-13-13-20		SS	0	
2	N.	Topsoil Fill; trace rock fragments and fine gravel, trace medium sand, brown, moist	599.10	00.44.7.7				
3-		Clay; medium plasticity, some silt, trace organics (roots), reddish brown, moist	598.10	20-14-7-7		SS	0	
1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 7 8 8 5	 	Clay; medium plasticity, some silt, trace gravel, reddish brown, moist		16-13-20-27		SS	0	
7-			594.10	17-21-28-36		SS	0	
9	 	Clay; medium plasticity, some silt, trace fine gravel, reddish brown, moist drying with depth		17-23-30-34		SS	0	
11-	 			15-21-26-43		SS	0	
13			588.10	28-25-32-37		SS	0	
15		Clay; medium plasticity (increasing with depth), some silt, trace fine gravel, reddish brown, moist	586.10	9-14-16-24		SS	0	
16 - 17 - 18 -	==	Clay; medium to high plasticity, trace fine gravel, dark brown, moist (increasing with depth)		8-10-14-16		SS	0	
19				7-10-16-17		SS	0	

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

Drill Date: 10/27/2020 to 40' BGS, 40' BGS to 64.5' BGS completed on 07/07/2021

Checked by: JE Sheet: 1 of 4

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-03

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1055312.90 Surface Elevation: 602.10

Y Coordinate: 1087135.73 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
21		Clay; high plasticity, light brown and grey,	581.10	4-5-7-10		SS	0	
22		moist  Clay; high plasticity, greyish brown, moist to	580.10					
23		wet		4-5-7-7		SS	0	
24								
25 <del>-</del> 26 -			576.10	2-3-3-4		SS	0	
1 - 3	 	Clay; medium plasticity, trace fine gravel, light brown, moist to wet		1-2-3-3		SS	0	
28			574.10					
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 34		Clay; medium plasticity, very soft at 28' BGS, trace fine gravel, light brown, moist to wet		WH-WH-2-2		SS	0	
30		Clay; medium plasticity, very soft, light	572.10					
31		brown, moist to wet		1-1-3-4		SS	0	
32				4.4.2.2		00		
34				1-1-2-3		SS	0	
35				WH-WH-2-2		SS	0	
36		0% Recovery	566.10					
37		•		13-33-21-28		SS	0	
38	X	Silty Clay; low plasticity, with sand and fine to	564.10					
39	X	coarse rounded gravel, wet		12-13-18-22		SS	0	
40	X		562.10					

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

Drill Date: 10/27/2020 to 40' BGS, 40' BGS to 64.5' BGS completed on 07/07/2021

Checked by: JE Sheet: 2 of 4

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-03

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1055312.90 Surface Elevation: 602.10

Y Coordinate: 1087135.73 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
	<del>x</del> - <del>x</del>	Silty Clay; not logged						
41	Х							
42	<u>x</u> - x							
41 42 43	x							
44	x							
45	<u>x</u> - <u>x</u>							
46								
47	<u>_x</u> _x							
48	x							
44 45 46 47 48 49 50	x							
49	<u>x</u> - <u>x</u>							
50	×							
51	-x							
52	X		549.60					
53		Shale						
54			547.60					
55		Shale; RQD=46.9%, grey						
56								
57			544.92					
58		Shale; RQD=67.2%						
59								
1 3								
60 =								

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

Drill Date: 10/27/2020 to 40' BGS, 40' BGS to 64.5' BGS completed on 07/07/2021

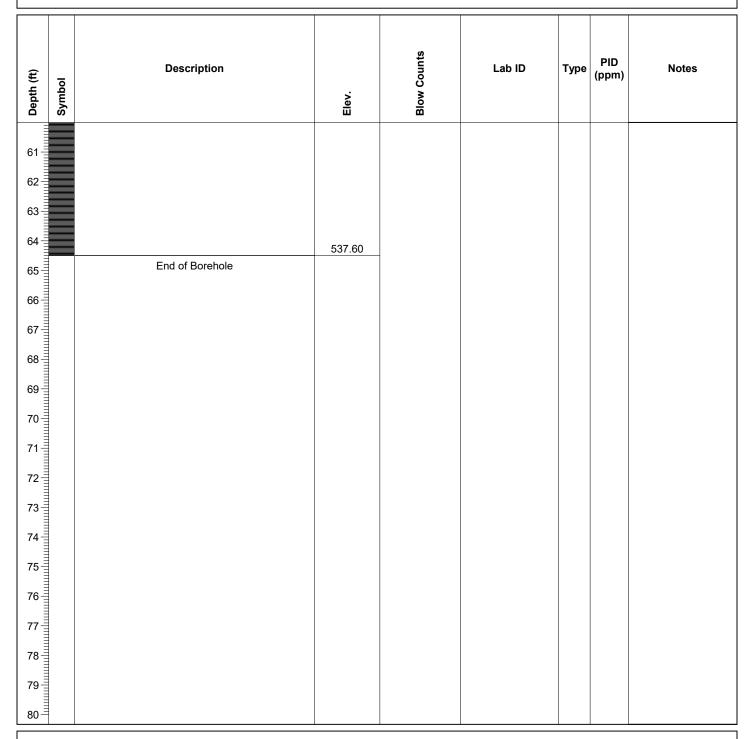
Checked by: JE Sheet: 3 of 4

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-03

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1055312.90 Surface Elevation: 602.10

Y Coordinate: 1087135.73 Engineer: TW



Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

Drill Date: 10/27/2020 to 40' BGS, 40' BGS to 64.5' BGS completed on 07/07/2021

Checked by: JE Sheet: 4 of 4

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-04

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1055565.75 Surface Elevation: 605.34

Y Coordinate: 1087328.19 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
0-		Ground Surface	605.34					
1-		Fill, Sandy Clay; trace gravel, brick, slag, and coke fragments, black, moist	603.34	7-8-12-9		SS	0	
3-		Fill, Sandy Clay; trace large brick fragments and gravel, black, wet	601.34	12-11-4-3		SS	0	
4-		Fill, Silty Clay; trace gravel and roots, grey,	001101					
5-	XXXXXX	moist	600.34	6-3-3-6		SS	0	
	<u> </u>	Silty Clay; medium plasticity, grey with reddish brown mottling, moist	599.34					
6 <del>-</del> 7-	<u>x</u> _ <u>x</u>	Silty Clay; medium plasticity, trace gravel, reddish brown with grey mottling, dry		8-15-31-32		SS	0	
6- 7- 8- 9-			595.34	19-19-19-28		SS	0	
		Silty Clay; medium plasticity, trace fine gravel, reddish brown, dry		12-22-38-33		SS	0	
11- 12- 13-	x x		591.34	12-28-24-15		SS	0	
15- 16-	<u>x</u> - <u>x</u>	Silty Clay; medium plasticity, trace fine gravel, reddish brown, moist		15-21-23-36		SS	0	
17-			587.34	10-14-16-17		SS	0	
18- 19- 20-	X	Silty Clay; medium to high plasticity, trace fine gravel, reddish brown, moist		5-9-11-15		SS	0	

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date:** 11/16/2020

Checked by: JE Sheet: 1 of 2

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-04

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1055565.75 Surface Elevation: 605.34

Y Coordinate: 1087328.19 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
21	 		583.34	6-7-11-14		SS	0	
21 22 23	× - ×	Silty Clay; medium to high plasticity, trace fine gravel, reddish brown, transition to stiff, moist	581.34	2-4-6-6		SS	0	
24 25	 	Clay; high plasticity, trace fine gravel, reddish brown, moist	579.34	4-6-11-7		SS	0	
26		End of Borehole	379.54					
28								
30 = 31 = 31 = 31 = 31								
32 33								
26-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1								
36								
37 38 39 39								
39 40								

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date:** 11/16/2020

Checked by: JE Sheet: 2 of 2

Project No: Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-05
Project: RITC

-

X Coordinate: 1055944.33 Surface Elevation: 604.74

Y Coordinate: 1087591.09 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
0-		Ground Surface	604.74					
1 2		Fill; coal, coke, and gravel, trace crystalized tar (small granular), black, dry	602.24	11-12-31-17		SS	4.0	
3		Fill; coal, coke, trace fine to medium slag, trace tar, black, wet	002.24	10-7-5-5		SS	49.1	
4 =	XXXXX		600.24					
5=		Clay; medium plasticity,black, moist	599.74	2-4-6-9		SS	9.7	
6	<u>*</u>	Silty Clay; low plasticity, some black nodules to 5.5' BGS, reddish brown with grey mottling, dry	598.74	2 4 0 0			4.0	
7	x	Silty Clay; low plasticity, some black nodules at 6' BGS, reddish brown, dry	596.74	10-22-21-24		SS	0	
9	<u>x</u> - <u>x</u>	Silty Clay; low plasticity,vertical cracking at 9.5' to 10' BGS, reddish brown, dry	594.74	17-22-28-29		SS	0	
10 11 12	<u>x</u> - <u>x</u>	Silty Clay; low plasticity, little fine to coarse gravel, reddish brown, dry		16-15-28-29		SS	0	
13	<u>x</u> _ x			17-15-20-20		SS	0	
13 14 15	-		588.74	11-13-18-23		SS	0	
17		No Sample; Shelby Tube collected	586.74	No Sample		SS	0	
19 20		Clay; low to medium plasticity (incresing with depth), little fine gravel, reddish brown, dry		7-12-13-16		SS	0	

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date:** 11/12/2020

Checked by: JE Sheet: 1 of 4

Project No: Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-05

Project: RITC

X Coordinate: 1055944.33 Surface Elevation: 604.74

Y Coordinate: 1087591.09 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
21	 		582.74	7-6-11-12		SS	0	
23		Clay; high plasticity, trace fine to coarse gravel, reddish brown, moist (increasing moisture with depth)		4-6-7-10		SS	0	
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	 			5-7-7-8		SS	0	
27	 			2-2-4-5		SS	0	
29	 			1-4-4-4		SS	0	
30 31	 			1-4-4-5		SS	0	
32 33 34	 		570.74	WH-1-2-4		SS	0	
35		Clay; high plasticity, trace fine grain gravel, reddish brown, moist to very moist		1-1-3-4		SS	0	
36	 			1-1-2-3		SS	0	
37 38 39 40	 			WH-WH-2-4		SS	0	

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date:** 11/12/2020

Project No: Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-05

Project: RITC

X Coordinate: 1055944.33 Surface Elevation: 604.74

Y Coordinate: 1087591.09 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
41			562.74	WH-1-2-3		SS	0	
42		Clay; high plasticity, fine to grain shale fragment gravel, reddish brown, moist		WR-WR-WR		SS	0	
44 45	 			WH-WH-1-5		SS	0	
46 47 48				1-1-13-15		SS	0	
49				19-48-50 3		SS	0	
50		Gravelly Clay; low plasticity, shale and gypsum	553.24 552.74	15-21-31-39		SS	0	
52		gravel, reddish brown moist  Coarse gravel; with clay, shale and gypsum gravel, reddish brown, moist to wet	550.74	50 4		SS	0	
55		Auger refusal, 50/1 at 54' BGS  Shale; TR=95%, SCR=95%, RQD=75%, gypsum pockets prevalent from 54.1' to 55.5 BGS, Shale is thinly bedded, grey						
56 57		Shale; TR=83%, SCR=58%, RQD=42%, thinly laminated shale  Shale; thinly laminated, gypsum pockets, TR=	548.64 547.64					
58 59 60		95%, SCR=90%, RQD=53%						

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date:** 11/12/2020

Project No: Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-05

Project: RITC

X Coordinate: 1055944.33 Surface Elevation: 604.74

Y Coordinate: 1087591.09 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
61 62 63 64 65 66		Shale; thinly laminated, gypsum pockets, TR= 95%, SCR=90%, RQD=13% (lost water at 62' to 63' BGS)  End of Borehole	543.64 538.64					
66 67 68 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78		Life of Boreline						

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date:** 11/12/2020

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-06

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1056387.88 Surface Elevation: 604.98

Y Coordinate: 1087827.11 Engineer: TW

PID (ppm)	Туре	Lab ID	Blow Counts	Elev.	Description	Symbol	Depth (ft)
				604.98	Ground Surface		0-
0.7	SS		2-5-10-12		Fill; some gravel, slag, coal / coke fragments, black, wet		1-
2.9	SS		33-22-5-6	601.48	Clay; high plasticity, grey, moist		3-
				600.48	Clay, High placticity, grey, Holot		4-
0	SS		6-7-15-21		Silty Clay; low plasticity, trace fine gravel, reddish brown, dry	<u>x</u> _ <u>x</u>	5-
0	SS		8-9-17-20			<u>x</u> _ x	6- 7- 8- 9-
0	SS		15-23-29-45	594.98		<u>×</u>	
0	SS		17-27-37-38	592.98	reddish brown, dry fine to coarse gravel lens from 10' to 10.25' BGS.	 	11-
0	ss		11-25-28-33		Silty Clay; low plasticity, trace fine gravel, reddish brown, dry 10-percent recovery from 14' to 16' BGS	X	13-
0	SS		37-34-32-35	588.98		<u>x</u> _ x	15-
0	SS		12-14-10-22	586.98	Clay; medium plasticity, little silt, trace fine to coarse gravel, reddish brown, moist		17-
0	SS		10-11-12-14	584.98	Clay; medium increase to high plasticity, trace silt, trace gravel, reddish brown, moist		19-
0 0	ss ss ss		11-25-28-33 37-34-32-35 12-14-10-22	592.98 588.98 586.98	fine to coarse gravel lens from 10' to 10.25' BGS. observed vertical cracking at 11.5' BGS  Silty Clay; low plasticity, trace fine gravel, reddish brown, dry 10-percent recovery from 14' to 16' BGS  Clay; medium plasticity, little silt, trace fine to coarse gravel, reddish brown, moist  Clay; medium increase to high plasticity, trace	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	12- 13- 14- 15- 16- 17-

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date:** 11/11/2020

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-06

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1056387.88 Surface Elevation: 604.98

Y Coordinate: 1087827.11 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
21	 	Clay; Medium to high plasticity, reddish brown to grey, moist	500.00	6-6-6-7		SS	0	
22		Clay; high plasticity, reddish brown to grey, moist	582.98	6-5-6-6		SS	0	
24 25			578.98	4-3-4-5		SS	0	
26 - 27 - 28 - 28 - 28 - 28 - 28 - 28 - 28		Clay; high plasticity, trace fine gravel, reddish brown to grey, moist	576.98	2-2-3-4		SS	0	
29		Clay, high plasticity, reddish brown to grey, wet 25-percent recovery due large gravel in spoon	574.98	2-2-4-3		SS	0	
30		Clay, high plasticity, reddish brown to grey, wet Augered to 41' BGS to install the well, no samples collected beyond 36' BGS		WH-3-3-3		SS	0	
32	 			WH-2-2-5		SS	0	
34 35 36	 			WR-WR-WH-2		SS	0	
36	 							
37 38 39 40	 							

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date:** 11/11/2020

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-06

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1056387.88 Surface Elevation: 604.98

Y Coordinate: 1087827.11 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
			563.98					
41 =		End of Borehole						
42								
43								
44								
45								
46								
47								
48								
49								
50								
51								
52								
53								
54								
55								
56								
57								
41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 55 56 56 57 56 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60								
59								
60								

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date:** 11/11/2020

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-07

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1055937.53 Surface Elevation: 604.96

Y Coordinate: 1087339.63 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
0-	XXXXXX	Ground Surface	604.96					
1-		Fill; coal and coke fines, trace slag, trace clay, black, moist		4-5-9-6		SS	0	
2	XXXX		602.46					
3		Silty Clay; low plasticity, trace gravel, reddish brown, dry	600.96	3-6-7-8		SS	0	
5	<u>*</u> -*	Silty Clay; low plasticity, trace gravel, reddish brown with grey mottling, dry	598.96	4-7-12-14		SS	0	
7	× - × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	Silty Clay; low plasticity,reddish brown with grey mottling, dry vertical cracking from 7'-8' BGS	390.90	8-12-22-26		SS	0	
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 13 14 14 1	 		594.96	9-19-23-29		SS	0	
11	 	Silty Clay; low plasticity, trace fine gravel, reddish brown with grey mottling, dry		9-17-23-25		SS	0	
13	 		590.96	13-14-26-25		SS	0	
15		Clay; low plasticity (increasing with depth), some silt, reddish brown, little vertical cracking, dry		8-14-17-18		SS	0	
	-			8-8-10-12		SS	0	
19				4-4-8-12		SS	0	
20								

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date:** 11/10/2020

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-07

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1055937.53 Surface Elevation: 604.96

Y Coordinate: 1087339.63 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
21				4-6-7-3		SS	0	
22		Clay modium to high planticity troop fine to	582.96					
23 24 25	 	Clay; medium to high plasticity, trace fine to coarse gravel, brown to grey, dry		4-5-5-7		SS	0	
25	 		578.96	4-5-5-6		SS	0	
26		Clay; high plasticity, brown, moist	576.96	2-2-3-4		SS	0	
28 29 30 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31	 	Clay; high plasticity, little fine to coarse gravel, brown, moist to increasing to wet		2-3-3-4		SS	0	
31	 			WH-WH-2-3		SS	0	
32 33 34 35 36 37	 			1-1-2-5		SS	0	
			569.96					
35	/?/// //////	Gravelly Clay; low plasticity, with fine to coarse gravel, little sand, trace silt, brown, moist		1-2-10-12		SS	0	
37	#/			12-13-15-20		SS	0	
38 39 40 41	(A) (¢ (√¢ (a) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b			12-16-8-19		SS	0	
41	////*///		563.96					

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date:** 11/10/2020

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-08

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1055989.35 Surface Elevation: 607.92

Y Coordinate: 1087260.01 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
0-		Ground Surface	607.92					
1 2 2		Fill; coal and coke fines, trace wood fragments, trace fine to medium size slag, black, dry	605.92	4-7-6-5		SS	0	
3		Fill; coal and coke fines, some medium size slag,trace wood fragments, black, moist at 3.5' BGS	603.92	9-5-8-13		SS	0	
5		Fill; coal and coke fines, trace medium size slag, trace crystilzed tar fragments, black, moist	602.12	11-12-8-5		SS	0	
6		Clay; low plasticity, reddish brown, moist	600.92	2.0.5.0		00	0	
7		Clay; low to medium plasticity, some silt, trace coal and coke fines at 7' to 7.2' BGS, brown, moist	599.92	3-2-5-6		SS	U	
9		Clay; low plasticity, trace gravel, reddish brown with grey mottling, dry	597.92	5-12-20-27		SS	0	
10	<u>x</u> _ x	Silty Clay; low plasticity, trace fine to medium gravel, vertical desiccation cracks filled with fine to coarse gravel from 10' to 10.5' BGS, reddish brown, moist	595.92	11-17-24-31		SS	0	
13	<u>x</u> _ <u>x</u>	Silty Clay; low plasticity and increasing with depth, trace fine to coarse gravel, reddish brown, moist		20-22-30-40		SS	0	
14 15 16	<u>x</u> _ x		591.92	19-25-30-40		SS	0	
17		Clay; low to medium plasticity, little silt, trace fine to coarse gravel, reddish brown, dry		10-14-17-24		SS	0	
19			587.92	9-13-20-23		SS	0	

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date:** 11/10/2020

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-08

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1055989.35 Surface Elevation: 607.92

Y Coordinate: 1087260.01 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
21	 	Clay, medium plasticity, little silt, trace fine to coarse gravel, reddish brown, dry		9-13-16-20		SS	0	
22			585.92					
23								
24								
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 36 36								
26		End of Borehole						
27								
28								
29								
30								
31								
32								
33								
34								
35								
30								
3/								
30								
37 38 39								

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date:** 11/10/2020

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-09

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1056065.09 Surface Elevation: 606.98

Y Coordinate: 1087433.94 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
0-		Ground Surface	606.98					
1 1 2		Fill; sandy gravel, trace coke fragments, trace concrete, black, moist	604.98	10-22-27-14		SS	0	
3		No Recovery; gravel and coke in shoe	602.98	7-9-11-15		SS	0	
5	<u>x</u> – <u>x</u>	Silty Clay; low plasticity, trace fine gravel, grey and brown, moist  Silty Clay; medium plasticity, reddish brown with grey mottling, moist (low recovery at 4.5' to	602.48	8-9-10-12		SS	0	
6- 7- 8-	 x	6' BGS)	598.98	10-11-12-17		SS	0	
9		Silty Clay; medium plasticity, trace fine gravel, reddish brown with grey mottling (mottling stop at 8' to 8.5' BGS), dry	596.98	12-19-24-30		SS	0	
11 11 12	x	Silty Clay; medium plasticity, trace fine gravel, reddish brown, dry (no recovery from 14'-16' BGS, coarse gravel in spoon)		15-21-22-25		SS	0	
11 12 13 14 15	<u>x</u> _ <u>x</u>			11-26-23-30		SS	0	
15	<u>x</u> - x			15-30-50 3		SS	0	
17	x x xx		588.98	14-16-23-24		SS	0	
19	x	Silty Clay; medium plasticity, trace fine gravel, reddish brown, moist (low recovery, pushed two spoons for sample)	586.98	16-18-25-26		SS	0	

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date:** 11/20/2020

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-09

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1056065.09 Surface Elevation: 606.98

Y Coordinate: 1087433.94 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	End of Borehole						

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date:** 11/20/2020

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-10

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1056147.12 Surface Elevation: 605.86

Y Coordinate: 1087586.59 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
0-		Ground Surface	605.86					
1 2		Asphalt  Fill; coal and coke fines, trace slag, trace fine to medium grain sand, trace crystallized tar, black, moist (visable green sheen oil/NAPL in spoon at		3-9-12-26		SS	10	
3	XXXXXX	1.75-3' BGS)	602.86	20.40.5.5			45	
4		Clay; high plasticity, black, moist (visible NAPL in clay from 3'-3.5'BGS)	601.86	20-10-5-5		SS	45	
5	 	Clay; high plasticity, dark brown to reddish brown, dry ( no visible NAPL)	599.86	12-5-16-9		SS	10.8	
7	X - x	Silty Clay; low to medium plasticity, reddish brown, dry	597.86	11-12-14-18		SS	9.5	
9 10 11 12	 	Silty Clay; low plasticity, little fine gravel to trace fine gravel, brown, dry		24-36-37-39		SS	0	
11	<u>x</u> _ <u>x</u>			16-22-27-34		SS	0	
13	<u>x</u> - x		591.86	14-27-37-28		SS	0	
15		Clay; low plasticity (increasing plasticity), with silt, little fine gravel, reddish brown, dry (10-percent recovery from 16' to 18' BGS, gravel in shoe)		15-29-35-16		SS	0	
16				24-27-22-29		SS	0	
17 18 19	 		585.86	6-10-15-20		SS	0	

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date:** 11/23/2020

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-10

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1056147.12 Surface Elevation: 605.86

Y Coordinate: 1087586.59 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
21		Clay; low to medium plasticity, trace fine gravel,reddish brown,dry		12-15-16-20		SS	0	
21 22 23			581.86	6-6-8-9		SS	0	
25	 	Clay, medium to high plasticity, trace fine gravel, reddish brown to grey, moist		5-5-5-6		SS	0	
24 25 26 27 27	 		577.86	1-1-3-4		SS	0	
29		Clay, medium to high plasticity, with fine gravel at 29.5' to 30' BGS, reddish brown to grey, moist	575.86	1-8-1-4		SS	0	
30		Clay, high plasticity, reddish brown, moist	573.86	1-2-4-7		SS	0	
32 33 34 35	 	Clay, high plasticity, trace gravel, reddish brown, moist		2-4-4-6		SS	0	
1 =		Clay; high plasticity, little fine sand, trace fine to	570.36 569.86	1-5-12-4		SS	0	
37		coarse gravel, brown, moist  Gravelly Clay; medium to high plasticity, with fine sand, dark grey, moist increasing to wet with depth		15-16-17-18		SS	0	
38 39 40			565.86	13-14-17-12		SS	0	

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date:** 11/23/2020

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-11

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1056465.61 Surface Elevation: 609.34

Y Coordinate: 1087297.56 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
0-		Ground Surface	609.34					
1 2		Fill; coal and coke fines, black, moist	607.34	11-13-22-23		SS	0	
3		Fill; coal and coke fines, slight volatile odor, black, moist	605.34	10-9-7-6		SS	0.1	
5		Fill; coal and coke fines, black, moist (no observed odor)  Clay; fill, high plasticity, dark grey, wet	604.84	4-4-4-22		SS	0	
6 7 8		Fill; coal and coke fines, trace slag, trace fine to coarse gravel, dark grey, wet	603.14	4-3-3-4		SS	0	
9	- X I	Silty Clay; low plasticity,reddish brown with grey mottling, dry	599.34	3-3-6-11		SS	0	
11	  x	Silty Clay; low plasticity, little medium gravel, reddish brown with grey mottling, dry		5-13-19-25		SS	0	
11 12 13	<u>x</u> - <u>x</u>		595.34	11-15-17-29		SS	0	
15	 	Clay; low to medium plasticity (increasing with depth), trace fine to coarse gravel, reddish brown, dry		15-16-23-33		SS	0	
17				16-19-23-24		SS	0	
17 18 19	 			9-13-15-20		SS	0	

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date: 11/9/2020** 

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-11

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1056465.61 Surface Elevation: 609.34

Y Coordinate: 1087297.56 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Type	PID (ppm)	Notes
21	 		587.34	8-9-13-16		SS	0	
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40		Clay; medium to high plasticity, trace fine to coarse gravel, reddish brown, dry	585.34	7-12-11-13		SS	0	
24 25								
26		End of Borehole						
28								
30								
32								
34 35								
36								
38								
40								

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date: 11/9/2020** 

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-12

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1087473.41 Surface Elevation: 605.73

Y Coordinate: 1056777.34 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Type	PID (ppm)	Notes
0-		Ground Surface	605.73					
1		Fill; coke, with gravel, some sand and silt, trace concrete, trace bricks, black, moist (yellow sand mixed in at 1.5' to 2.0' BGS)	603.73	5-10-12-16		SS	0	
3-		Fill; sandy gravel, some clay, trace concrete fragments, trace cinders, trace yellow sand, black, moist	601.73	21-14-10-5		SS	0	
4	******	Fill; sandy gravel, black, moist	001.73					
5	XXXXX		600.73	4-5-7-14		SS	0	
	<u> </u>	Silty Clay; medium plasticity, trace fine grain gravel, reddish brown, dry	599.73	4-5-7-14		- 33		
`		Not logged due to setting shallow casing	598.73					
7-	<u> </u>	Silty Clay; medium plasticity, trace fine gravel, reddish brown, dry	390.73				0	
8	X			19-20		SS		
9	<u>_x</u> _x			12-28-32-34		SS	0	
7 - 8 - 8 - 9 - 10 - 11 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12	x			11-21-22-30		SS	0	
13	x			9-16-25-31		SS	0	
15			589.73	8-11-16-19		SS	0	
	 	Clay; medium to high plasticity, trace fine gravel, reddish brown, moist		5-8-10-15		SS	0	
19	   			4-6-10-12		SS	0	

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date:** 11/16/2020

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-12

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1087473.41 Surface Elevation: 605.73

Y Coordinate: 1056777.34 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
21	 		F02 72	8-8-9-12		SS	0	
22	 	Clay; medium to high plasticity, trace fine to coarse rounded gravel, moist	583.73 581.73	5-7-8-9		SS	0	
24	 	Clay; medium to high plasticity, trace fine grain gravel, reddish brown to grey, heavy mottling, moist	579.73	3-4-4-5		SS	0	
26		End of Borehole	0.0.10					
28								
30								
32								
34 35								
36								
37 38 39								
39 40								

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date:** 11/16/2020

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-13

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1057386.82 Surface Elevation: 608.90

Y Coordinate: 1087140.56 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
0-		Ground Surface	608.90					
1 2 2	, , , ,	Fill; sandy gravel, some coke fines and fragments, black, moist		2-13-12-19		SS	0	
3-	, ,		605.90	21-11-9-7		SS	0	
4	, , , ,	Fill; sandy gravel, some coke fines and fragments, trace slag, black moist		21-11-0-7		00	0.2	
5	, , , ,		603.40	6-9-7-8		SS	0.1	
6	Ŷ . · · · ·	Fill; sandy gravel, tar in loose material, some coke fines and fragments, trace slag, black,	602.90				77.2	
7	XXXXX	moist  Fill; sandy gravel, tar in loose material, some coke fines and fragments, trace slag, black,	601.90 601.40	2-3-4-4		SS	60.1	
8		\wet	600.90				122.5 14.0	
9		Fill; some gravel and coke fines, little sand, trace wood debris, tar mixed with wood debris, black, wet (sheen on spoon)		2-10-15-26		SS	9.6	
11	<u>x</u> _ x	Fill; silty clay, medium plasticity, trace gravel, brownish grey, moist  Silty Clay; low plasticity, trace fine gravel, reddish brown with grey mottling, tar within grey mottling, dry (tar reducing with depth)		9-13-16-28		SS	8.6	
11 12 13	<u>x</u> _x			14-21-27-30		SS	10.1	
15	x			22-26-28-32		SS	15.7	
16			592.40				0.9	
17		Clay; medium plasticity, trace gravel, reddish brown, dry		14-19-26-28		SS		
19 20				13-18-19-20		SS	0	
_ <u>_</u>						<u> </u>	<u> </u>	

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date:** 11/6/2020

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-13

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1057386.82 Surface Elevation: 608.90

Y Coordinate: 1087140.56 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
21	 		500.00	6-10-12-15		SS	0.8	
22 = 23 = 23 = 23 = 23 = 23 = 23 = 23 =		Clay; high plasticity, trace fine gravel, reddish brown, dry	586.90	4-5-8-14		SS	0.3	
24 25		Clay; high plasticity, trace fine gravel, reddish brown, moist	584.90	4-6-12-14		SS	1.4	
26		Clay; high plasticity, little silt, reddish brown, wet	582.90	2-4-6-7		SS	0	
27 - 28 - 29 - 30 - 31 - 32 - 33 - 34 - 35 - 36 - 36 - 36 - 36 - 36 - 36 - 36	 	Clay; medium plasticity, little silt, trace fine gravel, greyish brown, wet	580.90 578.90	2-4-6-6		SS	0	
30		End of Borehole	370.90					
32								
34								
36								
37 38 39 39								
39 40								

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date:** 11/6/2020

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-15

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1055307.91 Surface Elevation: 601.60

Y Coordinate: 1086750.28 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
		Ground Surface	601.60					
0-	XXXXXX	Topsoil; some debris, brown, moist						
0- 1- 2- 3-		Fill, some fine gravel, debris, some slag at 1' to 1.2' BGS, brown, moist	599.60	3-7-12-11		SS	0	
2		Low Recovery: clay in shoe, reddish brown						
3-			597.60	13-16-14-12		SS	0	
4-	X	Silty Clay; low plasticity, some fine gravel, trace	397.00				-	
5-	x	roots,reddish brown, dry		10-10-14-16		SS	0	
	x - x - x - x - x - x - x - x - x - x -		593.60	16-18-21-25		SS	0	
8- 9- 10- 11-		Silty Clay; low plasticity, some fine gravel, reddish brown, dry		11-15-18-23		SS	0	
			589.60	12-14-21-25		SS	0	
12- 13-	X	Silty Clay; low plasticity increasing with depth, trace fine gravel, reddish brown, dry	587.60	11-16-17-20		SS	0	
14- 15- 16-	^ <u></u>	No spilt spoon collected. Pushed Shelby Tube and the tube bent, sample not collected.		Shelby Tube	Tube Bent	SS	0	
16-	<u> </u>		585.60				]	
17- 18-		No spilt spoon collected. Pushed Shelby Tube and the tube bent, sample not collected.	583.60	Shelby Tube	Tube Bent	SS	0	
18-	X	Silty Clay, low plasticity, trace fine gravel,	583.10				1	
19-		reddish brown, dry  Clay; medium plasticity, some silt, trace fine rounded gravel, reddish brown, moist	581.60	5-11-15-16		SS	0	
20-			001.00					

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date:** 10/30/2020

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-15

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1055307.91 Surface Elevation: 601.60

Y Coordinate: 1086750.28 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Type	PID (ppm)	Notes
21		Clay; medium to high plasticity, little silt, trace fine to coarse rounded gravel, reddish brown, moist	579.60	4-9-13-16		SS	0	
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 33	 	Clay; high plasticity, trace fine gravel, trace orgainics at 23.5' BGS, reddish brown to grey, moist	577.60	15-16-9-14		SS	0	
25	 	Clay; high plasticity, trace fine gravel, reddish brown to grey, moist (wet at 31' BGS)		9-11-12-15		SS	0	
27	 			11-7-7-8		SS	0	
29	 			3-4-4-4		SS	0	
31	 		569.60	2-2-3-4		SS	0	
33		Clay; high plasticity, reddish brown, very moist to wet		WR-WR-1-1		SS	0	
35	 			WH-WH-2-3		SS	0	
36	 		563.60	WR-WH-2-3		SS	0	
37 38 39 40								

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date:** 10/30/2020

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-16

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1055451.81 Surface Elevation: 597.42

Y Coordinate: 1086196.06 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
0-		Ground Surface	597.42					
"		Asphalt, gravel base	596.92					
1 2		Fill; sandy gravel, some silt, dark grey to black,dry	595.42	16-17-23		SS	0	
3		Fill, sandy gravel, some silt, dark grey to black, dry (low recovery from 2' to 4' BGS due to gravel)		21-12-17-13		SS	0	
4	4,0° ,4.		592.92					
5	<u> </u>	Silty Clay; low plasticity, trace fine rounded gravel, reddish brown with some grey mottling, dry		17-18-26-21		SS	0	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 110 111 12 12 11 12 11 12 11 12 11 12 11 12 11 12 11 12 11 12 11 12 11 12 11 12 11 12 11 12 11 12 11 12 11 11	<u>x</u> _ <u>x</u>			12-19-18-22		SS	0	
9	-		587.42	12-18-22-25		SS	0	
11		No recovery due to gravel in spoon at 10' and 12' BGS interval. Re-pushed spoon at 12" BGS.	585.42	21-25-27-38		SS	0	
13	 	Clay; medium plasticity, trace fine rounded gravel, reddish brown, moist		19-18-26-31		SS	0	
15			581.42	11-14-14-17		SS	0	
16 17 18		Clay; medium plasticity, trace fine gravel, reddish brown, moist		7-8-10-15		SS	0	
19			577.42	5-12-10-15		SS	0	

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date:** 11/3/2020

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-16

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1055451.81 Surface Elevation: 597.42

Y Coordinate: 1086196.06 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
		Clay; medium plasticity, reddish brown, moist						
21				4-7-8-9		SS	0	
22			575.42					
21 22 23		Clay; high plasticity, reddish brown with grey mottling, moist		4-5-7-6		SS	0	
24		Class and disease to bimb adoptinity, and disk bases as	573.42					
25		Clay; medium to high plasticity, reddish brown, moist		2-4-6-6		SS	0	
26			571.42				-	
27		Clay; high plasticity, reddish brown with grey mottling, moist		1-3-4-5		SS	0	
28			569.42					
29		Clay; medium plasticity, reddish brown with grey mottling, moist		WR-1-2-4		SS	0	
30		Clay; medium to high plasticity, trace fine	567.42					
31		gravel, reddish brown trace grey mottling, moist	565.42	WH-2-2-3		SS	0	
32		Clay; high plasticity, trace fine gravel, reddish	303.42					
32 33		brown with grey mottling, moist to wet	563.42	WR-WR-WH-4		SS	0	
34		Clay; high plasticity, grey, moist to wet	000.42				1	
35				WR-WR-WH-WH		SS	0	
36								
37			559.42	WR-WR-WH-WH		SS	0	
38		Clay; high plasticity, trace fine gravel, brownish	000.¬Z				1	
39		grey, moist		WR-WR-WR		SS		
40-			557.42					

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date: 11/3/2020** 

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-17

**Project:** Riverview Innovation at Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1056162.37 Surface Elevation: 600.32

Y Coordinate: 1086319.27 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
0-		Ground Surface	600.32					
1 2		Fill; coal fines, gravel, organic debris, black, moist		3-2-3-4		SS	0	
3			596.32	10-16-22-25		SS	0	
4	VVVVV	Fill; clay, low plasticity, reddish brown, dry	595.82					
	, o , ,	Fill; gravel, coal fines, organic debris, black,	595.32					
5	A	moist	000.02	16-20-25-22		SS	0	
		Clay; low plasticity, little silt, trace fine to	594.32					
6 <del>-</del> 7 <del>-</del> 7 <del>-</del>		medium grain gravel, trace organics, reddish brown, dry  Clay; low plasticity, little silt, reddish brown, dry		16-24-26-22		SS	0	
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	592.32					
9		Clay; low plasticity, little silt, trace fine to coarse gravel, reddish brown, dry	590.32	12-18-26-31		SS	0	
10		Clay; low plasticity, little silt, reddish brown, dry	330.32					
11		Clay, low plasticity, fittle sitt, reduish brown, dry		14-17-20-22		SS	0	
13	 		586.32	16-22-24-28		SS	0	
15		Silty Clay; low to medium plasticity, reddish brown, moist		12-14-20-22		SS	0	
16	<del>-</del> x-"							
17	×		583.32	0.7.0.10				
17	<u> </u>	Silty Clay; medium plasticity, reddish brown with grey mottling, moist	582.32	6-7-9-12		SS	0	
19	 	Silty Clay; medium plasticity, trace fine rounded gravel, reddish brown with grey mottling, moist		4-5-7-8		SS	0	
20	x		580.32					
20-								

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date:** 11/2/2021

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-18

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1056826.68 Surface Elevation: 602.31

Y Coordinate: 1086409.21 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
0-		Ground Surface	602.31					
1 2		Topsoil; with clay, trace organic roots, brown, moist Fill; gravelly clay, some coal fragments, black, dry	601.91	3-4-6-15		SS	0	
3-		Fill; silty clay, low plasticity, trace fine to	598.81 598.31	11-8-5-17		SS	0	
5		medium grain gravel, reddish brown with grey mottling, dry  Silty Clay; low plasticity, reddish brown with grey mottling, dry	596.31	9-12-18-24		SS	0	
7	× - ×	Silty Clay; low plasticity, trace rounded fine gravel, reddish brown and trace grey mottling, moist	594.31	9-17-19-23		SS	0	
9		Silty Clay; low plasticity, trace rounded fine gravel, reddish brown, moist	592.31	10-21-28-32		SS	0	
10		Silty Clay; low plasticity, trace rounded fine gravel, brown, moist Silty Clay; low plasticity, trace rounded fine	591.31	10-18-17-23		SS	0	
11 12	x x	gravel, reddish brown, moist	588.31	10-18-17-23		SS	0	
14 15 16		Clay; little silt, medium plasticity, trace fine rounded gravel, reddish brown, dry	586.31	7-8-14-18		SS	0	
	 	Clay; little silt, medium plasticity, trace fine rounded gravel, reddish brown, moist		12-20-21-25		SS	0	
18 19 20	 		582.31	4-7-10-14		SS	0	
21								

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date: 11/4/2020** 

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-19

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1057247.55 Surface Elevation: 607.53

Y Coordinate: 1086782.01 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
0-	XXXXXX	Ground Surface	607.53					
1-		Fill; sandy gravel, some clay, trace coke fragments, black, moist	605.53	3-9-12-16		SS	0	
2=	XXXXX	Fill; gravely sand, with coal and coke fines and fragements, black, moist	604.53				0	
3=	*****	Fill; sand, trace rounded slag, black, moist	604.53	17-23-18-19		SS	0	
4		Fill; tar at 3.8' BGS (1-inch), transition to silty clay, black, moist	602.53				0 10.1	
5	XXXX	Fill; sand, trace silt and clay, trace slag, black, moist	601.93 601.53	10-11-6-9		SS	10.9	
6	XXXX	Fill; silty clay, trace slag, trace coke fragments, black, moist	600.73				38.1 7.8	
7	××××× 	Fill; sandy gravel, wood chips, trace slag, black, moist, (strong odor)	000.70	3-5-6-11		SS	0.8	
9 10 11 12	- <del>x</del> - <del>x</del> - <del>x</del> - <del>x</del>	Fill; silty clay, trace slag, trace wood chips, black, wet  Silty Clay; low plasticity, trace fine rounded gravel, reddish brown with grey mottling, dry		17-13-16-24		SS	1.1	
11			595.53	13-19-24-30		SS	1.2	
13		Silty Clay; low plasticity, trace fine rounded gravel, reddish brown, dry		13-18-21-28		SS	7.0	
14 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	^x		591.53	13-22-18-19		SS	5.5	
17.		Clay; medium plasticity, trave fine gravel, reddish brown, moist		10-13-14-17		SS	0.4	
18 19 20			587.53	13-14-16-11		SS	0.2	
21		End of Borehole						

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date: 11/5/2020** 

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-20

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1056636.43 Surface Elevation: 604.27

Y Coordinate: 1086677.27 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
0-		Ground Surface	604.27					
1 2		Fill; coal fines with some silt (increasing silt with depth), black, dry		6-18-20-21		SS	0	
3-		Fill; silty clay, low plasticity, trace fine gravel,	600.47	16-30-33-18		SS	0	
5	X	trace roots, reddish brown with grey mottling, dry  Silty Clay; low plasticity, reddish brown with	598.77	5-8-7-12		SS	0	
7	 	grey mottling, dry	596.27	9-13-9-8		SS	0	
9		Silty Clay; low plasticity, trace fine grain gravel, reddish brown with grey mottling, dry	594.27	9-13-18-20		SS	0	
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	x	Silty Clay; medium plasticity, trace fine gravel, reddish brown, dry		6-14-15-23		SS	0	
13	x 			10-13-22-23		SS	0	
15	x		588.27	15-21-22-25		SS	0	
17		Clay; medium to high plasticity, trace fine gravel, reddish brown, moist		18-15-18-21		SS	0	
19			584.27	15-18-17-23		SS	0	

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date:** 11/6/2020

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-20

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1056636.43 Surface Elevation: 604.27

Y Coordinate: 1086677.27 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Type	PID (ppm)	Notes
21 - 22 - 23 - 24 - 25 - 26 - 27 - 28 - 29 - 30 - 31 - 32 - 33 - 34 - 35 - 36 - 37 - 38 - 39 - 40 - 40 - 40 - 40 - 40 - 40 - 40 - 4		End of Borehole						

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date: 11/6/2020** 

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-21

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1055965.50 Surface Elevation: 605.50

Y Coordinate: 1087819.21 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
0=	www	Ground Surface	605.50					
1 2		Fill; with coal and coke fines, trace blue fragments, black, moist		6-19-29-19		SS	0	
3			602.50	2-3-9-10		SS	0	
4		Clay; medium plasticiity, dark brown, moist	601.50	2-0-0-10		00		
5	 	Clay; low plasticity,little silt, reddish brown with grey mottling, moist to dry	599.50	2-6-10-12		SS	0	
7		Clay; low plasticity, little silt, trace fine to medium gravel, reddish brown with grey mottling, moist to dry	399.30	9-16-20-28		ss	0	
7 8 9 10							0	
11							0	
13			592.50				0	
14		Clay; low plasticity, trace fine gravel, reddish brown, dry	590.50	8-16-16-16		SS		
1	 	Clay; not logged					0	
16 17 18 19 20 10 20 10 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	 							
19	 							

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date:** 06/23/2021

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-21

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1055965.50 Surface Elevation: 605.50

Y Coordinate: 1087819.21 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40								
22								
23								
24								
25								
26								
27								
28								
29								
30								
31								
33								
34								
35								
36								
37								
38								
39								
40								

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date:** 06/23/2021

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-21

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1055965.50 Surface Elevation: 605.50

Y Coordinate: 1087819.21 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
41								
1 =								
42								
43								
44								
45		Clay: modium plasticity, trace gravel, reddich	560.50					
46		Clay; medium plasticity, trace gravel, reddish brown, moist						
47		Clay; medium plasticity, brown, moist	558.50					
48		Clay, medium plasticity, brown, moist						
			556.50					
49		Clay; low plasticity, brown, moist (weathered rock at 49' BGS)		10-50		SS		
50		·		2				
51								
52								
53		Shale, RQD=59.0%	552.60					
54								
55								
			549.60					
56		Shale; RQD=82.7%, grey						
57								
58								
59								
60								

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

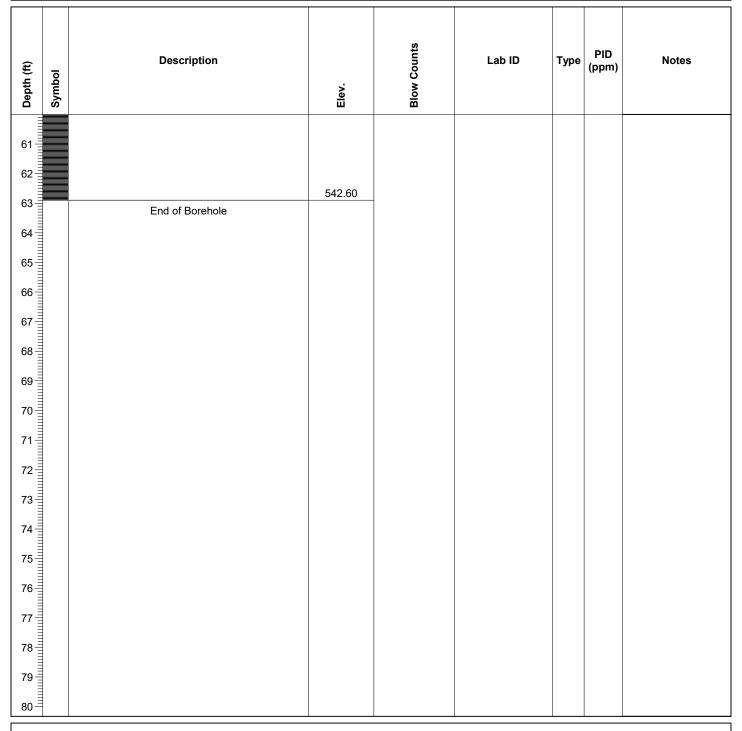
**Drill Date:** 06/23/2021

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-21

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1055965.50 Surface Elevation: 605.50

Y Coordinate: 1087819.21 Engineer: TW



Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date: 06/23/2021** 

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-21

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1055965.50 Surface Elevation: 605.50

Y Coordinate: 1087819.21 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
0=	www	Ground Surface	605.50					
1 2		Fill; with coal and coke fines, trace blue fragments, black, moist		6-19-29-19		SS	0	
3			602.50	2-3-9-10		SS	0	
4		Clay; medium plasticiity, dark brown, moist	601.50	2-0-0-10		00		
5	 	Clay; low plasticity,little silt, reddish brown with grey mottling, moist to dry	599.50	2-6-10-12		SS	0	
7		Clay; low plasticity, little silt, trace fine to medium gravel, reddish brown with grey mottling, moist to dry	399.30	9-16-20-28		ss	0	
7 8 9 10							0	
11							0	
13			592.50				0	
14		Clay; low plasticity, trace fine gravel, reddish brown, dry	590.50	8-16-16-16		SS		
1	 	Clay; not logged					0	
16 17 18 19 20 10 20 10 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	 							
19	 							

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date:** 06/23/2021

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-21

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1055965.50 Surface Elevation: 605.50

Y Coordinate: 1087819.21 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40								
22								
23								
24								
25								
26								
27								
28								
29								
30								
31								
33								
34								
35								
36								
37								
38								
39								
40								

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date:** 06/23/2021

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-21

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1055965.50 Surface Elevation: 605.50

Y Coordinate: 1087819.21 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
41								
1 =								
42								
43								
44								
45		Clay: modium plasticity, trace gravel, reddich	560.50					
46		Clay; medium plasticity, trace gravel, reddish brown, moist						
47		Clay; medium plasticity, brown, moist	558.50					
48		Clay, medium plasticity, brown, moist						
			556.50					
49		Clay; low plasticity, brown, moist (weathered rock at 49' BGS)		10-50		SS		
50		·		2				
51								
52								
53		Shale, RQD=59.0%	552.60					
54								
55								
			549.60					
56		Shale; RQD=82.7%, grey						
57								
58								
59								
60								

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

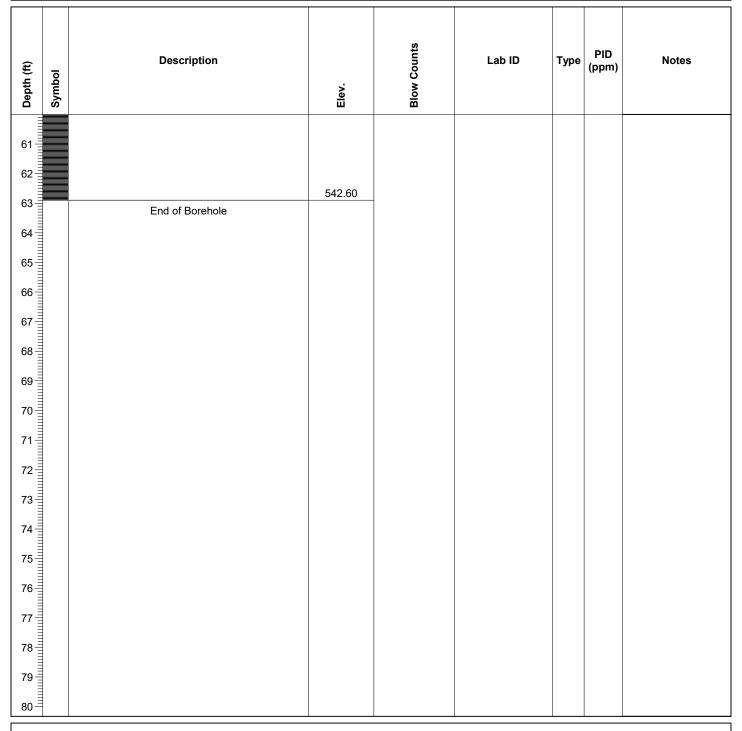
**Drill Date:** 06/23/2021

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-21

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1055965.50 Surface Elevation: 605.50

Y Coordinate: 1087819.21 Engineer: TW



Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

Drill Date: 06/23/2021

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-22

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1055965.50 Surface Elevation: 606.45

Y Coordinate: 1087819.21 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)		Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
0	Ground Surface	606.45				-	
1=	Fill; some sand, some slag (incresing with depth), trace tar fragments (hard), black, moist to wet increasing with depth.		5-10-12-9		SS	0	
3		602.45	6-5-4-3		SS	0	
5	Clay; medium to low plasticity, grey clay increasing with depth to reddish brown with grey mottling, moist	600.45	2-2-2-5		SS	0	
5 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 19 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	End of Borehole	000.10					

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date: 6/24/2021** 

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-23

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1057994.20 Surface Elevation: 606.157

Y Coordinate: 1087804.74 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft) Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
0 = XXXXXX	Ground Surface	606.16					
1=	Fill; coal and coke fines, some clay starting at 2' BGS, trace slag, trace tar fragments (hard) at 1' to 2' BGS, black, moist		4-6-7-5		SS	0	
3		602.16	3-8-9-6		SS	0	
5	Clay; low plasticity, brown with grey mottling, moist		1-2-3-4		SS	0	
6		600.16					
5   5   6   7   7   7   7   7   7   7   7   7	End of Borehole						

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date: 6/24/2021** 

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-24

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1057178.46 Surface Elevation: 608.793

Y Coordinate: 1087117.11 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
0-	XXXXXXX	Ground Surface	608.79					
1 2		Fill; coal and coke fines, little slag from 1' to 2, trace tar fragments (hard) to 3' BGS, black, moist		5-6-10-15		SS	0	
3		Fill; clay low plasticity, little tar (hard), reddish	605.29 604.79	17-10-2-9		SS	0	
5		brown, moist  Fill; clay, low plasticity, with slag, some tar (hard), reddish brown, moist	602.79	5-6-10-12		SS	0	
5 6 7 8 9 10		Fill; clay, low plasticity, trace brick, reddish brown, wet	600.79	3-7-7-7		ss		
9		No Recovery	F00.70			SS		
10	 	Clay; low plasticity, reddish brown, moist	598.79	5-6-12-22		SS		
12 13 14 15 16 17 18		Auger to 25' BGS to set B well	596.79					

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date: 6/22/2021** 

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-24

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1057178.46 Surface Elevation: 608.793

Y Coordinate: 1087117.11 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
21		End of Borehole	583.79					

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date: 6/22/2021** 

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-25

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1057100.68 Surface Elevation: 606.857

Y Coordinate: 1086740.71 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
0-	XXXXXX	Ground Surface	606.86					
1 2		Fill; coal and coke fines, some slag, trace tar fragments (hard), trace brick, black, moist increasing to wet with depth		14-24-21-18		SS	0	
3-				20-15-10-20		SS	0	
	<b>XXXXX</b>		601.86					
5		Clay; medium plasticity, reddish brown,	001.00	11-5-6-8		SS	0	
6		moist	600.86					
6 7 8 9 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		Clay; medium plasticity, trace gravel, reddish brown with grey mottling, moist	598.86	Not Collected		SS	0	
9		Fill; clay, low plasticity, trace brick, reddish brown, wet	596.86	7-12-18-20		ss	0	
10	    	Auger to 25' BGS to set B well	000.00					

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date: 6/23/2021** 

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-25

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1057100.68 Surface Elevation: 606.857

Y Coordinate: 1086740.71 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40		End of Borehole	581.86					

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date: 6/23/2021** 

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-26

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1057321.76 Surface Elevation: 602.88

Y Coordinate: 1086578.80 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
0=	XXXXXX	Ground Surface	602.88					
1-		Fill; coal and coke fines, roots present, low recovery, black, moist	600.88	2-2-1-1		SS	0	
3	 	Clay; with organics, medium plasticity, reddish brown, moist increasing to dry with depth		3-5-8-9		SS	0	
	 		596.88	5-10-14-13		SS	0	
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		Auger to 20' BGS to set B well						
20			582.88					

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date: 6/24/2021** 

Log of Borehole: MW-BCP-27

**Project:** Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus

X Coordinate: 1058255.48 Surface Elevation: 608.793

Y Coordinate: 1087226.57 Engineer: TW

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Description	Elev.	Blow Counts	Lab ID	Туре	PID (ppm)	Notes
0-	XXXXXX	Ground Surface	608.79					
1 2		Fill; coal fines, trace bricks, some slag, 1' recovery, black, moist	606.79	3-4-3-1		SS	0	
3		Fill; coal fines, trace bricks, some slag from 2' to 4' BGS, 1' recovery, black, wet		1-1-1-2		SS	0	
5			603.79	1-2-2-1		SS	0	
		Fill; clay, dark grey, moist	000.70	1-2-2-1		33		
7		Clay; medium plasticity, greyish brown with grey mottling, moist	602.79	1-3-6-7		SS	0	
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20		End of Borehole						

Drill Method: 4.25" HSA

**Drill Date: 6/24/2021** 

PROJECT NO.: RITC
WELL NO.: MW-BCP-01A
INSTALLATION DEPTH: 6.00'
INSTALLATION DATE: 10/29/2020

DEPTH TO WATER: 601.03' AMSL DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION

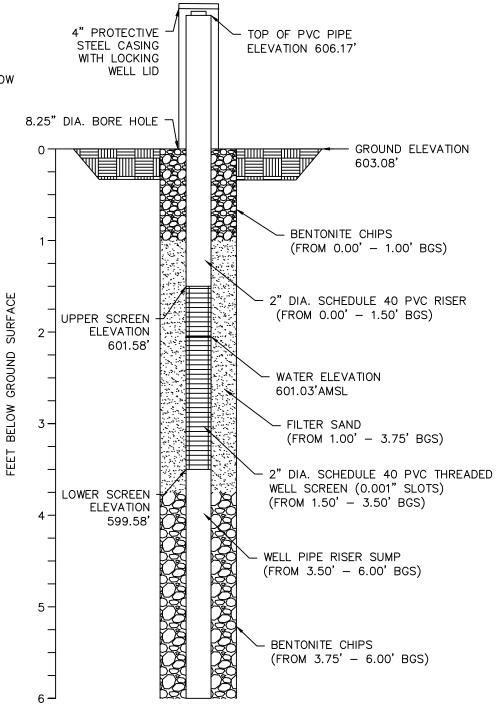
DATE: 01/11/2021

NORTHING: 1087813.27 EASTING: 1055371.76

DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS
DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW

STEM AUGER

MONITORING WELL MW-BCP-01A (N.T.S)





481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-01A DRAWING NUMBER D-100 RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW

PROJECT NO.: RITC
WELL NO.: MW-BCP-01B
INSTALLATION DEPTH: 21.00'
INSTALLATION DATE:10/29/2020

DEPTH TO WATER: 600.92' AMSL DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION

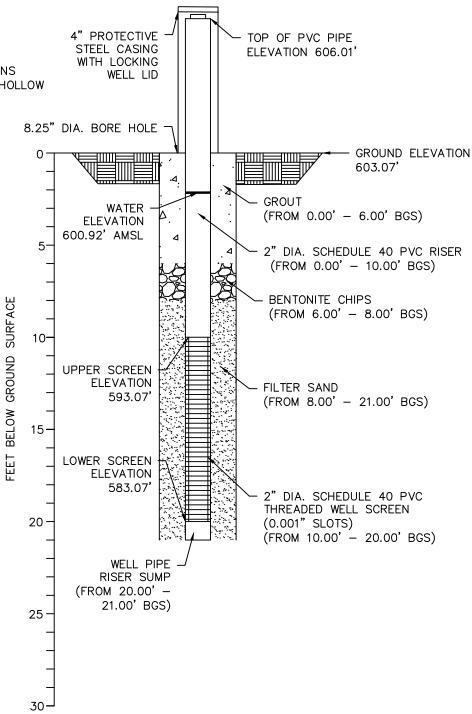
DATE: 1/11/2021

NORTHING: 1087812.78 EASTING: 1055367.41

DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS
DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW

STEM AUGER

#### MONITORING WELL MW-BCP-01B (N.T.S)





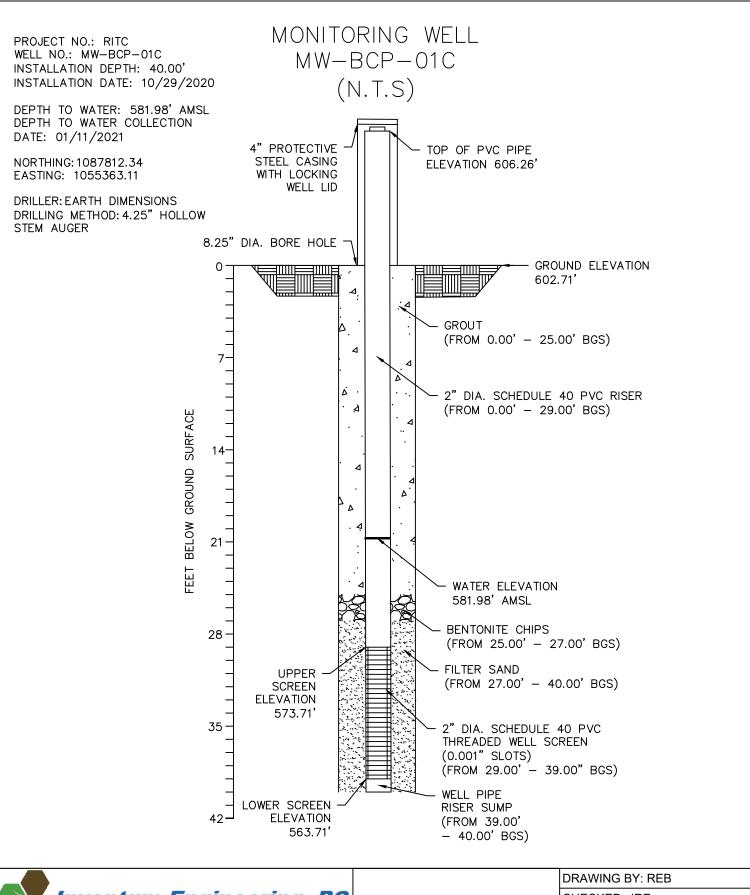
481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-01B DRAWING NUMBER D-101 RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150

DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW





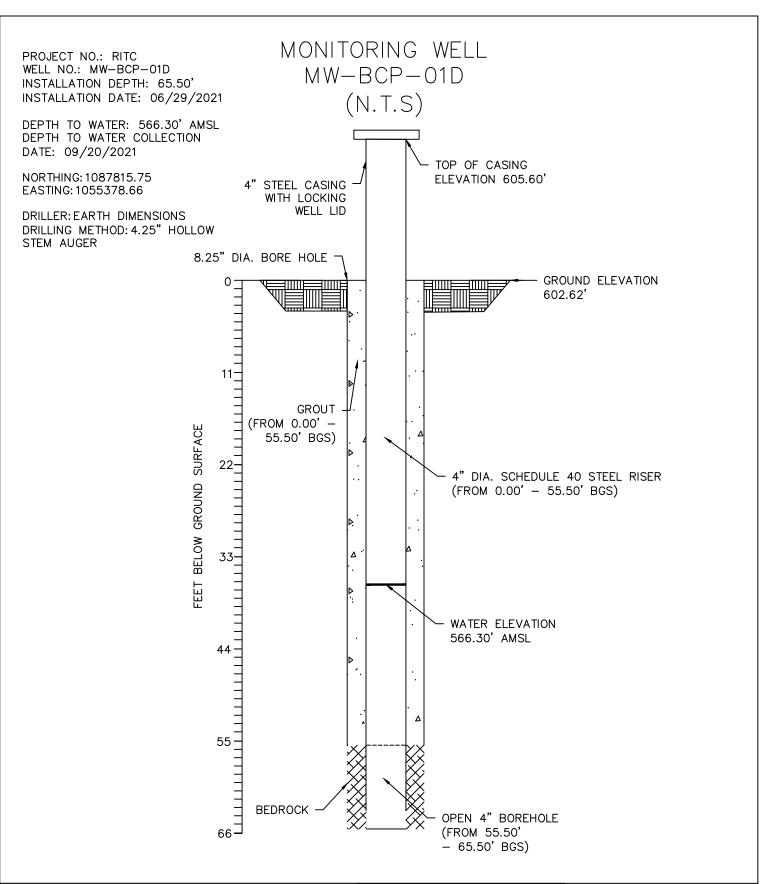
**481 CARLISLE DRIVE** SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-01C DRAWING NUMBER D-102

RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW





481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-01D DRAWING NUMBER D-102 RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150

DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW

PROJECT NO.: RITC
WELL NO.: MW-BCP-02A
INSTALLATION DEPTH: 6.00'
INSTALLATION DATE: 11/18/2020

DEPTH TO WATER: 601.05' AMSL DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION

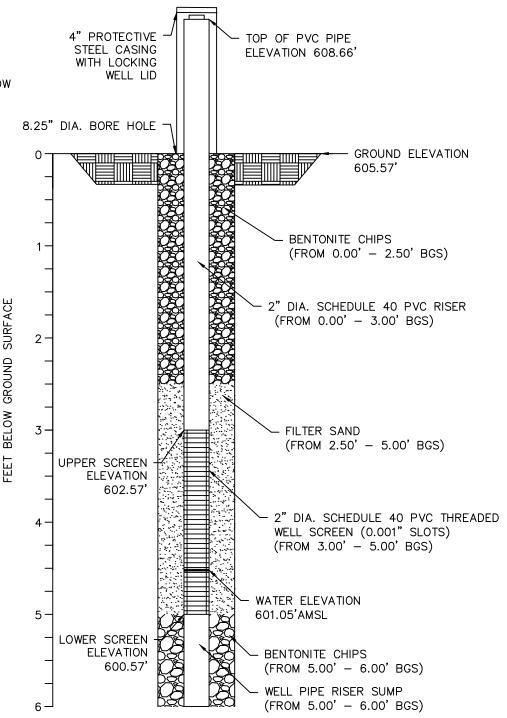
DATE: 01/11/2021

NORTHING: 1087466.57 EASTING: 1055471.63

DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS
DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW

STEM AUGER

MONITORING WELL MW-BCP-02A (N.T.S)





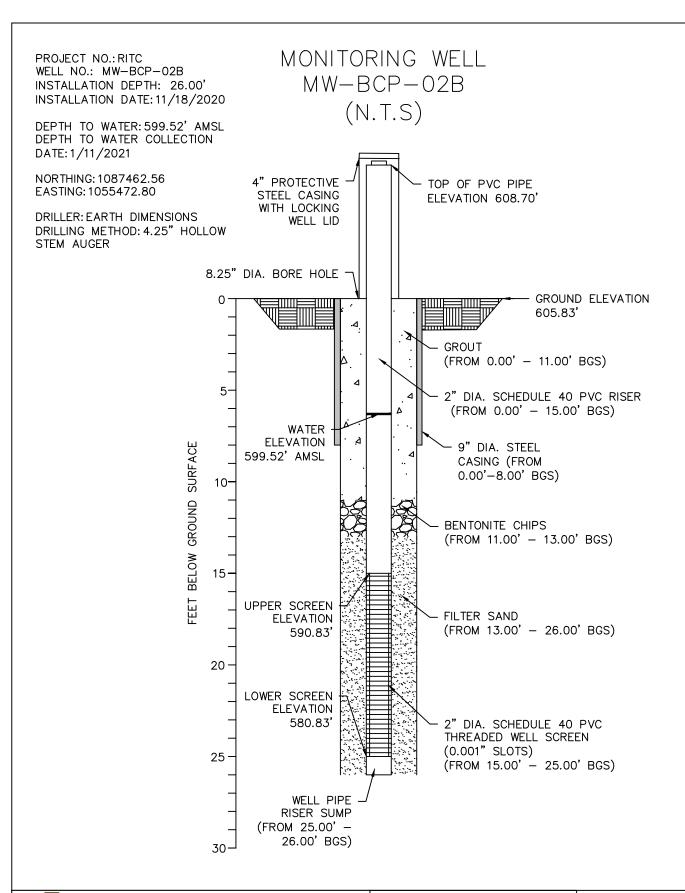
#### Inventum Engineering, PC

481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-02A DRAWING NUMBER D-103 RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW





481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-02B DRAWING NUMBER D-104 RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW

PROJECT NO.: RITC
WELL NO.: MW-BCP-03A
INSTALLATION DEPTH: 6.00'
INSTALLATION DATE: 10/30/2020

DEPTH TO WATER: 600.06' AMSL DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION

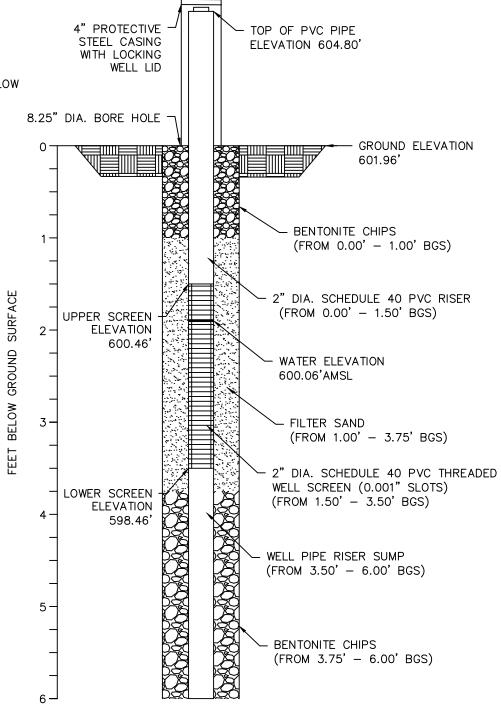
DATE: 01/11/2021

NORTHING: 1087135.58 EASTING: 1055322.49

DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS
DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW

STEM AUGER

MONITORING WELL MW-BCP-03A (N.T.S)





481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-03A DRAWING NUMBER D-105 RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW

PROJECT NO.:RITC
WELL NO.: MW-BCP-03B
INSTALLATION DEPTH: 25.00'
INSTALLATION DATE: 10/28/2020
DEPTH TO WATER: 595.19' AMSL
DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION
DATE: 1/11/2021

MONITORING WELL MW-BCP-03B (N.T.S)

NORTHING: 1087135.68
EASTING: 1055317.58

DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS
DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW

STEM AUGER

4" PROTECTIVE TOP OF PVC PIPE STEEL CASING ELEVATION 604.89' WITH LOCKING WELL LID 8.25" DIA. BORE HOLE GROUND ELEVATION 602.11 **GROUT** (FROM 0.00' - 10.00' BGS) 2" DIA. SCHEDULE 40 PVC RISER (FROM 0.00' - 14.00' BGS) WATER FEET BELOW GROUND SURFACE **ELEVATION** 595.19' AMSL 10-BENTONITE CHIPS (FROM 10.00' - 12.00' BGS) 15-UPPER SCREEN **ELEVATION** 588.11 FILTER SAND (FROM 12.00' - 25.00' BGS) 20 -LOWER SCREEN **ELEVATION** 578.11 2" DIA. SCHEDULE 40 PVC THREADED WELL SCREEN (0.001" SLOTS) 25 (FROM 14.00' - 24.00' BGS) WELL PIPE RISER SUMP (FROM 24.00' -25.00' BGS)



## Inventum Engineering, PC

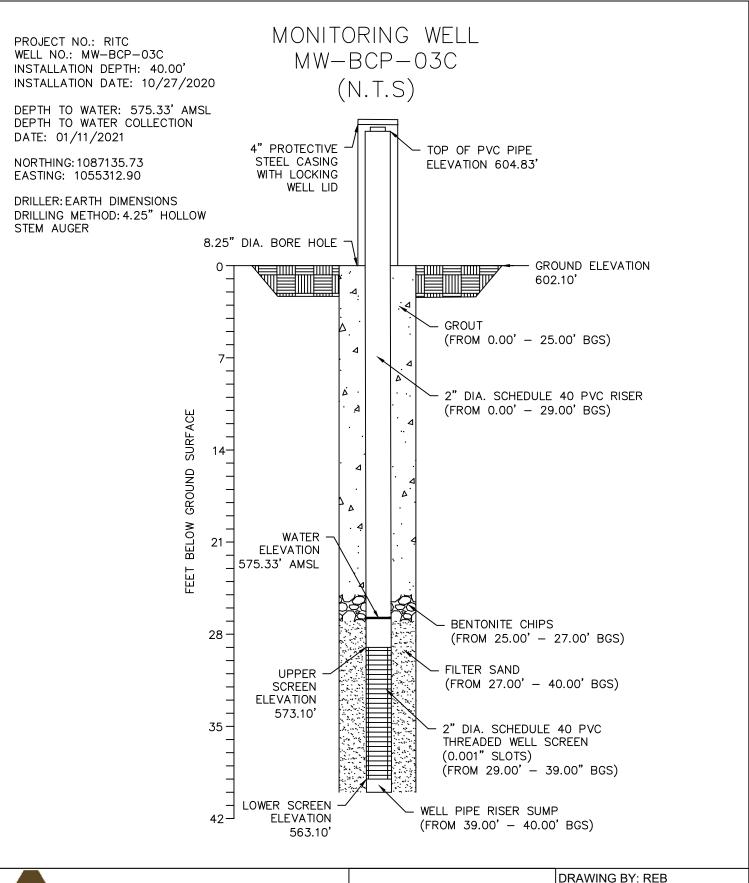
30-

481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-03B DRAWING NUMBER D-106 RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW





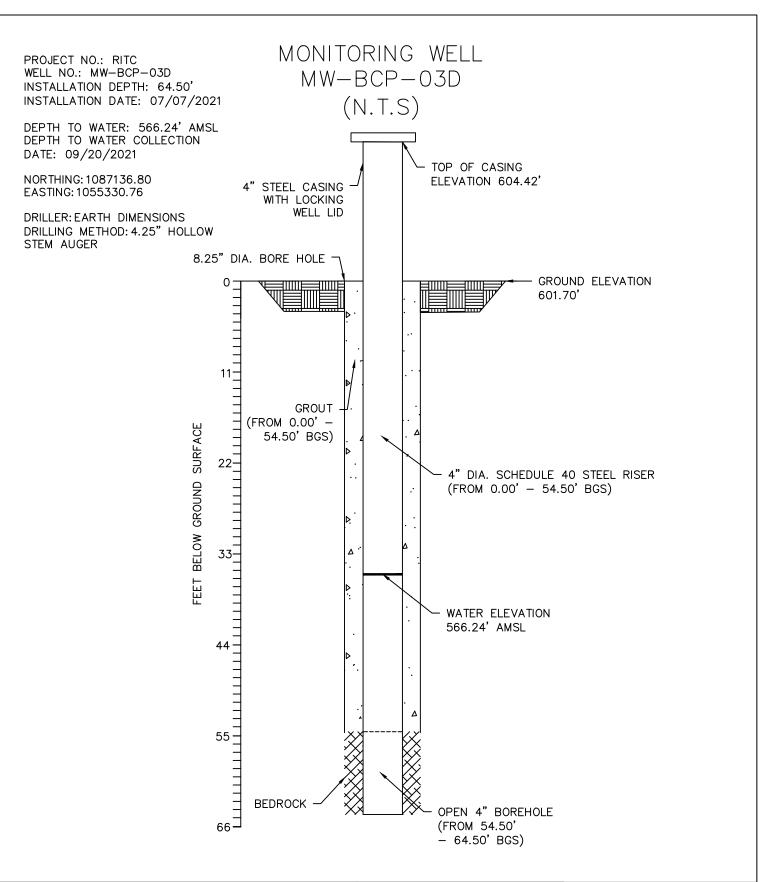
**481 CARLISLE DRIVE** SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-03C DRAWING NUMBER D-107

RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW





481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-03C DRAWING NUMBER D-107 RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW

PROJECT NO.: RITC
WELL NO.: MW-BCP-04A
INSTALLATION DEPTH: 6.00'
INSTALLATION DATE: 11/19/2020

DEPTH TO WATER: 604.28' AMSL DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION

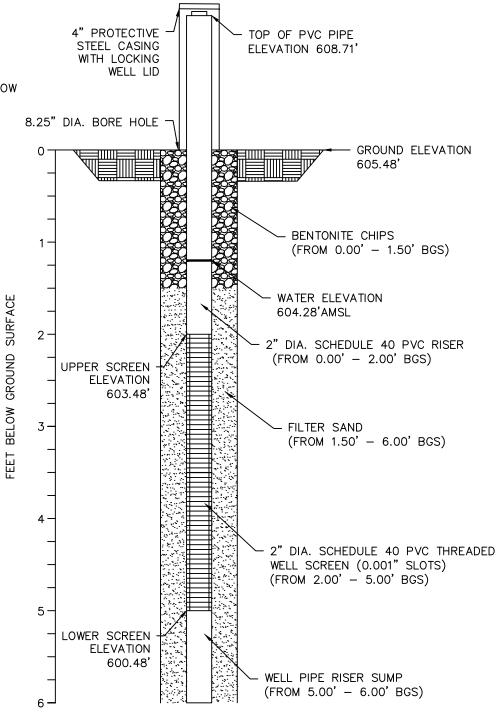
DATE: 01/11/2021

NORTHING: 1087333.41 EASTING: 1055563.86

DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS
DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW

STEM AUGER

MONITORING WELL MW-BCP-04A (N.T.S)





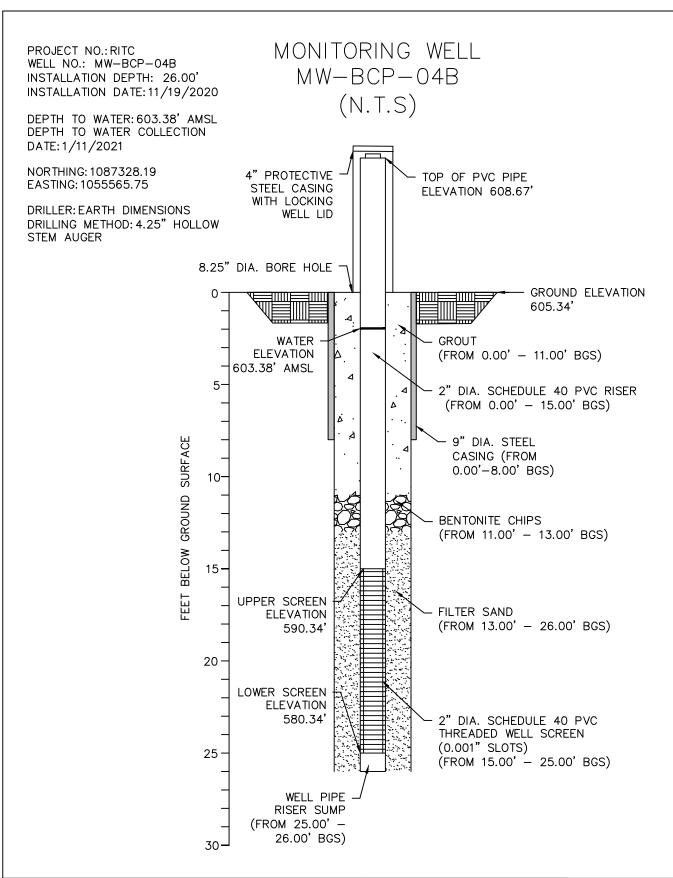
## Inventum Engineering, PC

481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-04A DRAWING NUMBER D-108 RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW





481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-04B DRAWING NUMBER D-109 RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW

PROJECT NO.: RITC
WELL NO.: MW-BCP-05A
INSTALLATION DEPTH: 6.00'

INSTALLATION DATE: 11/12/2020

DEPTH TO WATER: 604.27' AMSL DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION

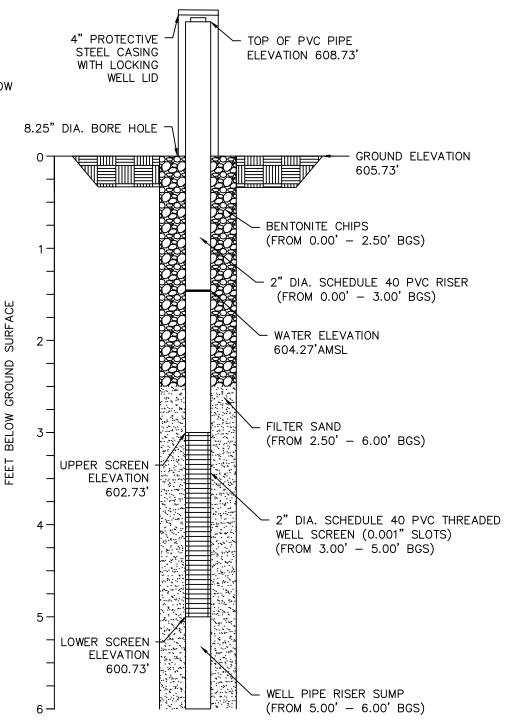
DATE: 01/11/2021

NORTHING: 1087591.41 EASTING: 1055955.70

DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS
DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW

STEM AUGER

MONITORING WELL MW-BCP-05A (N.T.S)



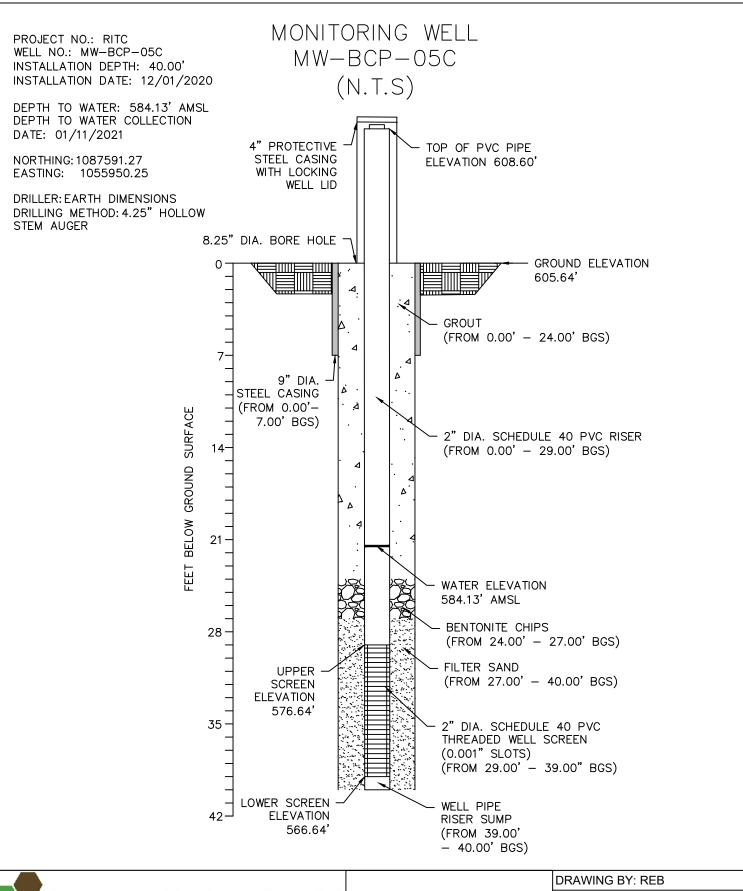


481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-05A DRAWING NUMBER D-110 RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW

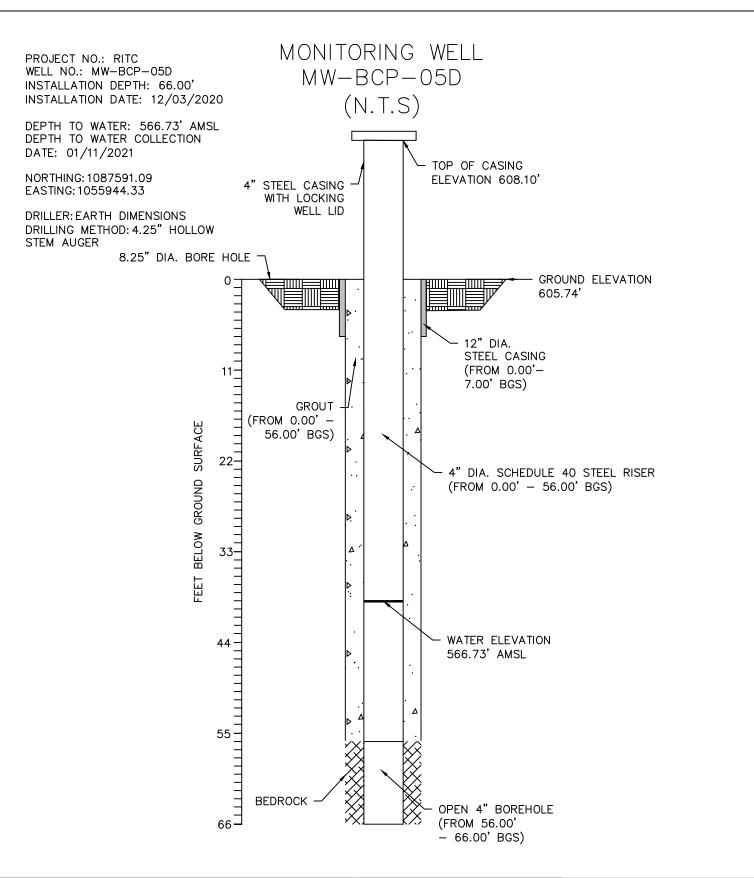




481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-05C DRAWING NUMBER D-111 RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW





481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-05D DRAWING NUMBER D- RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE APPROVED: TDW

PROJECT NO.: RITC
WELL NO.: MW-BCP-06A
INSTALLATION DEPTH: 6.00'
INSTALLATION DATE: 11/12/2020

DEPTH TO WATER: 604.10' AMSL DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION

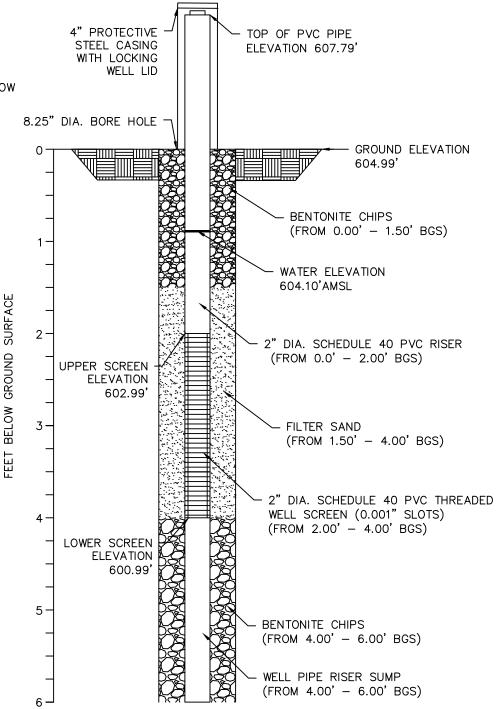
DATE: 01/11/2021

NORTHING: 1087827.40 EASTING: 1056381.50

DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW

STEM AUGER

MONITORING WELL MW-BCP-06A (N.T.S)





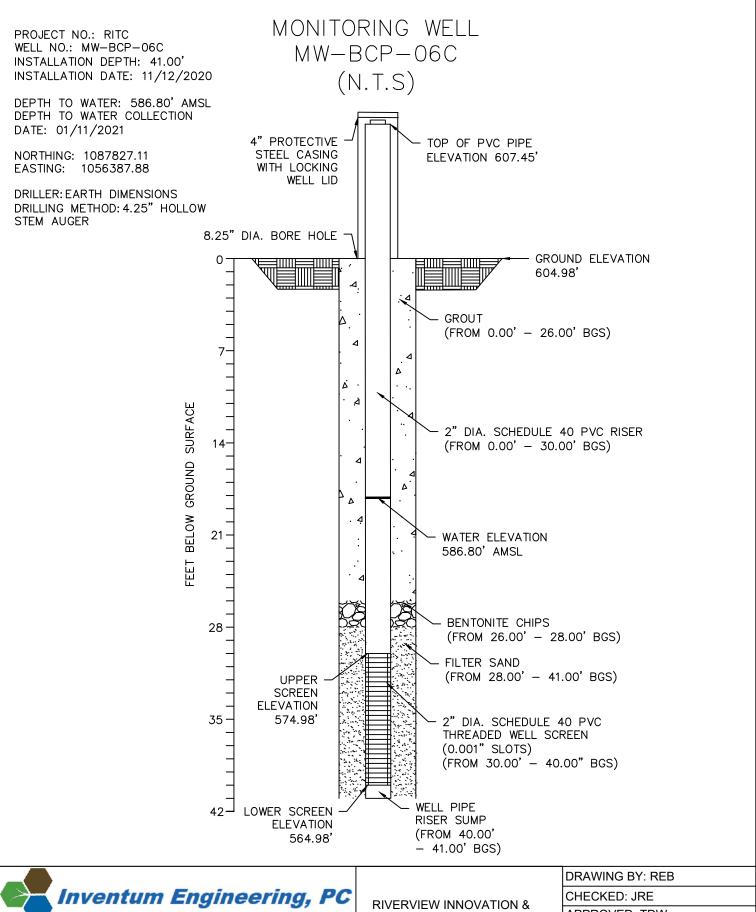
## Inventum Engineering, PC

481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-06A DRAWING NUMBER D-113 RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW



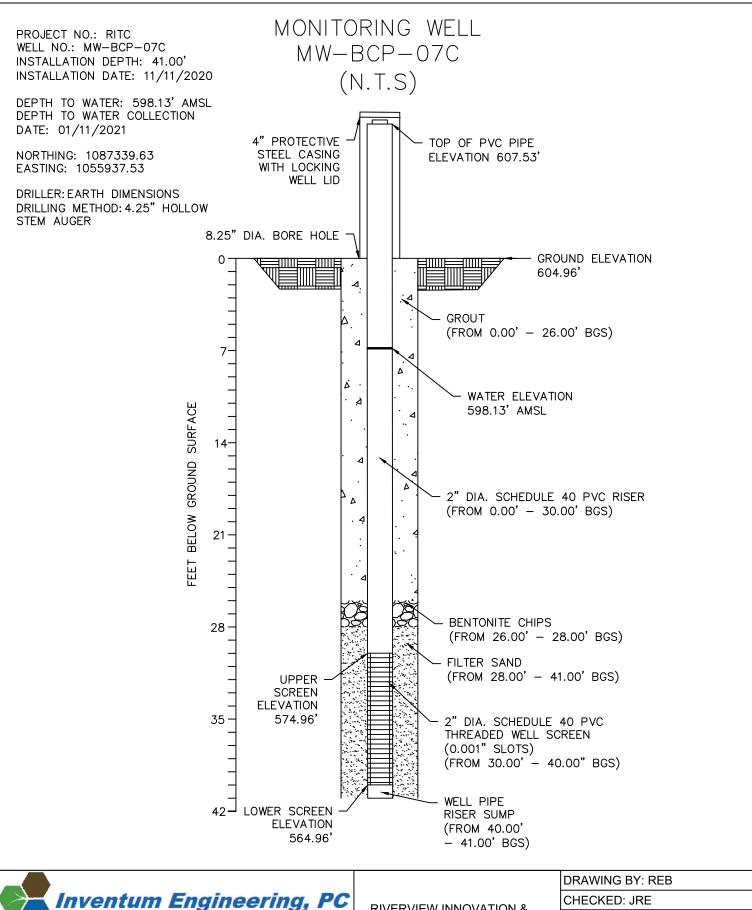
**481 CARLISLE DRIVE** SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170

(703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-06C DRAWING NUMBER D-114

TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150

APPROVED: TDW





(703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-07C DRAWING NUMBER D- RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150

APPROVED: TDW

PROJECT NO.: RITC
WELL NO.: MW-BCP-08A
INSTALLATION DEPTH: 8.00'
INSTALLATION DATE: 11/10/2020

DEPTH TO WATER: 605.19' AMSL DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION

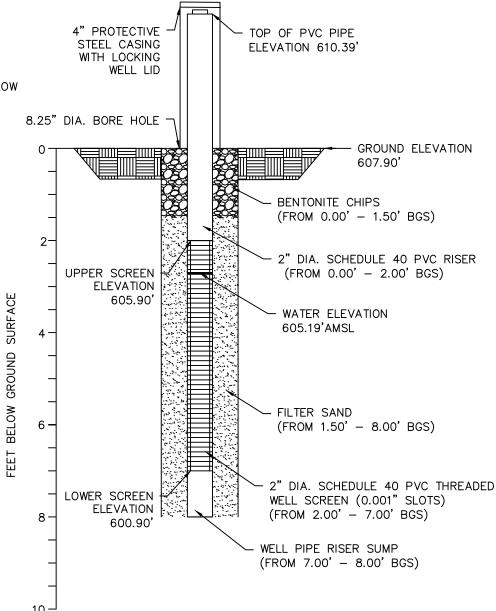
DATE: 01/11/2021

NORTHING: 1087260.29 EASTING: 1055994.58

DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS
DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW

STEM AUGER

MONITORING WELL MW-BCP-08A (N.T.S)



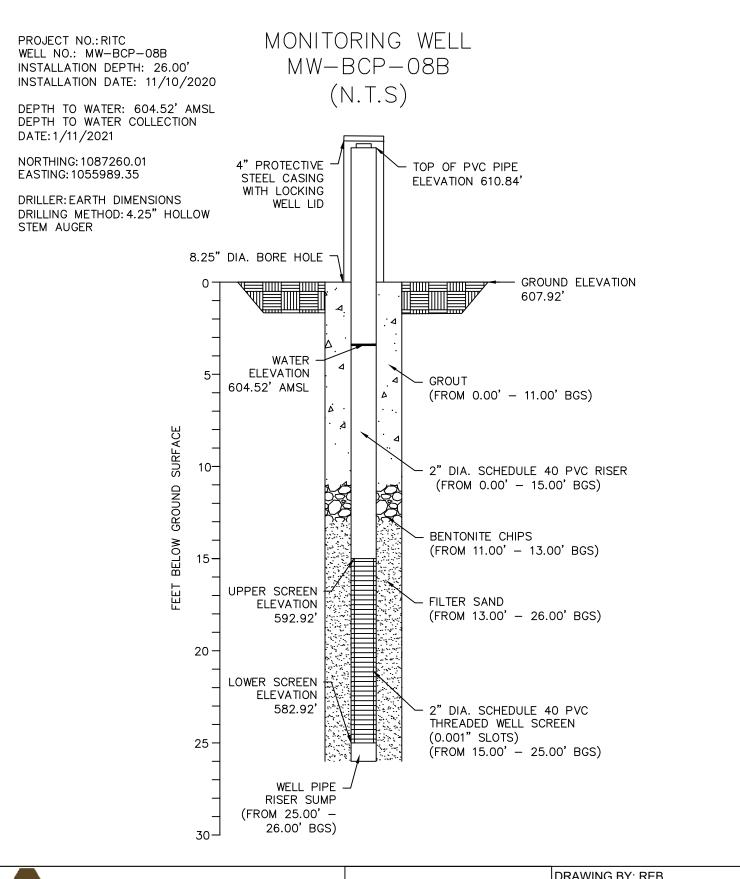


481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-08A DRAWING NUMBER D- RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW





**481 CARLISLE DRIVE** SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-08B DRAWING NUMBER D-

RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150

DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW

PROJECT NO.: RITC WELL NO.: MW-BCP-09A INSTALLATION DEPTH: 5.50' INSTALLATION DATE: 11/20/2020

DEPTH TO WATER: 604.47' AMSL DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION

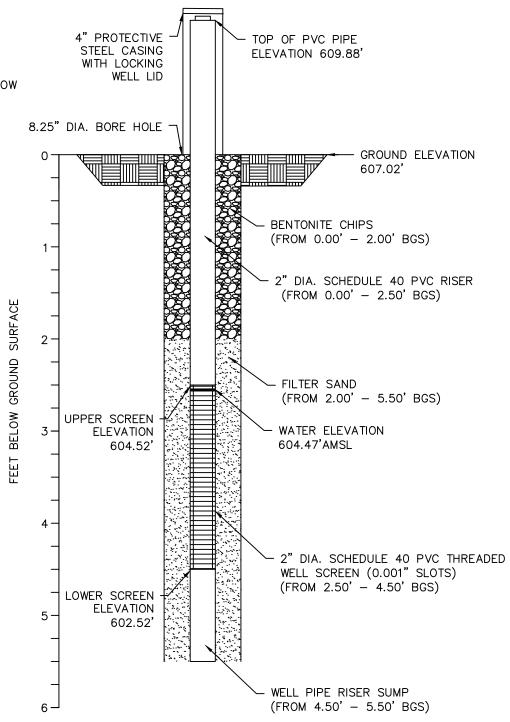
DATE: 01/11/2021

NORTHING: 1087434.00. EASTING: 1056059.80

DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS
DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW

STEM AUGER

MONITORING WELL MW-BCP-09A (N.T.S)





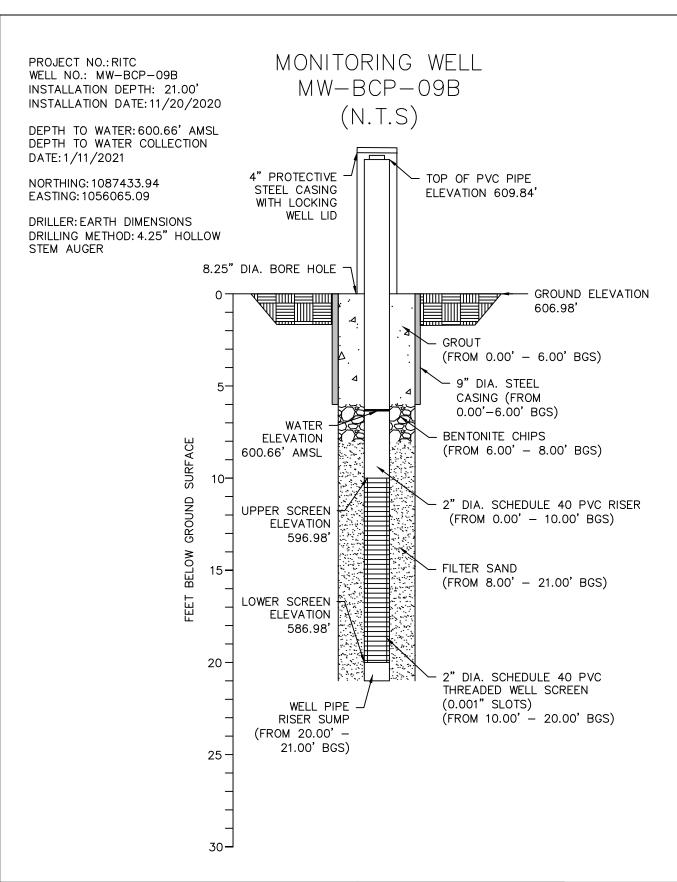
## Inventum Engineering, PC

481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-09A DRAWING NUMBER D- RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150

DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE APPROVED: TDW





481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-09B DRAWING NUMBER D- RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW

PROJECT NO.: RITC
WELL NO.: MW-BCP-10A
INSTALLATION DEPTH: 6.00'
INSTALLATION DATE: 11/23/2020

DEPTH TO WATER: 604.66' AMSL DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION

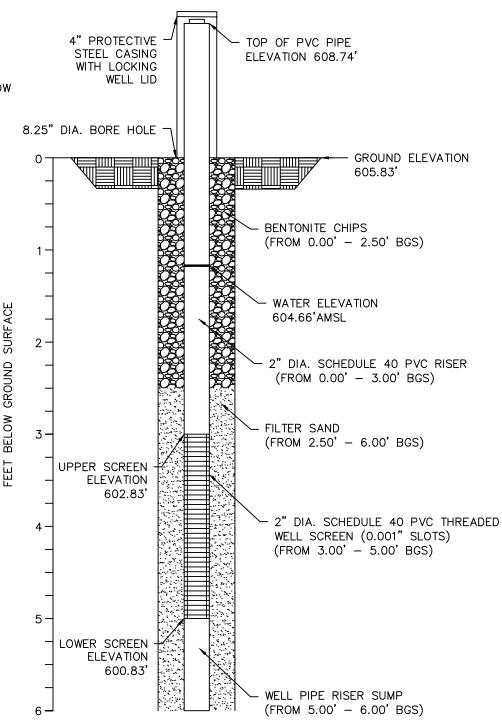
DATE: 01/11/2021

NORTHING: 1087586.53 EASTING: 1056142.28

DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW

STEM AUGER

MONITORING WELL MW-BCP-10A (N.T.S)





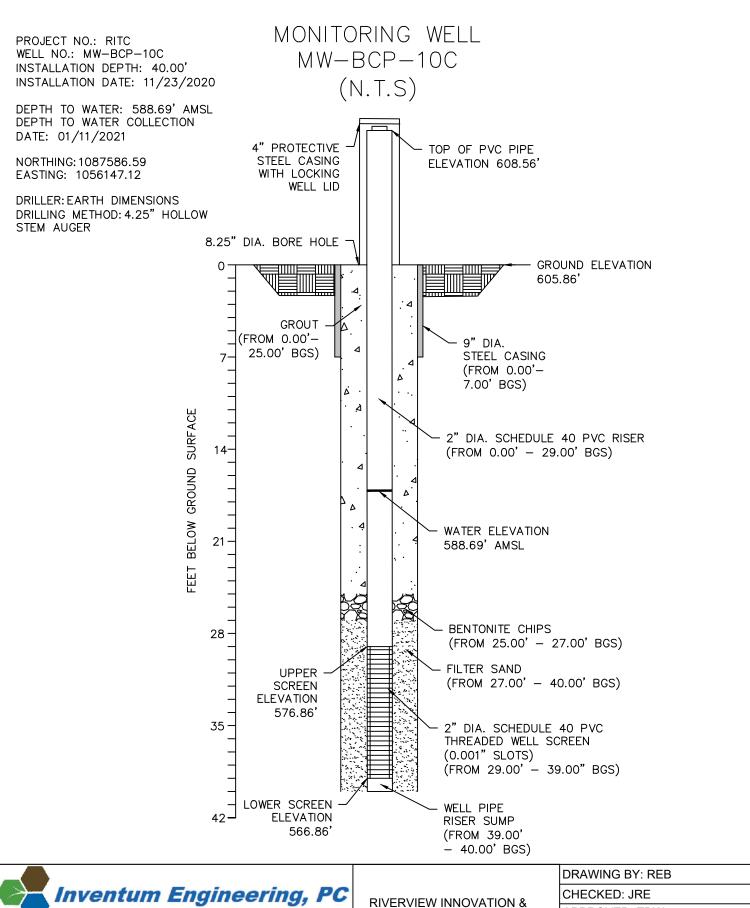
# Inventum Engineering, PC

481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-10A DRAWING NUMBER D- RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW





**481 CARLISLE DRIVE** SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-10C DRAWING NUMBER D-

TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150

APPROVED: TDW

PROJECT NO.: RITC
WELL NO.: MW-BCP-11A
INSTALLATION DEPTH: 8.00'
INSTALLATION DATE: 11/09/2020

DEPTH TO WATER: 605.36' AMSL DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION

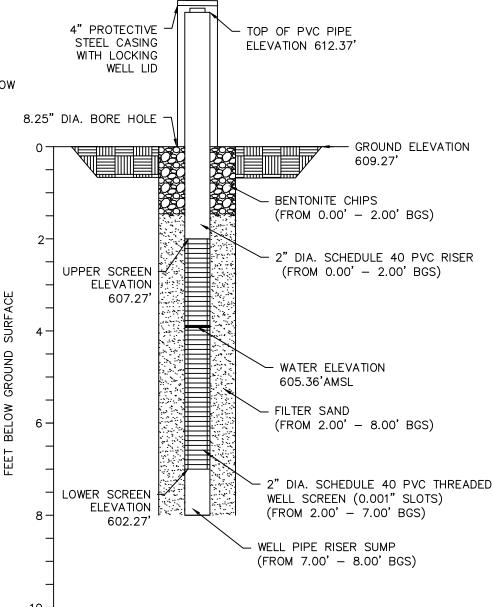
DATE: 01/11/2021

NORTHING: 1087297.63 EASTING: 1056459.20

DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS
DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW

STEM AUGER

MONITORING WELL MW-BCP-11A (N.T.S)



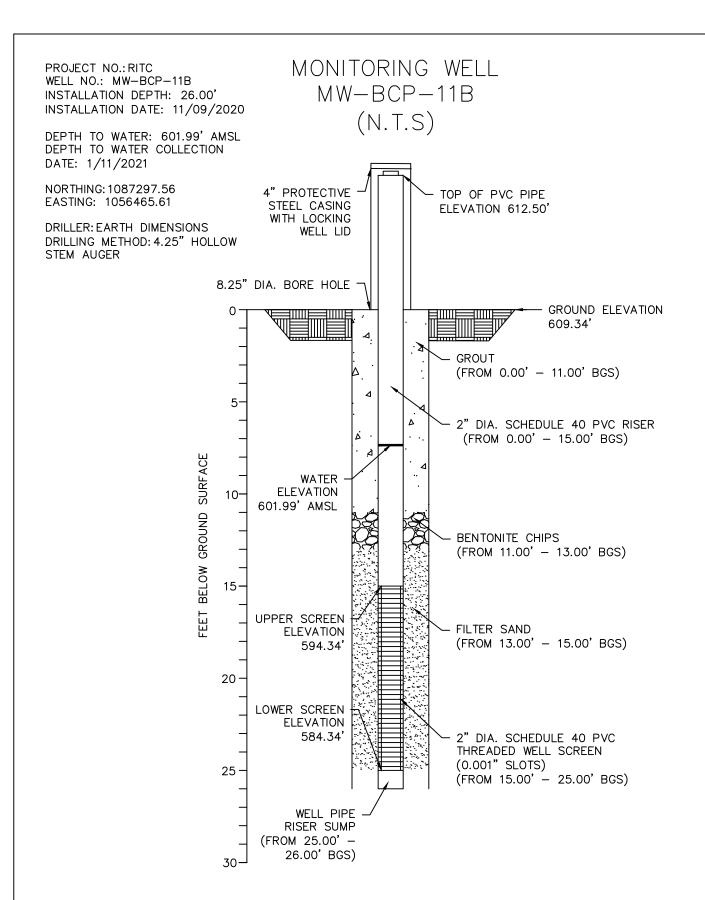


481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-11A DRAWING NUMBER D- RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW





481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-11B DRAWING NUMBER D- RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW

PROJECT NO.: RITC
WELL NO.: MW-BCP-12A
INSTALLATION DEPTH: 6.00'
INSTALLATION DATE: 11/19/2020

DEPTH TO WATER: 604.89' AMSL DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION

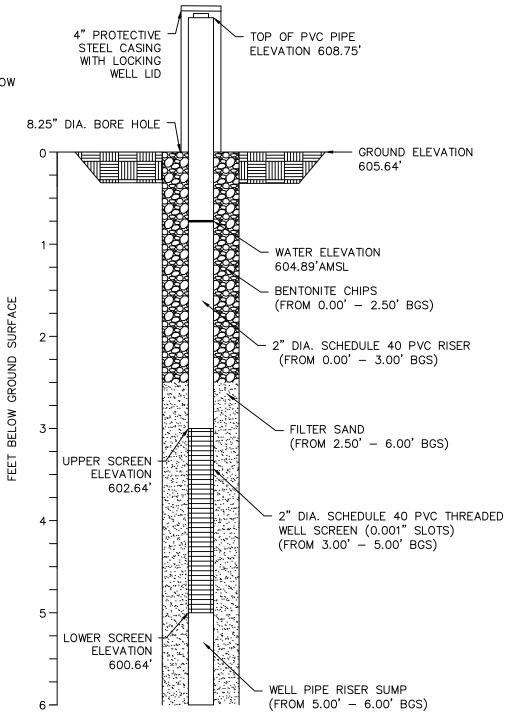
DATE: 01/11/2021

NORTHING: 1087471.88 EASTING: 1056771.77

DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS
DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW

STEM AUGER

MONITORING WELL MW-BCP-12A (N.T.S)





## Inventum Engineering, PC

481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-12A DRAWING NUMBER D- RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW

MONITORING WELL PROJECT NO.: RITC WELL NO.: MW-BCP-12B MW-BCP-12B INSTALLATION DEPTH: 26.00' INSTALLATION DATE: 11/19/2020 (N.T.S)DEPTH TO WATER: 600.47' AMSL DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION DATE: 1/11/2021 4" PROTECTIVE TOP OF PVC PIPE NORTHING: 1087473.41 STEEL CASING ELEVATION 608.67 EASTING: 1056777.34 WITH LOCKING WELL LID DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW STEM AUGER 8.25" DIA. BORE HOLE GROUND ELEVATION 605.73 ∴≱ **GROUT** (FROM 0.00' - 11.00' BGS) 9" DIA. STEEL 5 4 CASING (FROM WATER 0.00'-7.00' BGS) ELEVATION Ÿ 600.47' AMSL Ä FEET BELOW GROUND SURFACE 2" DIA. SCHEDULE 40 PVC RISER (FROM 0.00' - 15.00' BGS) 10 BENTONITE CHIPS (FROM 11.00' - 13.00' BGS) 15 FILTER SAND (FROM 13.00' - 26.00' BGS) UPPER SCREEN **ELEVATION** 590.73 20 2" DIA. SCHEDULE 40 PVC THREADED WELL SCREEN LOWER SCREEN (0.001" SLOTS) **ELEVATION** (FROM 15.00' - 25.00' BGS) 580.73 25 WELL PIPE RISER SUMP (FROM 25.00' -26.00' BGS) 30-



## Inventum Engineering, PC

481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-12B DRAWING NUMBER D- RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW

MONITORING WELL PROJECT NO.: RITC WELL NO.: MW-BCP-13A MW-BCP-13A INSTALLATION DEPTH: 8.50' INSTALLATION DATE: 11/06/2020 (N.T.S) DEPTH TO WATER: 606.85' AMSL DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION DATE: 01/11/2021 4" PROTECTIVE NORTHING: 1087139.91 TOP OF PVC PIPE STEEL CASING EASTING: 1057383.07 ELEVATION 611.67' WITH LOCKING WELL LID DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW STEM AUGER 8.25" DIA. BORE HOLE GROUND ELEVATION 608.95 GROUT (FROM 0.00' -2.50' BGS) WATER ELEVATION 606.85'AMSL BELOW GROUND SURFACE BENTONITE CHIPS (FROM 2.50' - 4.50' BGS) 2" DIA. SCHEDULE 40 PVC RISER (FROM 0.00' - 5.50' BGS)FILTER SAND 6 (FROM 4.50' - 8.50' BGS) UPPER SCREEN **ELEVATION** FEET 603.45 2" DIA. SCHEDULE 40 PVC THREADED WELL SCREEN (0.001" SLOTS) (FROM 5.50' - 7.50' BGS) 8 -LOWER SCREEN **ELEVATION** 601.45 WELL PIPE RISER SUMP (FROM 7.50' - 8.50' BGS)



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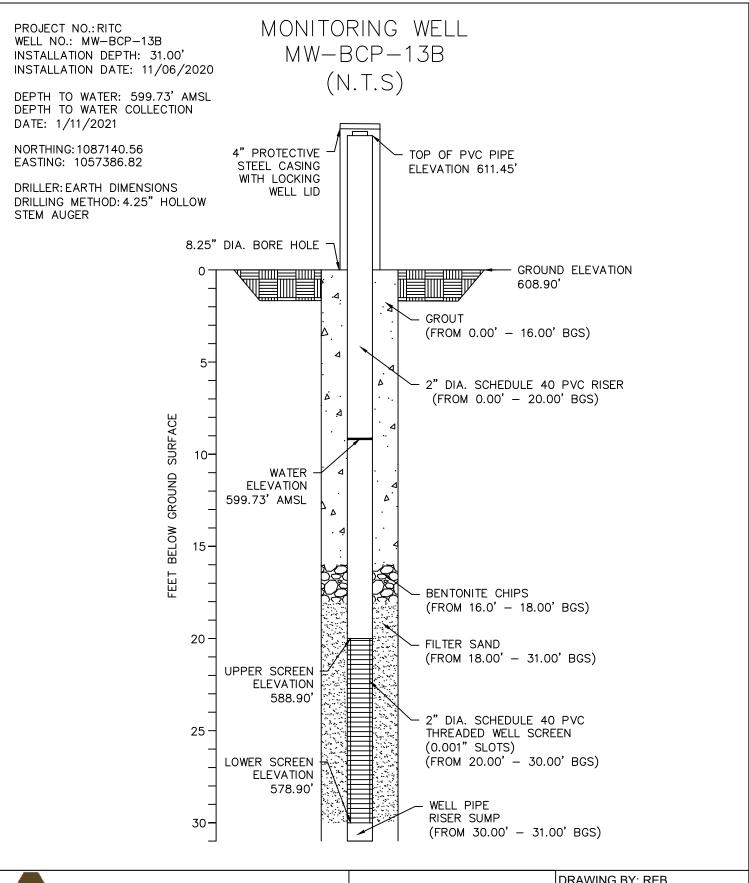
WELL ID: MW-BCP-13A DRAWING NUMBER D-

10

RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW





### Inventum Engineering, PC

481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-13B DRAWING NUMBER D- RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW

PROJECT NO.: RITC
WELL NO.: MW-BCP-15A
INSTALLATION DEPTH: 6.00'
INSTALLATION DATE: 10/30/2020

DEPTH TO WATER: 598.64' AMSL DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION

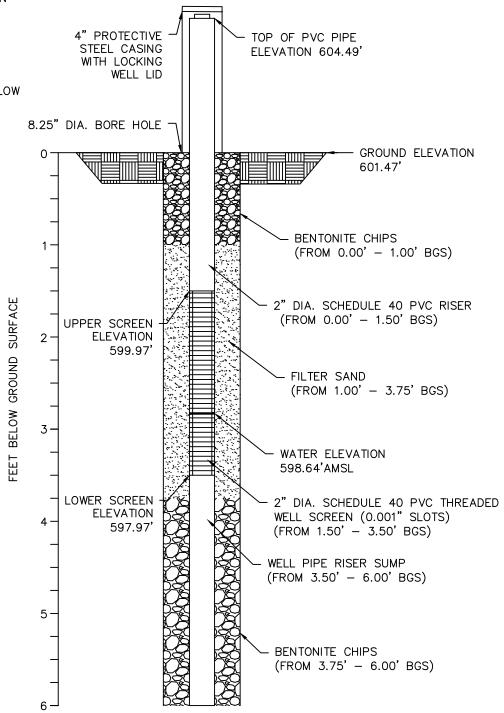
DATE: 01/11/2021

NORTHING: 1086755.04 EASTING: 1055307.64

DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS
DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW

STEM AUGER







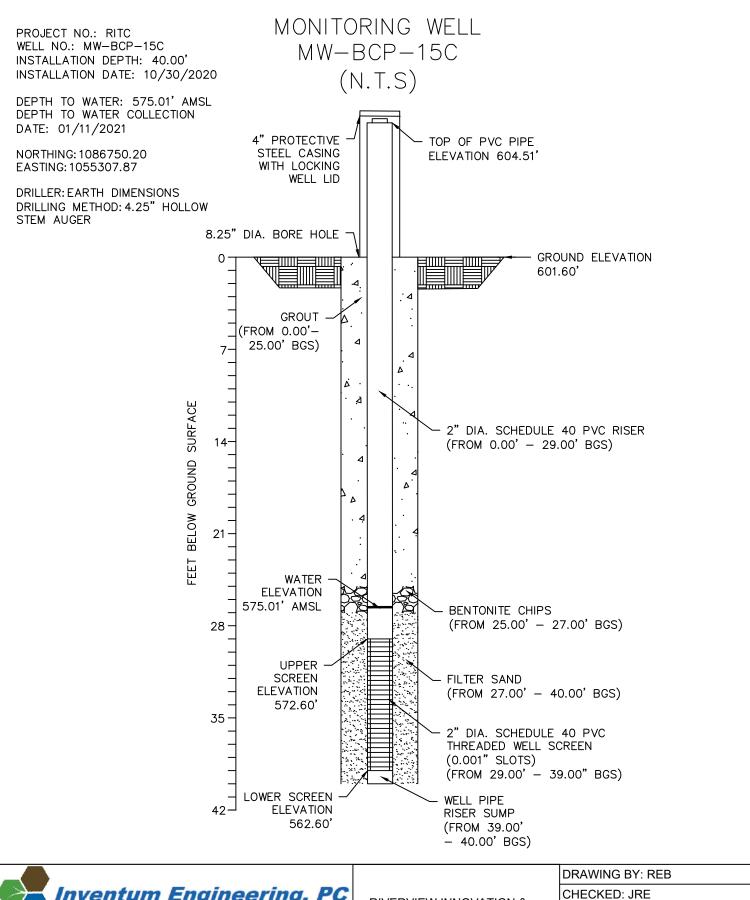
## Inventum Engineering, PC

481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-15A DRAWING NUMBER D- RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW





## Inventum Engineering, PC

**481 CARLISLE DRIVE** SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-15C DRAWING NUMBER D-

RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150

APPROVED: TDW

PROJECT NO.: RITC
WELL NO.: MW-BCP-16A
INSTALLATION DEPTH: 5.50'
INSTALLATION DATE: 11/04/2020

DEPTH TO WATER: 596.27' AMSL DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION

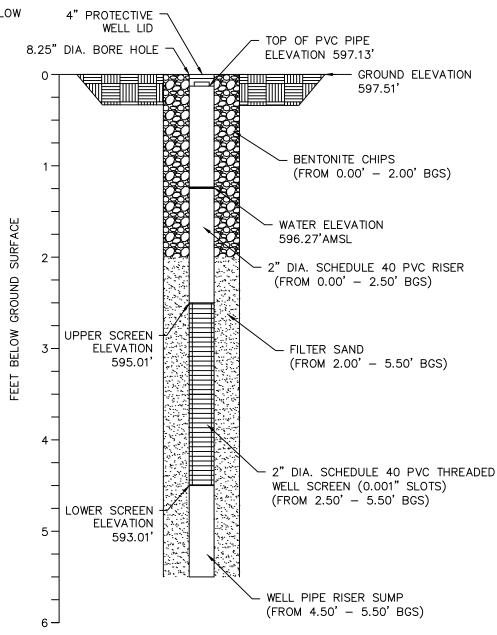
DATE: 01/11/2021

NORTHING: 1086204.34 EASTING: 1055451.81

DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS
DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW

STEM AUGER







481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-15C DRAWING NUMBER D- RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW

PROJECT NO.:RITC
WELL NO.: MW-BCP-16B
INSTALLATION DEPTH: 21.00'
INSTALLATION DATE: 11/3/2020

DEPTH TO WATER: 587.37' AMSL DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION

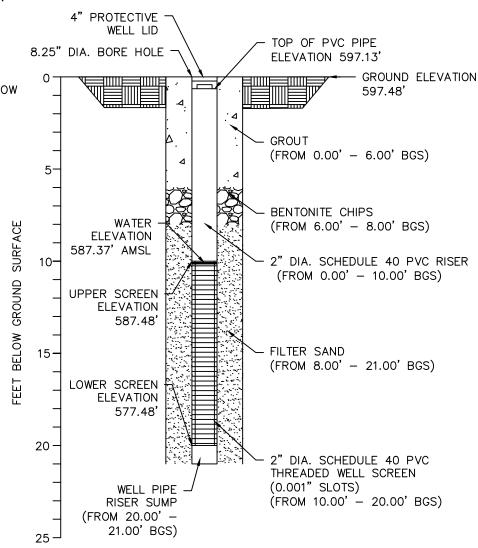
DATE: 1/11/2021

NORTHING: 1086200.13 EASTING: 1055451.68

DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS
DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW

STEM AUGER

## MONITORING WELL MW-BCP-16B (N.T.S)





481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-16B DRAWING NUMBER D- RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW

## MONITORING WELL MW-BCP-16C (N.T.S)

4" PROTECTIVE

INSTALLATION DATE: 11/3/2020 DEPTH TO WATER: 570.43' AMSL DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION

DATE: 01/11/2021

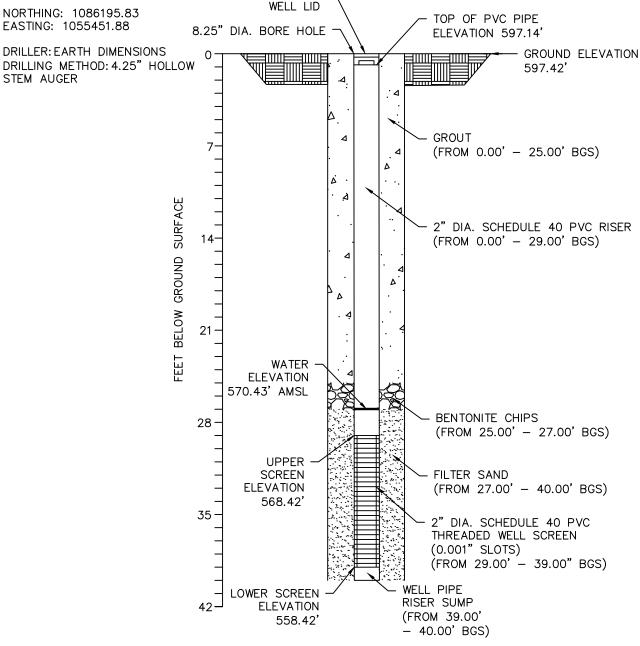
PROJECT NO.: RITC

WELL NO.: MW-BCP-16C INSTALLATION DEPTH: 40.00'

EASTING: 1055451.88

DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW

STEM AUGER





**481 CARLISLE DRIVE** SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-16C DRAWING NUMBER D-

RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150

DRAWING BY: REB CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW

PROJECT NO.: RITC
WELL NO.: MW-BCP-17A
INSTALLATION DEPTH: 6.00'
INSTALLATION DATE: 11/2/2020

DEPTH TO WATER: 594.02' AMSL DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION

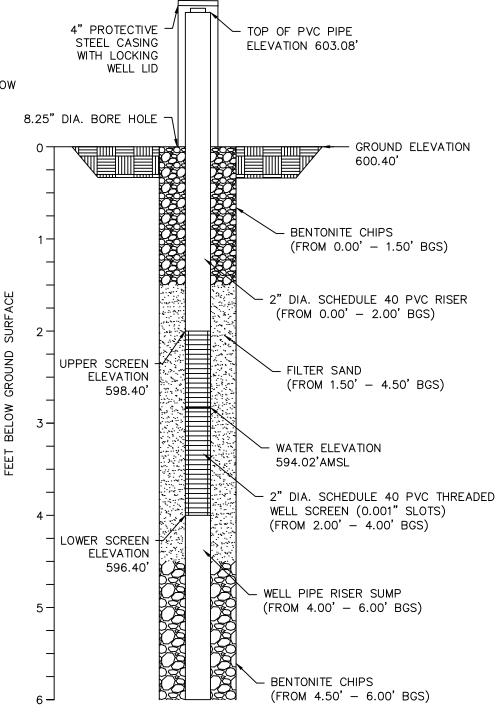
DATE: 01/11/2021

NORTHING: 1086324.27 EASTING: 1056161.36

DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS
DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW

STEM AUGER

MONITORING WELL MW-BCP-17A (N.T.S)





## Inventum Engineering, PC

481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-17A DRAWING NUMBER D- RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW

MONITORING WELL PROJECT NO.: RITC WELL NO.: MW-BCP-17B MW-BCP-17B INSTALLATION DEPTH: 21.00' INSTALLATION DATE: 11/2/2020 (N.T.S)DEPTH TO WATER: 587.07' AMSL DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION DATE: 1/11/2021 NORTHING: 1086319.17 4" PROTECTIVE -TOP OF PVC PIPE EASTING: 1056162.34 STEEL CASING ELEVATION 603.13' WITH LOCKING DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS WELL LID DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW STEM AUGER 8.25" DIA. BORE HOLE GROUND ELEVATION 600.32' (FROM 0.00' - 6.00' BGS) 4 2" DIA. SCHEDULE 40 PVC RISER (FROM 0.00' - 10.00' BGS) BENTONITE CHIPS SURFACE (FROM 6.00' - 8.00' BGS) 10-BELOW GROUND UPPER SCREEN **ELEVATION** FILTER SAND 590.32' (FROM 8.00' - 21.00' BGS) 15 WATER **ELEVATION** FEET LOWER SCREEN 587.07' AMSL **ELEVATION** 580.32 2" DIA. SCHEDULE 40 PVC THREADED WELL SCREEN 20 (0.001" SLOTS) (FROM 10.00' - 20.00' BGS) WELL PIPE RISER SUMP (FROM 20.00' -21.00' BGS) 25



481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-17B DRAWING NUMBER D- RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW

PROJECT NO.: RITC
WELL NO.: MW-BCP-18A
INSTALLATION DEPTH: 5.00'
INSTALLATION DATE: 11/4/2020

DEPTH TO WATER: 600.04' AMSL DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION

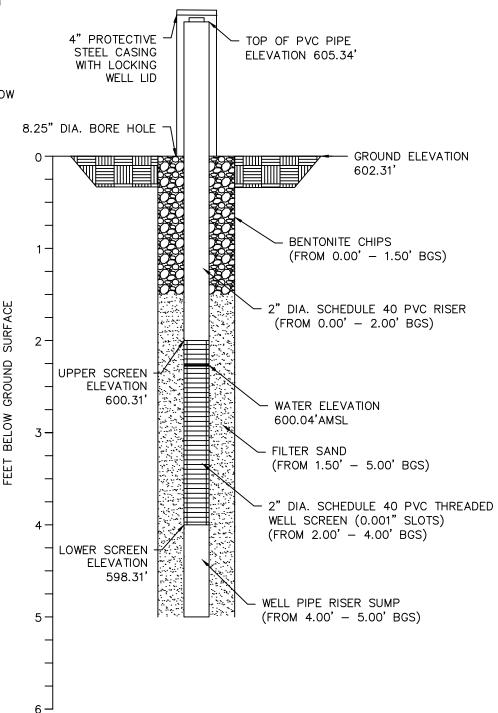
DATE: 01/11/2021

NORTHING: 1086411.63 EASTING: 1056833.33

DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW

STEM AUGER







481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-18A DRAWING NUMBER D- RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW

MONITORING WELL PROJECT NO.: RITC WELL NO.: MW-BCP-18B MW-BCP-18B INSTALLATION DEPTH: 21.00' INSTALLATION DATE: 11/4/2020 (N.T.S) DEPTH TO WATER: 591.06' AMSL DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION DATE: 1/11/2021 NORTHING: 1086319.17 4" PROTECTIVE -TOP OF PVC PIPE EASTING: 1056162.34 STEEL CASING ELEVATION 604.98' WITH LOCKING DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS WELL LID DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW STEM AUGER 8.25" DIA. BORE HOLE GROUND ELEVATION 602.31' **GROUT** (FROM 0.00' - 6.00' BGS) 5 2" DIA. SCHEDULE 40 PVC RISER (FROM 0.00' - 10.00' BGS) BENTONITE CHIPS GROUND SURFACE (FROM 6.00' - 8.00' BGS) 10-FILTER SAND (FROM 8.00' - 21.00' BGS) UPPER SCREEN **ELEVATION** 592.31 WATER BELOW **ELEVATION** 15-591.06' AMSL FEET LOWER SCREEN **ELEVATION** 582.31' 2" DIA. SCHEDULE 40 PVC THREADED WELL SCREEN 20 (0.001" SLOTS) (FROM 10.00' - 20.00' BGS) WELL PIPE RISER SUMP (FROM 20.00' -



481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-18B DRAWING NUMBER D-

21.00' BGS)

RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW

PROJECT NO.: RITC
WELL NO.: MW-BCP-19A
INSTALLATION DEPTH: 7.00'
INSTALLATION DATE: 11/5/2020

DEPTH TO WATER: 605.24' AMSL DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION

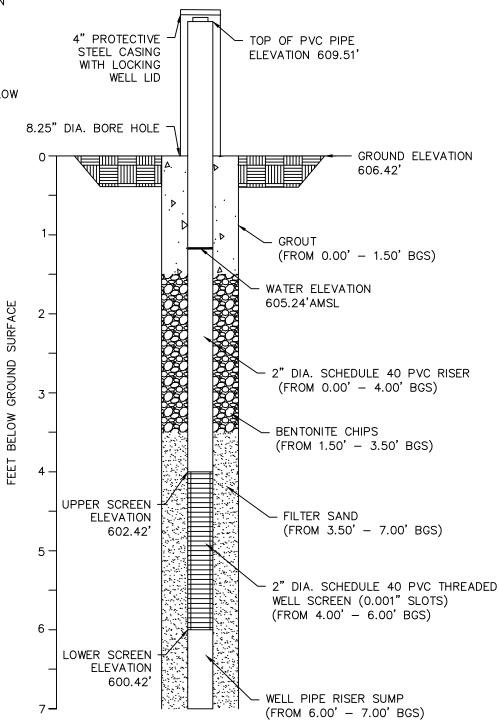
DATE: 01/11/2021

NORTHING: 1086751.40 EASTING: 1057262.72

DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS
DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW

STEM AUGER

## MONITORING WELL MW-BCP-19A (N.T.S)





## Inventum Engineering, PC

481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-19A DRAWING NUMBER D- RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW

PROJECT NO.:RITC
WELL NO.: MW-BCP-19B
INSTALLATION DEPTH: 21.00'
INSTALLATION DATE:11/5/2020

DEPTH TO WATER: 594.35' AMSL DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION

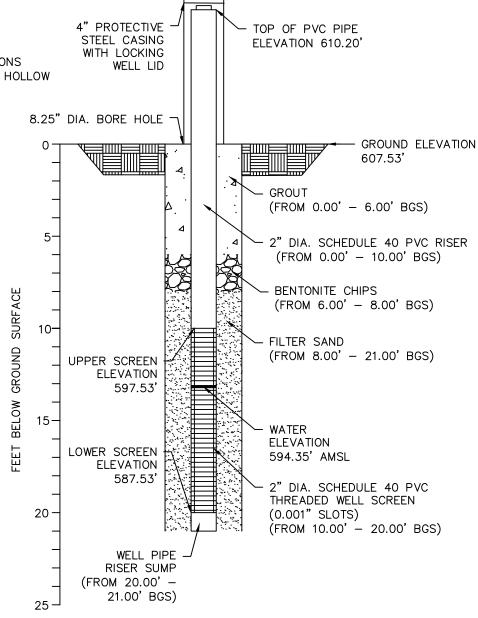
DATE: 1/11/2021

NORTHING: 1086781.99 EASTING: 1057247.51

DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW

STEM AUGER







481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-19B DRAWING NUMBER D- RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW

PROJECT NO.: RITC
WELL NO.: MW-BCP-20A
INSTALLATION DEPTH: 6.00'
INSTALLATION DATE: 11/9/2020

DEPTH TO WATER: 602.57' AMSL DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION

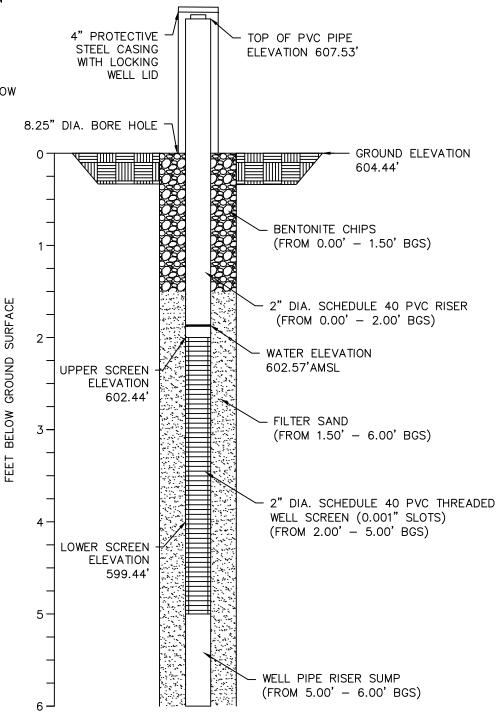
DATE: 01/11/2021

NORTHING: 1086682.38 EASTING: 1056634.82

DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS
DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW

STEM AUGER

MONITORING WELL MW-BCP-20A (N.T.S)





## Inventum Engineering, PC

481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-20A DRAWING NUMBER D- RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW

PROJECT NO.: RITC WELL NO.: MW-BCP-20B INSTALLATION DEPTH: 21.00' INSTALLATION DATE: 11/6/2020

DEPTH TO WATER: 592.02' AMSL DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION

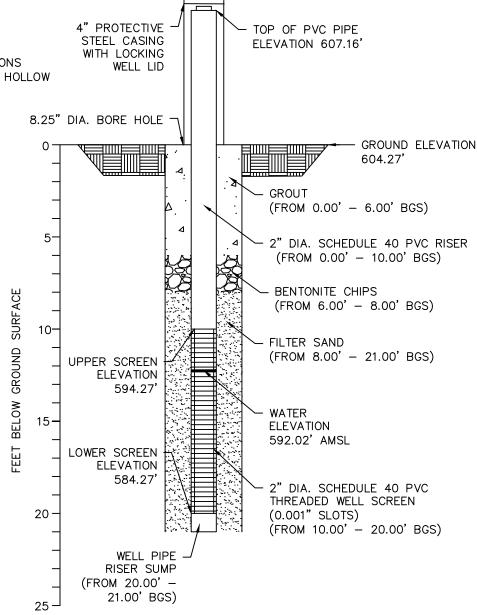
DATE: 1/11/2021

NORTHING: 1086677.23 EASTING: 1056636.43

DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW

STEM AUGER

MONITORING WELL MW-BCP-20B (N.T.S)





**481 CARLISLE DRIVE** SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-20B DRAWING NUMBER D-

RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150

DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW

PROJECT NO.: RITC
WELL NO.: MW-BCP-21A
INSTALLATION DEPTH: 5.50'
INSTALLATION DATE: 06/24/2021

DEPTH TO WATER: 604.25' AMSL DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION

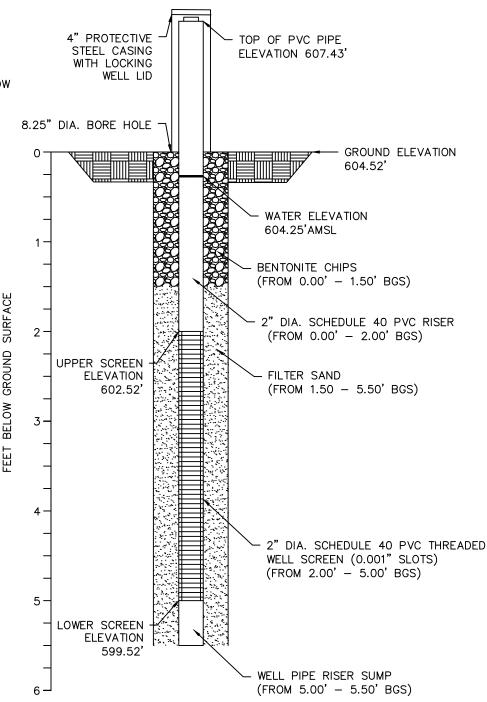
DATE: 09/20/2021

NORTHING: 1087819.76 EASTING: 1055959.62

DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW

STEM AUGER

## MONITORING WELL MW-BCP-21A (N.T.S)



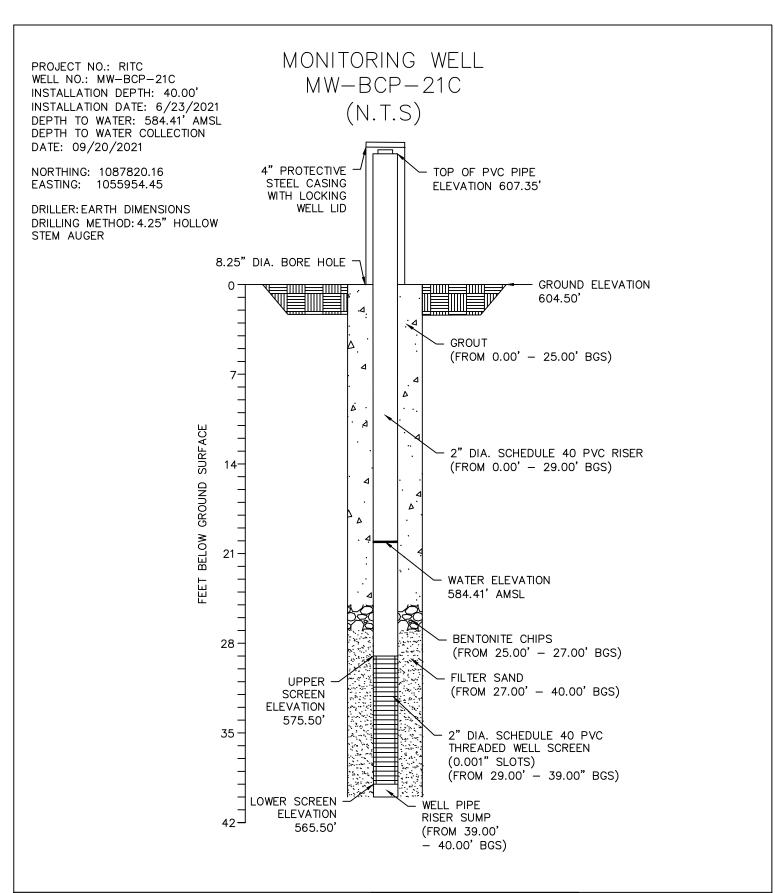


481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-21A DRAWING NUMBER D- RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW



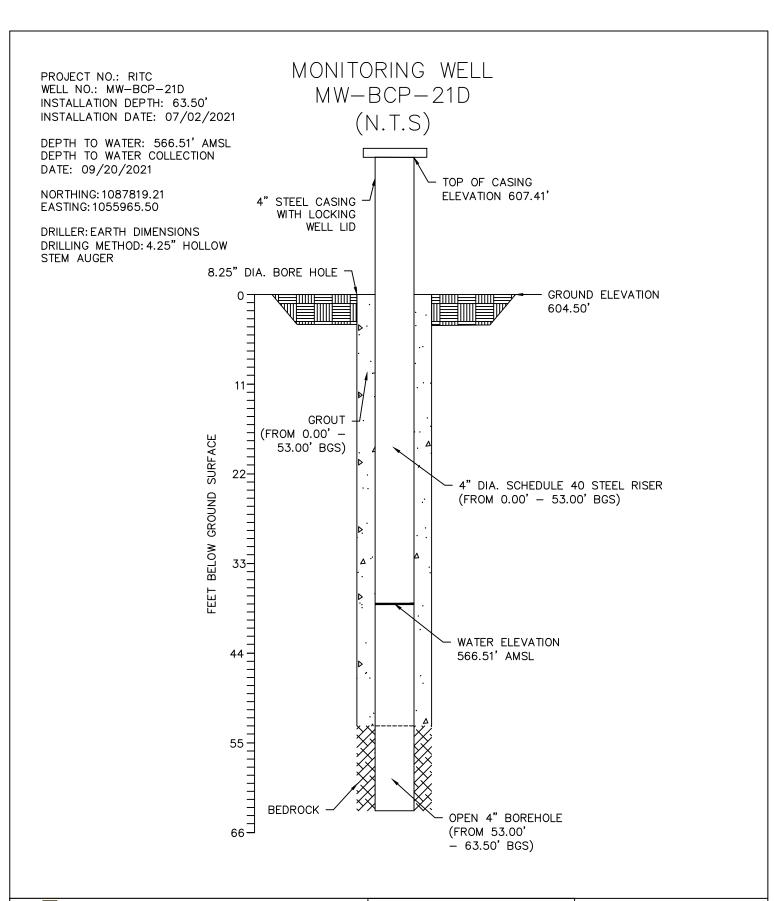


481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-21C DRAWING NUMBER D- RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW





481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-21D DRAWING NUMBER D- RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW

PROJECT NO.: RITC WELL NO.: MW-BCP-22A INSTALLATION DEPTH: 6.00' INSTALLATION DATE: 06/24/2021

DEPTH TO WATER: 604.76' AMSL DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION

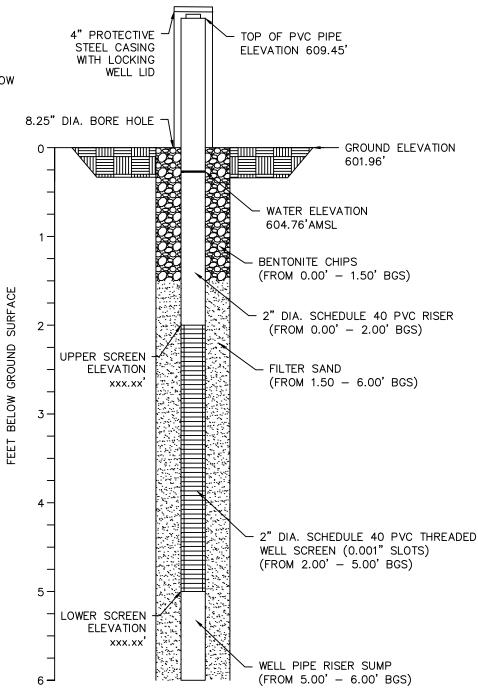
DATE: 09/20/2021

NORTHING: 1087768.44 EASTING: 1056964.29

DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW

STEM AUGER

MONITORING WELL MW-BCP-22A (N.T.S)





## Inventum Engineering, PC

481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-22A DRAWING NUMBER D- RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW

PROJECT NO.: RITC WELL NO.: MW-BCP-23A INSTALLATION DEPTH: 6.00' INSTALLATION DATE: 06/24/2021

DEPTH TO WATER: 604.84' AMSL DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION

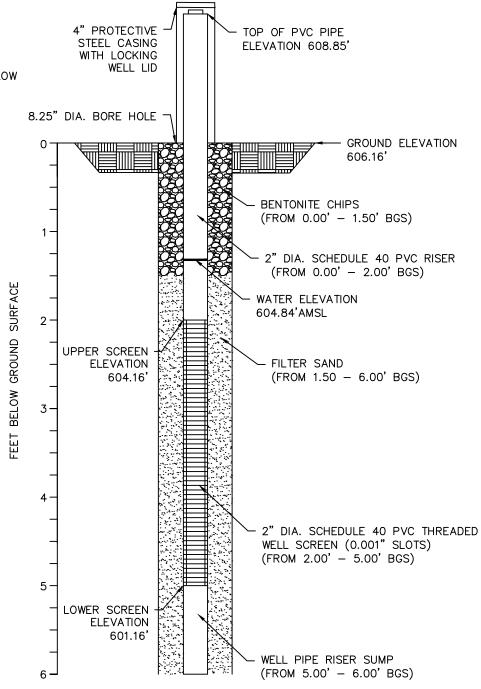
DATE: 09/20/2021

NORTHING: 1087804.74 EASTING: 1057994.20

DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS
DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW

STEM AUGER

MONITORING WELL MW-BCP-23A (N.T.S)





481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-23A DRAWING NUMBER D- RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW

PROJECT NO.: RITC
WELL NO.: MW-BCP-24A
INSTALLATION DEPTH: 9.50'
INSTALLATION DATE: 06/22/2021

DEPTH TO WATER: 606.24' AMSL DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION

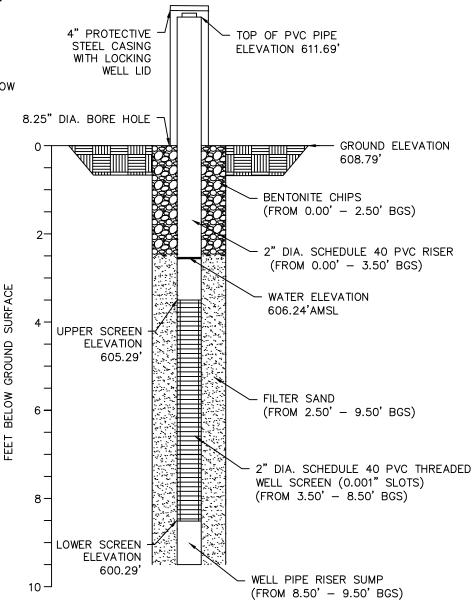
DATE: 09/20/2021

NORTHING: 1087117.11 EASTING: 1057178.46

DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW

STEM AUGER

## MONITORING WELL MW-BCP-24A (N.T.S)





481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-24A DRAWING NUMBER D- RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW

MONITORING WELL PROJECT NO.: RITC WELL NO.: MW-BCP-24B MW-BCP-24B INSTALLATION DEPTH: 25.00' INSTALLATION DATE: 6/22/2021 (N.T.S) DEPTH TO WATER: 603.17' AMSL DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION DATE: 9/20/2021 NORTHING: 1087112.88 4" PROTECTIVE TOP OF PVC PIPE EASTING: 1057177.03 STEEL CASING ELEVATION 611.61' WITH LOCKING DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS WELL LID DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW STEM AUGER 8.25" DIA. BORE HOLE GROUND ELEVATION 608.53 **GROUT** (FROM 0.00' - 10.00' BGS) Δ WATER **ELEVATION** BELOW GROUND SURFACE 603.17' AMSL 2" DIA. SCHEDULE 40 PVC RISER (FROM 0.00' - 14.00' BGS) 10-BENTONITE CHIPS (FROM 10.00' - 12.00' BGS) 15 UPPER SCREEN FILTER SAND FEET **ELEVATION** (FROM 12.00' - 25.00' BGS) 594.53 2" DIA. SCHEDULE 40 PVC 20 THREADED WELL SCREEN LOWER SCREEN (0.001" SLOTS) **ELEVATION** (FROM 14.00' - 24.00' BGS) 584.53 25 WELL PIPE RISER SUMP (FROM 24.00' -25.00' BGS)



481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-24B DRAWING NUMBER D- RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW

PROJECT NO.: RITC
WELL NO.: MW-BCP-25A
INSTALLATION DEPTH: 7.00'
INSTALLATION DATE: 06/22/2021

DEPTH TO WATER: 604.14' AMSL DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION

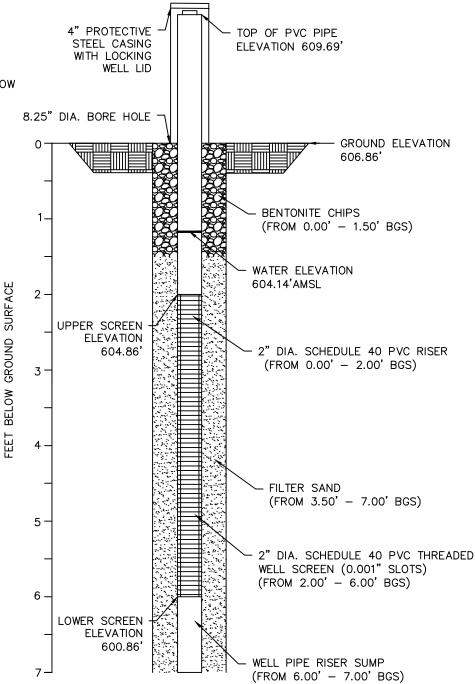
DATE: 09/20/2021

NORTHING: 1086740.71 EASTING: 1057100.68

DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS
DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW

STEM AUGER

MONITORING WELL MW-BCP-25A (N.T.S)





481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-25A DRAWING NUMBER D- RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB
CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW

MONITORING WELL PROJECT NO .: RITC WELL NO.: MW-BCP-25B MW-BCP-25B INSTALLATION DEPTH: 25.00' INSTALLATION DATE: 6/22/2021 (N.T.S) DEPTH TO WATER: 599.04' AMSL DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION DATE: 9/20/2021 NORTHING: 1086737.23 4" PROTECTIVE TOP OF PVC PIPE EASTING: 1057096.37 STEEL CASING ELEVATION 609.93' WITH LOCKING DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS WELL LID DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW STEM AUGER 8.25" DIA. BORE HOLE GROUND ELEVATION 606.93 **GROUT** (FROM 0.00' - 10.00' BGS) Δ 2" DIA. SCHEDULE 40 PVC RISER BELOW GROUND SURFACE (FROM 0.00' - 14.00' BGS) WATER 10-**ELEVATION** 599.04' AMSL BENTONITE CHIPS (FROM 10.00' - 12.00' BGS) UPPER SCREEN FILTER SAND **ELEVATION** FEET (FROM 12.00' - 25.00' BGS) 592.93' 2" DIA. SCHEDULE 40 PVC 20 THREADED WELL SCREEN LOWER SCREEN (0.001" SLOTS) **ELEVATION** (FROM 14.00' - 24.00' BGS) 582.93' 25 WELL PIPE RISER SUMP (FROM 24.00' -25.00' BGS)



481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-25B DRAWING NUMBER D- RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB

CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW

PROJECT NO.: RITC
WELL NO.: MW-BCP-26B
INSTALLATION DEPTH: 20.00'
INSTALLATION DATE: 6/24/2021

DEPTH TO WATER: 600.87' AMSL DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION

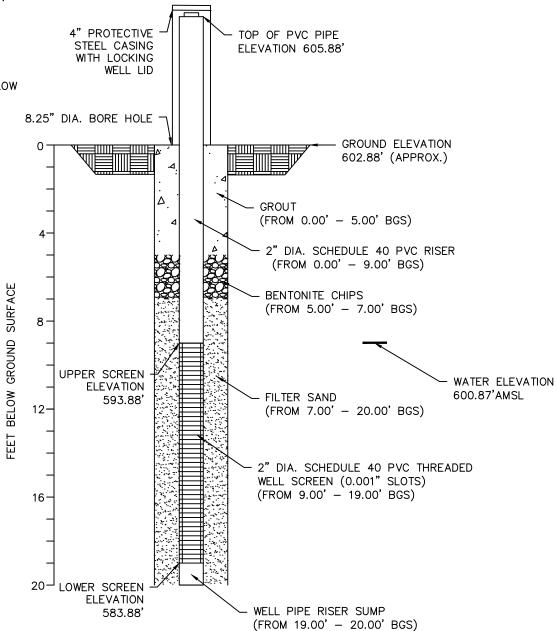
DATE: 9/20//2021

NORTHING: 1086578.80 EASTING: 1057321.76

DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS
DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW

STEM AUGER

MONITORING WELL MW-BCP-26B (N.T.S)



NOTE: GROUND ELEVATION IS ESTIMATED. UPPER AND LOWER SCREEN ELEVATIONS ARE THEREFORE ALSO ESTIMATED.



481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-26B DRAWING NUMBER D- RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB
CHECKED: JRE
APPROVED: TDW

PROJECT NO.: RITC WELL NO.: MW-BCP-27A INSTALLATION DEPTH: 6.50' INSTALLATION DATE: 06/24/2021

DEPTH TO WATER: 605.26' AMSL DEPTH TO WATER COLLECTION

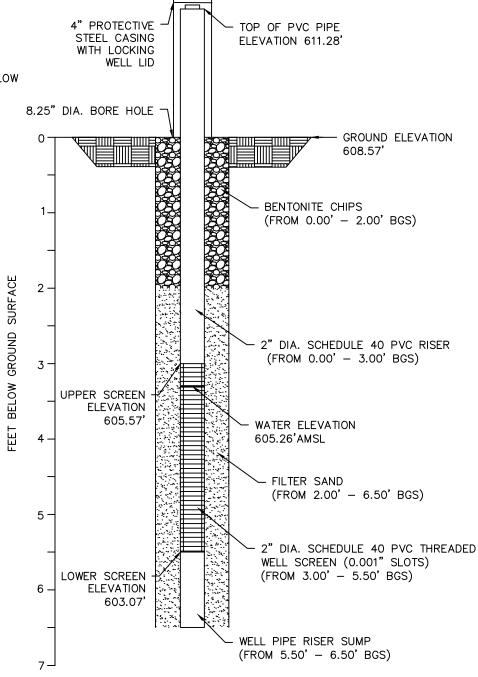
DATE: 09/20/2021

NORTHING: 1087226.57 EASTING: 1058255.48

DRILLER: EARTH DIMENSIONS
DRILLING METHOD: 4.25" HOLLOW

STEM AUGER

# MONITORING WELL MW-BCP-27A (N.T.S)





481 CARLISLE DRIVE SUITE 202 HERNDON VIRGINIA, 20170 (703)722-6049

WELL ID: MW-BCP-27A DRAWING NUMBER D- RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NY 14150 DRAWING BY: REB CHECKED: JRE

APPROVED: TDW

### Appendix C - Wetlands and Waterways Assessment





#### **DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY**

US ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS, BUFFALO DISTRICT 1776 NIAGARA STREET BUFFALO, NEW YORK 14207-3199

January 6, 2023

Regulatory Branch

SUBJECT: Approved Jurisdictional Determination and Delineation Verification for Department of the Army Processing No. LRB-2021-01504

Inventum Engineering Attn: Todd Waldrop 481 Carlisle Drive, Suite 202 Herndon, Virginia 20170

Email: todd.waldrop@inventumeng.com

Dear Mr. Waldrop:

I have reviewed your request for an approved jurisdictional determination (JD) for a 103-acres site made up of multiple parcels on the east side of River Road, in the Town of Tonawanda, Erie County, New York (Sheets 1 and 2 of 4: latitude: 42.98328 N, Longitude: -78.92505 W).

I have determined that the location and extent of all aquatic resources shown on the attached maps accurately represent the review area conditions.

Enclosed is an approved JD which verifies the limits of waters of the U.S. within the review area as depicted on Sheets 3 & 4 of 4. This approved JD will remain valid for a period of five (5) years from the date of this correspondence unless new information warrants revision of the approved JD before the expiration date. At the end of this period, a new aquatic resource delineation will be required to support any request for a new JD.

I have determined that the following aquatic resources are not waters of the U.S. as noted on the attached Approved Jurisdictional Determination Form 1 of 1: Wetlands 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, Ponds 1 & 2, Ponds from Coke removal, and Ditches 1 and 2. Therefore, these aquatic resources are not regulated under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act or Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899. Department of the Army authorization is not required if you propose work, installation of structures, or a discharge of dredged or fill material in these aquatic resources.

Based upon the information provided and as shown on the attached maps, the proposed activity is occurring entirely outside of the geographic limits of any waters of the U.S. Therefore, it has been determined that the Corps has no jurisdiction, and a Department of Army permit is not required.

Further, the delineation included herein has been conducted to identify the location and extent of the aquatic resource boundaries and/or the jurisdictional status of aquatic resources for

#### Regulatory Branch

SUBJECT: Approved Jurisdictional Determination and Delineation Verification for Department of the Army Processing No. LRB-2021-01504

purposes of the Clean Water Act for the review area identified in this request. This delineation and/or jurisdictional determination may not be valid for the Wetland Conservation Provisions of the Food Security Act of 1985, as amended. If you or your tenant are USDA program participants, or anticipate participation in USDA programs, you should discuss the applicability of a certified wetland determination with the local USDA service center, prior to starting work.

If you object to this determination, you may request an administrative appeal under Corps regulations at 33 CFR Part 331. Enclosed you will find a Request for Appeal (RFA) form. If you request to appeal the above JD, you must submit a completed RFA form within 60 days of the date on this letter to the Great Lakes/Ohio River Division Office at the following address:

Katherine McCafferty Regulatory Appeals Officer US Army Corps of Engineers Great Lakes and Ohio River Division 550 Main Street, Room 10780 Cincinnati, Ohio 45202-3222

Phone: 513-684-2699 Fax: 513-684-2460

e-mail: katherine.a.mccafferty@usace.army.mil

In order for an RFA to be accepted by the Corps, the Corps must determine that it is complete; that it meets the criteria for appeal under 33 C.F.R. part 331.5, and that it has been received by the Division Office within 60 days of the date of the NAP. Should you decide to submit an RFA form, it must be received at the above address by **March 8, 2023**.

It is not necessary to submit an RFA to the Division office if you do not object to the determination in this letter.

A copy of this letter has been sent to Earth Dimensions, Inc.

Questions pertaining to this matter should be directed to me at (716)879-4240, by writing to the following address: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Regulatory Branch 1776 Niagara Street, Buffalo, New York 14207 or by e-mail at: Shaina.r.souder@usace.army.mil

Sincerely,

Shaina R. Souder

Main Prande

**Biologist** 

**Enclosures** 

Form 1 of 1 LRB-2021-01504 Wetlands 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 Ponds 1, 2, 3, & Ponds\_FromCokeRemoval Ditches 1 and 2 **Isolated Waters/Wetlands** Page 1

#### APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION FORM **U.S. Army Corps of Engineers**

This form should be completed by following the instructions provided in Section IV of the JD Form Instructional Guidebook.

#### SECTION I: BACKGROUND INFORMATION

A. REPORT COMPLETION DATE FOR APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (JD): January 6,

2023 B. DISTRICT OFFICE, FILE NAME, AND NUMBER: Buffalo District (LRB); Inventum Engineering - Riverview Innovation & Technology Campus; LRB-2021-01504; Form 1 of 1. C. PROJECT LOCATION AND BACKGROUND INFORMATION: State: New York County: Erie City: Tonawanda Center coordinates of site (lat/long in degree decimal format): Lat: 42.98328° N Long: -78.69843° W Universal Transverse Mercator: Zone: 17 Name of nearest waterbody: Niagara River Name of nearest Traditional Navigable Water (TNW) into which the aquatic resource flows: N/A Name of watershed or Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC): 0412010406 Check if map/diagram of review area and/or potential jurisdictional areas is/are available upon request. Check if other sites (e.g., offsite mitigation sites, disposal sites, etc...) are associated with this action and are recorded on a different JD form. D. REVIEW PERFORMED FOR SITE EVALUATION: Office (Desk) Determination Date: January 6, 2023 Field Determination. Date: October 28, 2022 SECTION II: SUMMARY OF FINDINGS A. RHA SECTION 10 DETERMINATION OF JURISDICTION. There **ARE NO** "navigable waters of the U.S." within Rivers and Harbors Act (RHA) jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 329) in the review area. [Required] Waters subject to the ebb and flow of the tide. Waters are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce. Explain: B. CWA SECTION 404 DETERMINATION OF JURISDICTION. There **ARE NO** "waters of the U.S." within Clean Water Act (CWA) jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 328) in the review area. 1. Waters of the U.S. a. Indicate presence of waters of U.S. in review area (check all that apply): 1 TNWs, including territorial seas Wetlands adjacent to TNWs Relatively permanent waters<sup>2</sup> (RPWs) that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs Non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs

#### b. Identify (estimate) size of waters of the U.S. in the review area:

Non-wetland waters: linear feet: width (ft) and/or acres.

Wetlands directly abutting RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs

Wetlands adjacent to non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs

Isolated (interstate or intrastate) waters, including isolated wetlands

<sup>1</sup> Boxes checked below shall be supported by completing the appropriate sections in Section III below.

Impoundments of jurisdictional waters

Wetlands adjacent to but not directly abutting RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For purposes of this form, an RPW is defined as a tributary that is not a TNW and that typically flows year-round or has continuous flow at least "seasonally" (e.g., typically 3 months).

Form 1 of 1 LRB-2021-01504 Wetlands 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 Ponds 1, 2, 3, & Ponds\_FromCokeRemoval Ditches 1 and 2 Isolated Wetlands/Preamble Non-jurisdictional Aquatic Resources Page 2

Wetlands: acres.

#### c. Limits (boundaries) of jurisdiction based on: Pick List

Elevation of established OHWM (if known):

#### 2. Non-regulated waters/wetlands (check if applicable):<sup>3</sup>

Potentially jurisdictional waters and/or wetlands were assessed within the review area and determined to be not jurisdictional.

The review area is an approximately 103-acre irregular-shaped area made up of multiple parcels on the east side of River Road, in the Town of Tonawanda, Erie County, New York. The review area is a highly disturbed parcel that is contaminated with Coke and the current active project is removing much of the coke. There are remnant buildings and other human structures on the parcel too. The review area contains several aquatic resources including constructed ponds and ditches that are part of a drainage system to work with the products on-site, as follows:

Wetland 1	.751 acre	PEM
Wetland 2	.125 acre	PEM
Wetland 3	.32 acre	PEM
Wetland 4	.364 acre	PEM
Wetland 5	.078 acre	PEM
Wetland 6	.026 acre	PEM
Pond Areas (from recent Coke removal)	1.308 acre	POW
Pond 1	.432 acre	POW
Pond 2	.248 acre	POW
Ditch 1	1240 ft	R4
Ditch 2	866 ft	R4
Pond 3	.122 acre	POW

Explain: Wetlands 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, are not, or could not be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes; or from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce; or is used or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce. Further, the subject wetlands, ponds, and ditches do not meet adjacency criteria and has been determined to be an isolated, intrastate wetland with no interstate or foreign commerce nexus.

The review area also contains Ponds 1, 2, 3, and Pond Areas (from recent Coke removal), and Ditches 1 and 2. Ponds 1, 2, 3, and Ditches 1 and 2 are man-made storm water control features that are part of an active, approved Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan and are actively managed within this area. The Pond areas in the west-central portion of the site are waters that resulted from recent coke removal (since the delineation completion in 2021) and are now functioning as a man-made pond complex consisting of three ponds. It has been determined that these waters are not considered to be waters of the U.S. as described in the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Regulations preamble, dated November 13, 1986 (preamble water), and as supported by the narrative below in this document.

#### SECTION III: CWA ANALYSIS

#### A. TNWs AND WETLANDS ADJACENT TO TNWs

The agencies will assert jurisdiction over TNWs and wetlands adjacent to TNWs. If the aquatic resource is a TNW, complete Section III.A.1 and Section III.D.1. only; if the aquatic resource is a wetland adjacent to a TNW, complete Sections III.A.1 and 2 and Section III.D.1.; otherwise, see Section III.B below.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Supporting documentation is presented in Section III.F.

Form 1 of 1 LRB-2021-01504 Wetlands 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 Ponds 1, 2, 3, & Ponds\_FromCokeRemoval Ditches 1 and 2 Isolated Wetlands/Preamble Non-jurisdictional Aquatic Resources Page 3

#### 1. TNW

Identify TNW:

Summarize rationale supporting determination:

#### 2. Wetland adjacent to TNW

Summarize rationale supporting conclusion that wetland is "adjacent":

B. CHARACTERISTICS OF TRIBUTARY (THAT IS NOT A TNW) AND ITS ADJACENT WETLANDS (IF ANY): This section summarizes information regarding characteristics of the tributary and its adjacent wetlands, if any, and it helps determine whether or not the standards for jurisdiction established under *Rapanos* have been met.

The agencies will assert jurisdiction over non-navigable tributaries of TNWs where the tributaries are "relatively permanent waters" (RPWs), i.e. tributaries that typically flow year-round or have continuous flow at least seasonally (e.g., typically 3 months). A wetland that directly abuts an RPW is also jurisdictional. If the aquatic resource is not a TNW, but has year-round (perennial) flow, skip to Section III.D.2. If the aquatic resource is a wetland directly abutting a tributary with perennial flow, skip to Section III.D.4.

A wetland that is adjacent to but that does not directly abut an RPW requires a significant nexus evaluation. Corps districts and EPA regions will include in the record any available information that documents the existence of a significant nexus between a relatively permanent tributary that is not perennial (and its adjacent wetlands if any) and a traditional navigable water, even though a significant nexus finding is not required as a matter of law.

If the waterbody<sup>4</sup> is not an RPW, or a wetland directly abutting an RPW, a JD will require additional data to determine if the waterbody has a significant nexus with a TNW. If the tributary has adjacent wetlands, the significant nexus evaluation must consider the tributary in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands. This significant nexus evaluation that combines, for analytical purposes, the tributary and all of its adjacent wetlands is used whether the review area identified in the JD request is the tributary, or its adjacent wetlands, or both. If the JD covers a tributary with adjacent wetlands, complete Section III.B.1 for the tributary, Section III.B.2 for any onsite wetlands, and Section III.B.3 for all wetlands adjacent to that tributary, both onsite and offsite. The determination whether a significant nexus exists is determined in Section III.C below.

1. Characteristics of non-TNWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNW

(i)	General Area Conditions:
	Watershed size: <b>Pick List</b>
	Drainage area: Pick List
	Average annual rainfall: inches
(ii)	Physical Characteristics:
` ′	(a) Relationship with TNW:
	Tributary flows directly into TNW.
	Tributary flows through <b>Pick List</b> tributaries before entering TNW
	Project waters are <b>Pick List</b> river miles from TNW
	Project waters are <b>Pick List</b> river miles from RPW
	Project waters are <b>Pick List</b> aerial (straight) miles from TNW
	Project waters are <b>Pick List</b> aerial (straight) miles from RPW
	Project waters cross or serve as state boundaries. Explain:
	Identify flow route to TNW <sup>5</sup> :
	Tributary stream order, if known:
	·
	(b) General Tributary Characteristics (check all that apply):
	Tributary is: Natural

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Note that the Instructional Guidebook contains additional information regarding swales, ditches, washes, and erosional features generally and in the arid West.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Flow route can be described by identifying, e.g., tributary a, which flows through the review area, to flow into tributary b, which then flows into TNW.

Form 1 of 1 LRB-2021-01504 Wetlands 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 Ponds 1, 2, 3, & Ponds\_FromCokeRemoval Ditches 1 and 2 Isolated Wetlands/Preamble Non-jurisdictional Aquatic Resources Page 4 Artificial (man-made). Explain: Manipulated (man-altered). Explain: **Tributary** properties with respect to top of bank (estimate): Average width: feet Average depth: feet Average side slopes: Pick List Primary tributary substrate composition (check all that apply): Silts Sands Concrete Cobbles Gravel Muck Bedrock ☐ Vegetation. Type/% cover: Other. Explain: Tributary condition/stability [e.g., highly eroding, sloughing banks]. Explain: Presence of run/riffle/pool complexes. Explain: Tributary geometry: Pick List Tributary gradient (approximate average slope): % (c) Flow: Tributary provides for: Pick List Estimate average number of flow events in review area/year: Pick List Describe flow regime: Other information on duration and volume: Surface flow is: **Pick List.** Characteristics: Subsurface flow: **Pick List**. Explain findings: Dye (or other) test performed: Tributary has (check all that apply): Bed and banks OHWM<sup>6</sup> (check all indicators that apply): clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris destruction of terrestrial vegetation changes in the character of soil shelving the presence of wrack line vegetation matted down, bent, or absent sediment sorting leaf litter disturbed or washed away scour multiple observed or predicted flow events sediment deposition abrupt change in plant community water staining other (list): Discontinuous OHWM.<sup>7</sup> Explain: If factors other than the OHWM were used to determine lateral extent of CWA jurisdiction (check all that apply): High Tide Line indicated by: Mean High Water Mark indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects survey to available datum; fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings; physical markings/characteristics vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types. tidal gauges other (list):

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>A natural or man-made discontinuity in the OHWM does not necessarily sever jurisdiction (e.g., where the stream temporarily flows underground, or where the OHWM has been removed by development or agricultural practices). Where there is a break in the OHWM that is unrelated to the waterbody's flow regime (e.g., flow over a rock outcrop or through a culvert), the agencies will look for indicators of flow above and below the break.

Tibid.

Form 1 of 1 LRB-2021-01504 Wetlands 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 Ponds 1, 2, 3, & Ponds\_FromCokeRemoval Ditches 1 and 2 Isolated Wetlands/Preamble Non-jurisdictional Aquatic Resources Page 5 (iii) Chemical Characteristics: Characterize tributary (e.g., water color is clear, discolored, oily film; water quality; general watershed characteristics, etc.). Explain: Identify specific pollutants, if known: (iv) Biological Characteristics. Channel supports (check all that apply): Riparian corridor. Characteristics (type, average width): Wetland fringe. Characteristics: ☐ Habitat for: Federally Listed species. Explain findings: Fish/spawn areas. Explain findings: Other environmentally-sensitive species. Explain findings: Aquatic/wildlife diversity. Explain findings: Characteristics of wetlands adjacent to non-TNW that flow directly or indirectly into TNW (i) Physical Characteristics: (a) General Wetland Characteristics: Properties: Wetland size: acres Wetland type. Explain: Wetland quality. Explain: Project wetlands cross or serve as state boundaries. Explain: (b) General Flow Relationship with Non-TNW: Flow is: **Pick List**. Explain: Surface flow is: Pick List Characteristics: Subsurface flow: Pick List. Explain findings: Dye (or other) test performed: (c) Wetland Adjacency Determination with Non-TNW: Directly abutting Not directly abutting Discrete wetland hydrologic connection. Explain: Ecological connection. Explain: ☐ Separated by berm/barrier. Explain: (d) Proximity (Relationship) to TNW Project wetlands are **Pick List** river miles from TNW. Project waters are **Pick List** aerial (straight) miles from TNW. Flow is from: **Pick List.** Estimate approximate location of wetland as within the **Pick List** floodplain. (ii) Chemical Characteristics: Characterize wetland system (e.g., water color is clear, brown, oil film on surface; water quality; general watershed characteristics; etc.). Explain: Identify specific pollutants, if known: (iii) Biological Characteristics. Wetland supports (check all that apply): Riparian buffer. Characteristics (type, average width): Vegetation type/percent cover. Explain:

☐ Habitat for:

Federally Listed species. Explain findings:

Form 1	of 1				
LRB-20	021-01504 Wetlands 1, 2, 3, 4, 5,	6			
Ponds 1	1, 2, 3, & Ponds_FromCokeRemo	oval			
	1 and 2				
Isolated	l Wetlands/Preamble Non-juriso	lictional Aquatic Resor	urces		
Page 6	- + + • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
- uge o					
	Fish/spawn areas. Ex Other environmental	xplain findings: lly-sensitive species. Ex	xplain findings:		
	Aquatic/wildlife div	ersity. Explain findings	:		
3.	Characteristics of all wetlands	adjacent to the tributa	ary (if any)		
All wetland(s) being considered in the cumulative analysis: <b>Pick List</b>					
Approximately ( ) acres in total are being considered in the cumulative analysis.					
	For each wetland, specify the	e following:			
	Directly abuts? (Y/N)	Size (in acres)	Directly abuts? (Y/N)	Size (in acres)	
	Summarize over	erall biological, chemica	al and physical functions being	performed:	

#### C. SIGNIFICANT NEXUS DETERMINATION

A significant nexus analysis will assess the flow characteristics and functions of the tributary itself and the functions performed by any wetlands adjacent to the tributary to determine if they significantly affect the chemical, physical, and biological integrity of a TNW. For each of the following situations, a significant nexus exists if the tributary, in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands, has more than a speculative or insubstantial effect on the chemical, physical and/or biological integrity of a TNW. Considerations when evaluating significant nexus include, but are not limited to the volume, duration, and frequency of the flow of water in the tributary and its proximity to a TNW, and the functions performed by the tributary and all its adjacent wetlands. It is not appropriate to determine significant nexus based solely on any specific threshold of distance (e.g. between a tributary and its adjacent wetland or between a tributary and the TNW). Similarly, the fact an adjacent wetland lies within or outside of a floodplain is not solely determinative of significant nexus.

Draw connections between the features documented and the effects on the TNW, as identified in the *Rapanos* Guidance and discussed in the Instructional Guidebook. Factors to consider include, for example:

- Does the tributary, in combination with its adjacent wetlands (if any), have the capacity to carry pollutants or flood waters to TNWs, or to reduce the amount of pollutants or flood waters reaching a TNW?
- Does the tributary, in combination with its adjacent wetlands (if any), provide habitat and lifecycle support functions for fish and other species, such as feeding, nesting, spawning, or rearing young for species that are present in the TNW?
- Does the tributary, in combination with its adjacent wetlands (if any), have the capacity to transfer nutrients and organic carbon that support downstream foodwebs?
- Does the tributary, in combination with its adjacent wetlands (if any), have other relationships to the physical, chemical, or biological integrity of the TNW?

Note: the above list of considerations is not inclusive and other functions observed or known to occur should be documented below:

- 1. Significant nexus findings for non-RPW that has no adjacent wetlands and flows directly or indirectly into TNWs. Explain findings of presence or absence of significant nexus below, based on the tributary itself, then go to Section III.D:
- 2. Significant nexus findings for non-RPW and its adjacent wetlands, where the non-RPW flows directly or indirectly into TNWs. Explain findings of presence or absence of significant nexus below, based on the tributary in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands, then go to Section III.D:
- 3. Significant nexus findings for wetlands adjacent to an RPW but that do not directly abut the RPW. Explain findings of presence or absence of significant nexus below, based on the tributary in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands, then go to Section III.D:

## D. DETERMINATIONS OF JURISDICTIONAL FINDINGS. THE SUBJECT WATERS/WETLANDS ARE (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY):

1. TNWs and Adjacent Wetlands. Check all that apply and provide size estimates in review area:

Ponds 1 Ditches	21-01504 Wetlands 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 , 2, 3, & Ponds_FromCokeRemoval
	☐ TNWs: linear feet width (ft), Or, acres. ☐ Wetlands adjacent to TNWs: acres.
2.	RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs.  Tributaries of TNWs where tributaries typically flow year-round are jurisdictional. Provide data and rationale indicating that tributary is perennial:  Tributaries of TNW where tributaries have continuous flow "seasonally" (e.g., typically three months each year) are jurisdictional. Data supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.B. Provide rationale indicating that tributary flows seasonally:  Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters in the review area (check all that apply):  Tributary waters: linear feet width (ft).  Other non-wetland waters: acres.  Identify type(s) of waters:
3.	Non-RPWs <sup>8</sup> that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs.  Waterbody that is not a TNW or an RPW, but flows directly or indirectly into a TNW, and it has a significant nexus with a TNW is jurisdictional. Data supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.C.
	Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters within the review area (check all that apply):  Tributary waters: linear feet width (ft).  Other non-wetland waters: acres.  Identify type(s) of waters:
4.	Wetlands directly abutting an RPW that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs.  Wetlands directly abut RPW and thus are jurisdictional as adjacent wetlands.  Wetlands directly abutting an RPW where tributaries typically flow year-round. Provide data and rationale indicating that tributary is perennial in Section III.D.2, above. Provide rationale indicating that wetland is directly abutting an RPW:  Wetlands directly abutting an RPW where tributaries typically flow "seasonally." Provide data indicating that tributary is seasonal in Section III.B and rationale in Section III.D.2, above. Provide rationale indicating that wetland is directly abutting an RPW:  Provide acreage estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area: acres.
5.	Wetlands adjacent to but not directly abutting an RPW that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs.  Wetlands that do not directly abut an RPW, but when considered in combination with the tributary to which they are adjacent and with similarly situated adjacent wetlands, have a significant nexus with a TNW are jurisdictional. Data supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.C.  Provide acreage estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area: acres.
6.	Wetlands adjacent to non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs.  Wetlands adjacent to such waters, and have when considered in combination with the tributary to which they are adjacent and with similarly situated adjacent wetlands, have a significant nexus with a TNW are jurisdictional. Data supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.C.  Provide estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area: acres.
7.	Impoundments of jurisdictional waters.9  As a general rule, the impoundment of a jurisdictional tributary remains jurisdictional.  Demonstrate that impoundment was created from "waters of the U.S.," or  Demonstrate that water meets the criteria for one of the categories presented above (1-6), or  Demonstrate that water is isolated with a nexus to commerce (see E below).

 $<sup>^8</sup> See$  Footnote # 3.  $^9$  To complete the analysis refer to the key in Section III.D.6 of the Instructional Guidebook.

Form 1 of 1 LRB-2021-01504 Wetlands 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 Ponds 1, 2, 3, & Ponds\_FromCokeRemoval Ditches 1 and 2 Isolated Wetlands/Preamble Non-jurisdictional Aquatic Resources Page 8

Ε.	ISOLATED [INTERSTATE OR INTRA-STATE] WATERS, INCLUDING ISOLATED WETLANDS, THE USE
	DEGRADATION OR DESTRUCTION OF WHICH COULD AFFECT INTERSTATE COMMERCE,
	INCLUDING ANY SUCH WATERS (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY):10
	which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
	from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
	which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
	Interstate isolated waters. Explain:
	Other factors. Explain:
	Identify water body and summarize rationale supporting determination:
	Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters in the review area (check all that apply):
	Tributary waters: linear feet width (ft).
	Other non-wetland waters: acres.
	Identify type(s) of waters:
	Wetlands: acres.
F.	NON-JURISDICTIONAL WATERS, INCLUDING WETLANDS (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY):
	If potential wetlands were assessed within the review area, these areas did not meet the criteria in the 1987 Corps of
	Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual and/or appropriate Regional Supplements.
	Review area included isolated waters with no substantial nexus to interstate (or foreign) commerce.
	Prior to the Jan 2001 Supreme Court decision in "SWANCC," the review area would have been regulated based
	solely on the "Migratory Bird Rule" (MBR).
	Waters do not meet the "Significant Nexus" standard, where such a finding is required for jurisdiction. Explain:
	Other: (explain, if not covered above):
7	The review area is an approximately 103-acre irregular-shaped area made up of multiple parcels on the east side of River
n	1' 4 TD CTD 1 TD CT 4 NY NY 1 TD1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

The review area is an approximately 103-acre irregular-shaped area made up of multiple parcels on the east side of River Road, in the Town of Tonawanda, Erie County, New York. The review area is a highly disturbed parcel that is contaminated with Coke and the current active project is removing much of the coke. There are remnant buildings and other human structures on the parcel too. The review area contains several aquatic resources including constructed ponds and ditches that are part of a drainage system to work with the products on-site: Wetlands 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, Ponds 1, 2, 3, Ditches 1 and 2, and Ponded areas from recent Coke removal.

On October 28, 2022, a site visit was performed by U.S. Army Corps of Engineers staff with the wetland delineator, Mr. Scott Livingstone from Earth Dimensions, Inc. During the site visit Wetland's 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 were walked entirely around confirming that there were no observable surface water connections to any of these. Wetlands 1, 2, 5, and 6 are Palustrine Emergent wetlands that are depressional in nature resulting from the flat nature of the site and the historic high level of disturbance before being left fallow, which created early successional vegetation growth and including the establishment of invasive species, such as *Phragmites australis*. Wetlands 3 and 4 are Palustrine Emergent wetlands located on the western extent of the review area and are in a much more topographic location, located lower than the entrance road to the review area. An in-office resource review, including aerial imagery suggested that this area may flow to the west. However, during the October 28, 2022 site visit it was determined that Wetlands 3 and 4 were completely surrounded by dry land and in some areas consisting of old fill material; no surface or subsurface water connections were observed flowing to the ditch observed in aerials outside of the review area. The nearest RPW is the Niagara River which is located approximately 2000 linear feet to the west of the review area. on the west side of the review area, approximately 440 linear feet away from Wetland 1. Wetlands 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 is not within a floodplain of any streams or rivers and does not have any inundations by any other regulated waters. There is no possibility of water from the wetlands within the review area to exchange waters through a surface or subsurface water connection with the Niagara River.

A review of in-office resources was conducted. The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Wetland mapper does not show any wetlands or waters or streams within the review area; the nearest waters shown are wetlands south of the site and a stream just outside of the western extent of the review area along River Road. According to the USDA NRCS web soil survey, majority of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Prior to asserting or declining CWA jurisdiction based solely on this category, Corps Districts will elevate the action to Corps and EPA HQ for review consistent with the process described in the Corps/EPA Memorandum Regarding CWA Act Jurisdiction Following Rapanos.

Form 1 of 1 LRB-2021-01504 Wetlands 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 Ponds 1, 2, 3, & Ponds\_FromCokeRemoval Ditches 1 and 2 Isolated Wetlands/Preamble Non-jurisdictional Aquatic Resources Page 9

the review area is mapped as Ud-Urban Land, which has a hydric rating of 5. The locations of Wetlands 3 and 4 has soil types of CfB- Cayuga silt loam, 3-8% slopes and CfC – Cayuga silt loam, 8-15% slopes, both having a hydric rating of 0. The location of Wetland 1 is mapped with soil majorly labeled as Ud, but the southern extent is mapped as Od-Odessa silt loam, 0-3% slopes which has a hydric rating of 5. Even mapped as Urban Land, due to the high disturbance on this site, much of the soils have been disturbed and likely filled, changing their composition. Further to the east of this location a narrow strip of area on the southern portion of the review area is mapped as Oe-Odessa Lakemont complex, 0-3% slopes which has a hydric rating of 37 and La-Lakemont silt loam, 0-3% slopes which has a hydric rating of 95. The New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Environmental Resource Mapper (ERM) has a NYSDEC wetland (labeled BW-6) mapped outside of the review area on the east and southeast side of the review area; some of the adjacent area comes minimally into the eastern portion of the review area. The ERM does not show any streams flowing around or through the review area. The FEMA FIRM website indicated that there is a mapped floodplain around the Niagara River, but none within the review area. Aerial and Oblique imagery was reviewed prior to the site visit, which supports that the review area is a highly disturbed parcel (historically and currently), and the ponds and ditches were the only visible waters. Earth Dimensions, Inc. also provided a copy of the letter from the NYSDEC that states that "there is no [NYSDEC] state-regulated freshwater wetlands jurisdiction" of Wetlands 1, 2, and 6 as shown in the Earth Dimensions Inc November 2021 delineation report, and that "Wetlands 1, 3, and 4 [as shown in the Earth Dimensions Inc November 2021 delineation report] are over 500 feet from the originally mapped wetland and cannot be considered for inclusion into NYSDEC Wetland BW-6."The in-office resource review is consistent with and support the findings of the Wetlands and Waterbodies Delineation Report submitted by Earth Dimensions, Inc. and observations made during the Corps of Engineers site visit on October 28, 2022.

The review area also contains Ponds 1, 2, 3, and Pond Areas (from recent Coke removal), and Ditches 1 and 2. Ponds 1, 2, 3, and Ditches 1 and 2 that are man-made storm water control features that are part of an active, approved Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan and are actively managed within this area. The Pond areas in the west-central portion of the site are waters that resulted from recent coke removal (since the delineation completion in 2021) and are now functioning as a man-made pond complex consisting of three ponds. These ponded areas from recent Coke removal were not mapped on the original delineation report submitted by Earth Dimensions, Inc, but were requested to be added during the October 28, 2022 Corps of Engineers' site visit because they were visible on aerial imagery and observably holding/sustaining water during the visit. It has been determined that these waters are not considered to be waters of the U.S. as described in the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Regulations preamble, dated November 13, 1986 (preamble water), and as supported by the narrative below in this document.

Provide acreage estimates for non-jurisdictional waters in the review area, where the <u>sole</u> potential basis of jurisdiction is the MBR factors (i.e., presence of migratory birds, presence of endangered species, use of water for irrigated agriculture), using best professional judgment (check all that apply):

Non-wetland waters (i.e., rivers, streams): linear feet width (ft).

Lakes/ponds: acres.

Other non-wetland waters: acres. List type of aquatic resource:

Wetlands: Total Wetlands within the Review Area – 1.664-acres

Wetland 1	.751 acre	PEM
Wetland 2	.125 acre	PEM
Wetland 3	.32 acre	PEM
Wetland 4	.364 acre	PEM
Wetland 5	.078 acre	PEM
Wetland 6	.026 acre	PEM

Provide acreage estimates for non-jurisdictional waters in the review area that do not meet the "Significant Nexus"
standard, where such a finding is required for jurisdiction (check all that apply):
Non-wetland waters (i.e., rivers, streams): linear feet, width (ft).
Lakes/ponds: acres.
Other non-wetland waters: Pond totals within review area - 2.11-acres. Ditch length total within the review area
2106 feet. List type of aquatic resource:

Pond Areas (from recent Coke removal) 1.308	3 acre POW	
---	------------	--

Form 1 of 1 LRB-2021-01504 Wetlands 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 Ponds 1, 2, 3, & Ponds\_FromCokeRemoval Ditches 1 and 2

Isolated Wetlands/Preamble Non-jurisdictional Aquatic Resources

Page 10

Pond 1	.432 acre	POW
Pond 2	.248 acre	POW
Ditch 1	1240 ft	R4
Ditch 2	866 ft	R4
Pond 3	.122 acre	POW

5	1.122 dele 1.000
	Wetlands: acres.
SECTI	ON IV: DATA SOURCES.
wh Note that the second	PORTING DATA. Data reviewed for JD (check all that apply - checked items shall be included in case file and, are checked and requested, appropriately reference sources below):  Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted: Wetland and Waterbodies Delineation Report for Riverview Innovation & honology Campus, Town of Tonawanda, Erie County, New York; dated, November 11, 2021; prepared for Inventum ineering; prepared by Earth Dimensions, Inc.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by Earth Dimensions, Inc. on behalf of Inventum Engineering.  Office concurs with delineation data sheets dated June 23, 2021 and April 5, 2021 on an approximately 103-acre and summarized in the Wetland and Waterbodies delineation report dated November 11, 2021.  Office does not concur with data sheets/delineation report.
	Data sheets prepared by the Corps: Corps navigable waters' study: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: HA -730  USGS NHD data.  USGS 8 and 12 digit HUC maps.
US http	U.S. Geological Survey map(s). Cite scale & quad name: <a href="https://ngmdb.usgs.gov/topoview/viewer/">https://ngmdb.usgs.gov/topoview/viewer/</a> - Scale: 24k; GS; Buffalo NW - NY; 2019; accessed October 27, 2022.  USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey. Citation: on-line Web Soil Survey - s://websoilsurvey.sc.egov.usda.gov/App/WebSoilSurvey.aspx - accessed October 27, 2022.  National wetlands inventory map(s). : <a href="https://www.fws.gov/program/national-wetlands-inventory/wetlands-mapper-essed October 27, 2022">https://www.fws.gov/program/national-wetlands-inventory/wetlands-mapper-essed October 27, 2022</a> .  State/Local wetland inventory map(s): <a href="https://www.fws.gov/program/national-wetlands-inventory/wetlands-mapper-essed-october 27, 2022">https://www.fws.gov/program/national-wetlands-inventory/wetlands-mapper-essed-october 27, 2022</a> .  State/Local wetland inventory map(s): <a href="https://www.fws.gov/program/national-wetlands-inventory/wetlands-mapper-essed-october 27, 2022">https://www.fws.gov/program/national-wetlands-inventory/wetlands-mapper-essed-october 27, 2022</a> .  FEMA/FIRM maps: <a href="https://msc.fema.gov/portal/">https://msc.fema.gov/portal/</a> - accessed October 27, 2022  100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (National Geodectic Vertical Datum of 1929)
_	Photographs:  Aerial (Name & Date): Connect Explorer - https://explorer.pictometry.com/login.php oblique imagery dated April 2020. Google Earth aerial dated May 2022.  Other (Name & Date): Photographs included in the delineation report, dated April 5, 2021 and June 23, 2021.
	Previous determination(s): Applicable/supporting case law:

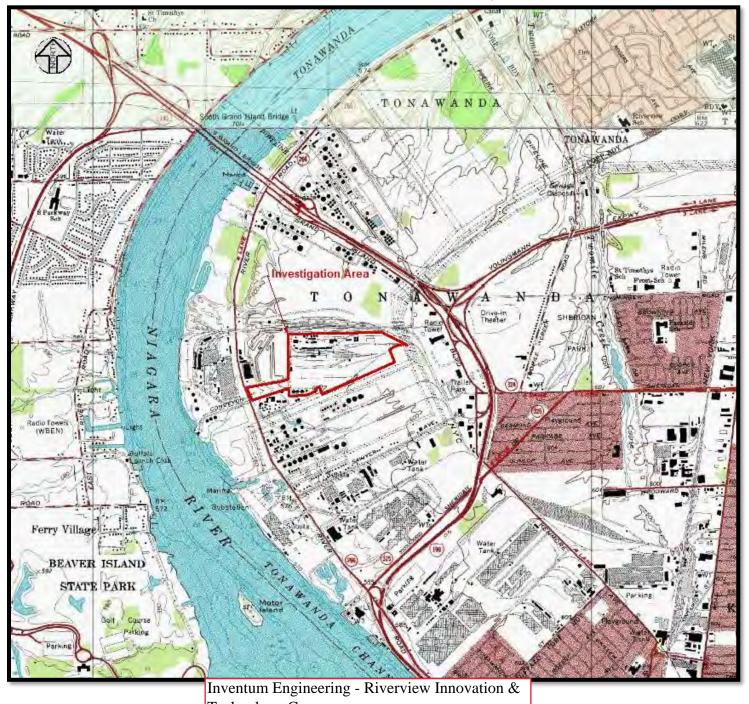
Applicable/supporting scientific literature:

Other information (please specify): U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Site Visit on October 28, 2022. NYS Department of Environmental Conservation letter dated February 1, 2022.

Form 1 of 1 LRB-2021-01504 Wetlands 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 Ponds 1, 2, 3, & Ponds\_FromCokeRemoval Ditches 1 and 2 Isolated Wetlands/Preamble Non-jurisdictional Aquatic Resources Page 11

#### **B. ADDITIONAL COMMENTS TO SUPPORT JD:**

The review area (approximately 103-acres in size) contains Wetlands 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 which have been determined to be closed boundary wetlands with no inflow or outflow, as an isolated water completely surrounded by uplands. The review area also contains Ponds 1, 2, 3, and Pond Areas (from recent Coke removal), and Ditches 1 and 2. Ponds 1, 2, 3, and Ditches 1 and 2 are man-made storm water control features that are part of an active, approved Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan and are actively managed within this area. The Pond areas in the west-central portion of the site are waters that resulted from recent coke removal (since the delineation completion in 2021) and are now functioning as a man-made pond complex consisting of three ponds. It has been determined that these waters are not considered to be waters of the U.S. as described in the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Regulations preamble, dated November 13, 1986 (preamble water), and as supported by the narrative below in this document. The documentation on this form explains and supports this determination.



Technology Campus LRB-2021-01504

Erie County, New York

USGS Quad: NY - Buffalo NW

Sheet 1 of 4 - USGS Location Map



Buffalo Northwest Quadrangle / U.S. Geological Survey

Riverview Innovation & Technology Campus Brownfield Cleanup Program Site Town of Tonawanda, Erie County, New York





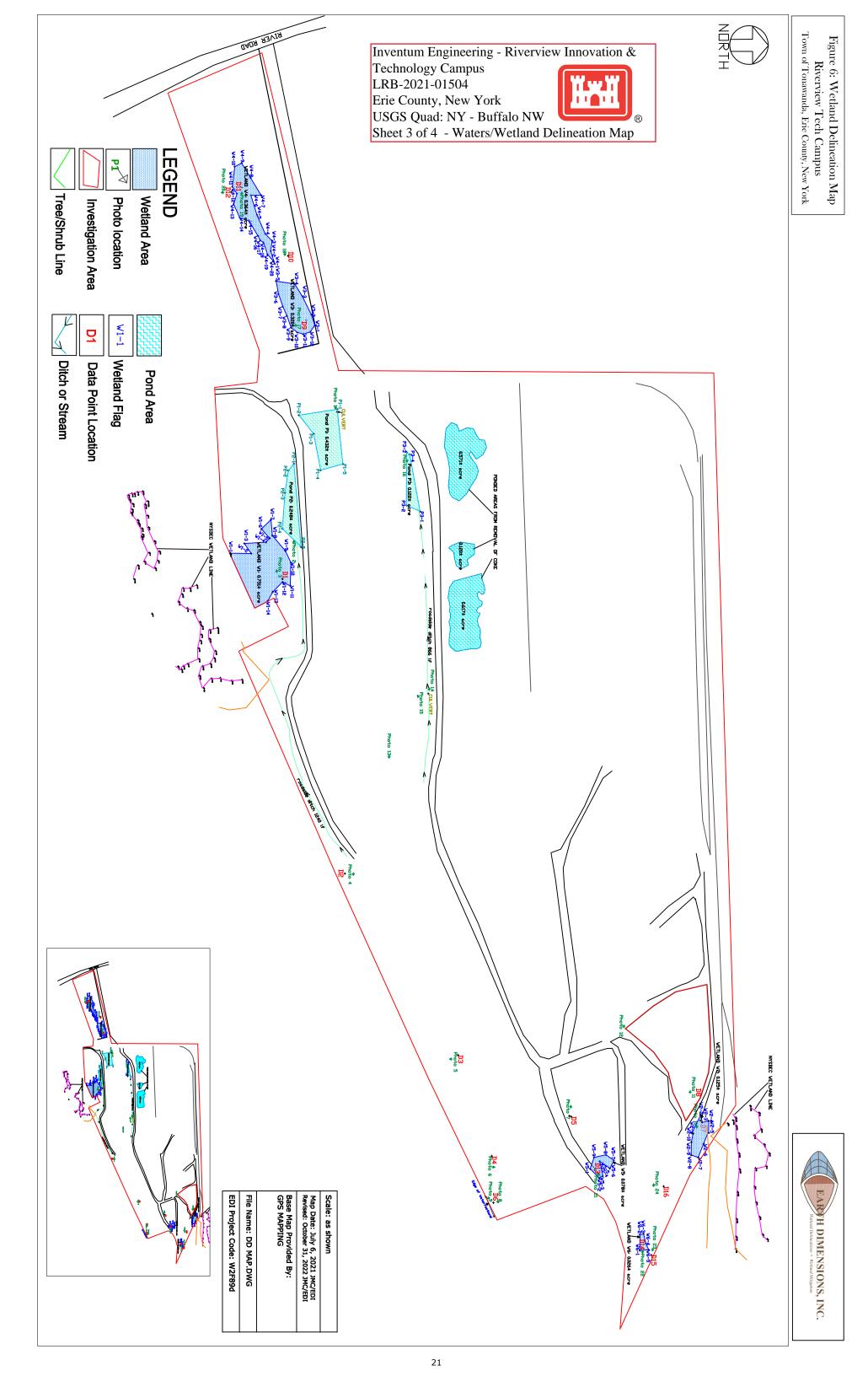
Inventum Engineering - Riverview Innovation & Technology Campus
LRB-2021-01504
Erie County, New York
USGS Quad: NY - Buffalo NW
Sheet 2 of 4 - Review Area Location Map

#### FIGURE 8: SITE AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH

http://gis2.erie.gov/HTML5/ErieCountyNY/PublicLaunchPage.aspx (Visited 04/08/21)

Riverview Innovation & Technology Campus Brownfield Cleanup Program Site Town of Tonawanda, Erie County, New York





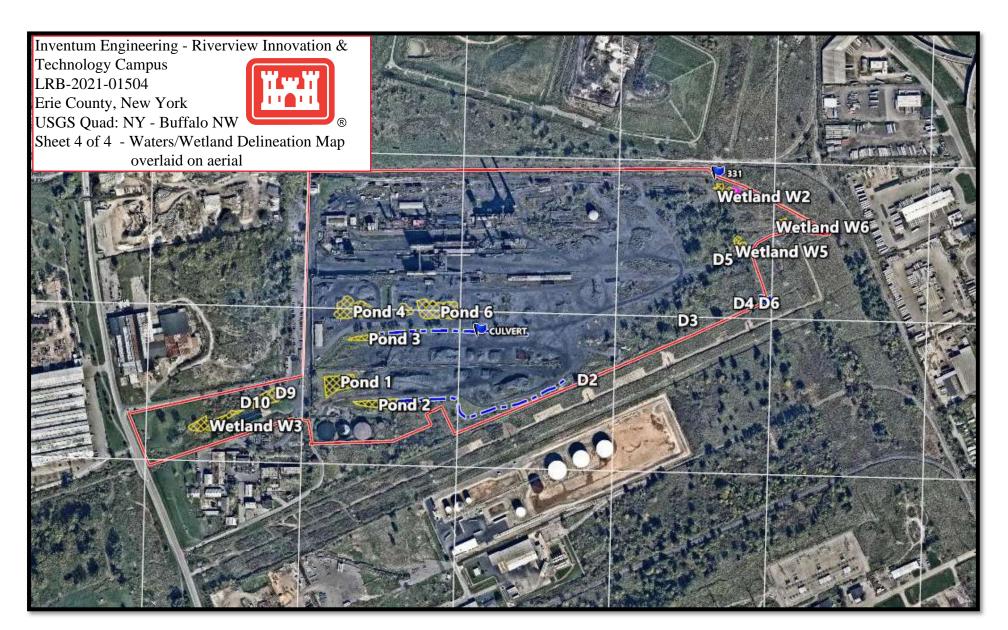


FIGURE 1: AERIAL PHOTO WITH WETLANDS

GoogleEarth.com (Visited 11/01/22)

Riverview Tech Campus, Town of Tonawanda, Erie County, New York

## NOTIFICATION OF ADMINISTRATIVE APPEAL OPTIONS AND PROCESS AND REQUEST FOR APPEAL

Applicant: Inventum Engineering - Riverview Innovation &	Date: January 6, 2023			
Technology Campus				
Attached is:	See Section below			
INITIAL PROFFERED PERMIT (Standard Permit or Le	A			
PROFFERED PERMIT (Standard Permit or Letter of pe	В			
PERMIT DENIAL	C			
X APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION	APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION			
PRELIMINARY JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION	Е			

**SECTION I** - The following identifies your rights and options regarding an administrative appeal of the above decision. Additional information may be found at http://www.usace.army.mil/CECW/Pages/reg\_materials.aspx or Corps regulations at 33 CFR Part 331.

- A: INITIAL PROFFERED PERMIT: You may accept or object to the permit.
- •ACCEPT: If you received a Standard Permit, you may sign the permit document and return it to the district engineer for final authorization. If you received a Letter of Permission (LOP), you may accept the LOP and your work is authorized. Your signature on the Standard Permit or acceptance of the LOP means that you accept the permit in its entirety, and waive all rights to appeal the permit, including its terms and conditions, and approved jurisdictional determinations associated with the permit.
- •OBJECT: If you object to the permit (Standard or LOP) because of certain terms and conditions therein, you may request that the permit be modified accordingly. You must complete Section II of this form and return the form to the district engineer. Your objections must be received by the district engineer within 60 days of the date of this notice, or you will forfeit your right to appeal the permit in the future. Upon receipt of your letter, the district engineer will evaluate your objections and may: (a) modify the permit to address all of your concerns, (b) modify the permit to address some of your objections, or (c) not modify the permit having determined that the permit should be issued as previously written. After evaluating your objections, the district engineer will send you a proffered permit for your reconsideration, as indicated in Section B below.
- B: PROFFERED PERMIT: You may accept or appeal the permit
- •ACCEPT: If you received a Standard Permit, you may sign the permit document and return it to the district engineer for final authorization. If you received a Letter of Permission (LOP), you may accept the LOP and your work is authorized. Your signature on the Standard Permit or acceptance of the LOP means that you accept the permit in its entirety, and waive all rights to appeal the permit, including its terms and conditions, and approved jurisdictional determinations associated with the permit.
- •APPEAL: If you choose to decline the proffered permit (Standard or LOP) because of certain terms and conditions therein, you may appeal the declined permit under the Corps of Engineers Administrative Appeal Process by completing Section II of this form and sending the form to the division engineer. This form must be received by the division engineer within 60 days of the date of this notice.
- **C: PERMIT DENIAL:** You may appeal the denial of a permit under the Corps of Engineers Administrative Appeal Process by completing Section II of this form and sending the form to the division engineer. This form must be received by the division engineer within 60 days of the date of this notice.
- **D: APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:** You may accept or appeal the approved JD or provide new information.
- •ACCEPT: You do not need to notify the Corps to accept an approved JD. Failure to notify the Corps within 60 days of the date of this notice, means that you accept the approved JD in its entirety, and waive all rights to appeal the approved JD.
- •APPEAL: If you disagree with the approved JD, you may appeal the approved JD under the Corps of Engineers Administrative Appeal Process by completing Section II of this form and sending the form to the division engineer. This form must be received by the division engineer within 60 days of the date of this notice.
- **E: PRELIMINARY JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:** You do not need to respond to the Corps regarding the preliminary JD. The Preliminary JD is not appealable. If you wish, you may request an approved JD (which may be appealed), by contacting the Corps district for further instruction. Also you may provide new information for further consideration by the Corps to reevaluate the JD.

SECTION II - REQUEST FOR APPEAL or OBJECTIONS T	O AN INITIAL PROFFERED F	PERMIT			
<b>REASONS FOR APPEAL OR OBJECTIONS:</b> (Describe your proffered permit in clear concise statements. You may attach addi					
objections are addressed in the administrative record.)	tional information to this form to t	claimy where your reasons or			
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: The appeal is limited to a revi					
record of the appeal conference or meeting, and any supplemental					
clarify the administrative record. Neither the appellant nor the Coryou may provide additional information to clarify the location of in					
POINT OF CONTACT FOR QUESTIONS OR INFORMATION	•	ministrative record.			
If you have questions regarding this decision and/or the appeal	If you only have questions regard	ding the appeal process you may			
process you may contact:	also contact:				
Shaina R. Souder	Katherine McCafferty				
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers 1776 Niagara Street	Regulatory Appeals Officer US Army Corps of Engineers				
Buffalo, New York 14207	Great Lakes and Ohio River Div	ision			
(716)879-4240	550 Main Street, Room 10780	101011			
Shaina.r.souder@usace.army.mil	Cincinnati, Ohio 45202-3222				
	Phone: 513-684-2699 Fax: 513-6				
	e-mail: katherine.a.mccafferty@	usace.army.mil			
DICHT OF ENTERN W		1 1			
<b>RIGHT OF ENTRY:</b> Your signature below grants the right of er					
consultants, to conduct investigations of the project site during the course of the appeal process. You will be provided a 15 day notice of any site investigation, and will have the opportunity to participate in all site investigations.					
notice of any site investigation, and will have the opportunity to pe	Date:	Telephone number:			
Signature of appellant or agent.	İ	İ			

Appendix D - Fish and Wildlife Resource Impact Analysis (FWRIA)





# DRAFT Step 1 Fish and Wildlife Resource Impact Analysis

Riverview Innovation & Technology Campus Brownfield Cleanup Program Site No. C915353

> 3875 River Road Tonawanda, New York 14150

> > March 7, 2022

441 CARLISLE DRIVE

SUITE C

HERNDON, VA 20170

WWW.INVENTUMENG.COM

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#### 1 Introduction

On behalf of Riverview Innovation and Technology Campus, Inc (Riverview), Inventum Engineering, P.C. (Inventum) has prepared this Step 1 Fish and Wildlife Resource Impact Analysis (FWIA) for the Riverview Brownfield Cleanup Program Site (BCP Site; Site No. C915353) located at 3875 River Road in Tonawanda, Erie County, New York (Figure 1). The BCP Site represents a portion of the former Tonawanda Coke Corporation (TCC) facility which was an operating coke making and by-products facility for more than 100-years. TCC filed for bankruptcy protection in 2018 and all manufacturing on the property was permanently suspended at that time. On September 23, 2019, the sale of the property to Riverview was approved by the U.S. Bankruptcy Court and on February 14, 2020 a Brownfield Cleanup Agreement was signed by the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC; Index No. C915353-02-20).

Inventum is conducting a Remedial Investigation (RI) of the BCP Site in support of Riverview's proposed redevelopment of the property.

The tax property<sup>1</sup> at 3875 River Road has been segregated into three separate sites for the purpose of addressing legacy environmental conditions as shown on Figure 2.

- BCP Site No. C915353 encompasses approximately 86.5± acres and is the Study Area for this FWIA:
- Site 109 (Site No. 915055) is approximately 7.6± acres of the 3875 River Road property and Honeywell International, Inc. is managing the investigation and remediation on that portion of the property in accordance with an Administrative Order on Consent (Index No. B9-85-2-77D) with the NYSDEC dated February 14, 2020; and
- Site 110 (Site No. 915055) is approximately 4.8± acres of the 3875 River Road property and Honeywell International, Inc. is managing the investigation and remediation on that portion of the property in accordance with an Administrative Order on Consent (Index No. B9-85-2-77D) with the NYSDEC dated February 14, 2020. For clarity, a portion of the Site 110 lies on property owned by others, east of the 3875 River Road property owned by Riverview.

This FWIA was conducted according to the guidance document entitled Fish and Wildlife Impact Analysis for Inactive Hazardous Waste Sites (NYSDEC 1994) and DER-10 Technical Guidance for Site Investigation and Remediation (NYSDEC 2010. Step 1 (Site Description) of the 1994 guidance document is addressed in this report.

The purpose of the FWIA is to identify actual or potential impacts to identified fish and wildlife resources from potential exposure to constituents of ecological concern. The purpose of Step 1 of this FWIA is to characterize the physical and biological characteristics of the BCP Site and accompanying Study Area.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For purposes of this and other documents the term "Site" refers to the approximate 120-acre Riverview Innovation & Technology Campus, Inc. properties at 3875 (S-B-L 64.08-1-10) and 3800 River Road in the Town of Tonawanda. The "BCP Site" is the approximate 86.5-acre portion of the 3875 River Road property addressed by the BCP Agreement and this Remedial Investigation.



#### 2 Step 1 – Site Description

This section characterizes the ecological communities (covertypes) within the Study Area based on habitats and associated fish and wildlife species that utilize these habitat types. This section also presents a qualitative evaluation of the ability of the Study Area to provide quality habitat (value) based on the identified covertypes for fish and wildlife and discusses the value to humans of the real and probable fish and wildlife resources within the Study Area.

#### 2.1 Site Description

The TCC had a long history of environmental and safety violations and was closed in October 2018. TCC filed for bankruptcy protection in 2018 and all manufacturing on the property was permanently idled. The BCP Site (Figure 1) occupies an area of approximately 86.5 acres and represents the former operating areas of the TCC. These areas consist broadly of the former production area, coal and coke yards, a former railroad spur, stormwater and wastewater managements areas, and areas used for parking. Under the BCP, Riverview has voluntarily conducted extensive site investigation, site management, and site cleanup activities through the ongoing RI process and a series of NYSDEC and NYDOH approved Interim Remedial Measures (IRMs).

Prior to the bankruptcy and closure, the BCP Site was an operating coke making and by-products facility for more than 100-years. The facility was owned and operated from circa 1917 through 1947 by Semet Solvay Company, a subsidiary of Allied Chemical and Dye Corporation. In 1947, Semet Solvay Company was merged into Allied Chemical Corporation, which owned and operated the facility until 1978, when it sold the facility to TCC. TCC owned and operated the facility continuously from 1978 through October 2018. Between October 2018 and March 2020, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) conducted emergency response activities to remove gases from pipes and tanks, treat wastewater, and manage stormwater.

Historically, manufacturing processes used at the plant have included by products coking, light oil distillation, ammonia recovery, and benzene, toluene, and xylene extraction. Coke making involves the removal of gasses, liquids (oils) and tar from coal by heating the coal in the absence of oxygen. The resulting carbon material "coke" was used, among other things, in foundries and for the production of steel.

The Riverview Innovation & Technology Campus (aka RITC) redevelopment vision is to work with the Town of Tonawanda and local businesses to create a sustainable integrated technology center with commercial facilities. The key targets for this portion of the development area are commercial activities including, but not limited to, data management, data users, and associated academic institutions.

#### 2.2 Study Area

The Study Area for this FWIA is defined as the 86.5-acre BCP Site and the surrounding area within a 0.5-mile radius as shown on Figure 3. Descriptions of the identified ecological communities on the BCP Site and Study Area are presented in the following sections.

#### 2.3 Covertype Delineation

The evaluation of ecological communities or covertypes in the Study Area assists in the identification of fish and wildlife resources that can present ecological receptors that are resident to the BCP site or may enter from the surrounding areas. A specific covertype is defined as an area characterized by a distinct pattern of natural or cultural land use.



Covertypes within the BCP Site were identified based on physical features as observed by Earth Dimensions, Inc. (Appendix A; EDI 2021a) during a wetland delineation and habitat assessment conducted on the property between April and June 2021.

Descriptions of the identified covertypes are presented below.

#### 2.4 Terrestrial System Covertypes

#### 2.4.1 Urban Structure Exterior

This covertype is characterized by the exterior surfaces (metals, wood, or concrete) of structures such as commercial, apartment, and industrial buildings, houses and bridges, or any structure surface composed of inorganic materials (glass, plastics, etc.) in an urban or densely populated suburban area (Edinger et al. 2014). This covertype represents approximately 25-percent of the BCP Site and includes the former production areas, parking areas, and stormwater and wastewater control areas.

The areas immediately surrounding the BCP Site included in this designation include the commercial/industrial areas to the east and south and the former Allied Chemical Special Chemicals Division facility (Tonawanda Plastics Site), Vanocur Refractories, and Swift River Associates to the west. Also included in this covertype are sub-communities typical of the Paved road/path.

#### 2.4.2 Urban Vacant Lot

This covertype includes much of the BCP Site outside of the former production area including the coal and coke yards where historic fill has been placed from the manufacturing of coke and its by-products. There is minimal vegetation in this community.

The covertype contained the following species: common reed (*Phragmites austral*is), common dandelion (*Taraxacum officinale*), hairy crabgrass (*Digitaria sanguinalis*), sweet sagewort (*Artemisia annua*), little bluestem (*Schizachyrium scoparium*), spotted knapweed (*Centaurea stoebe*) and Virginia strawberry (*Fragaria virginiana*).

#### 2.4.3 Successional Fill Pad

This covertype includes areas in the eastern portion of the BCP Site as well as Sites 109 and 110 where small trees, shrubs and herbaceous vegetation has grown on old industrial and commercial fill. This covertype represents over 75-percent of the BCP Site and includes the former coke and coal yards.

The community contained the following species: Tatarian honeysuckle (*Lonicera tatarica*), common reed (*Phragmites australis*), pin oak (*Quercus palustris*), sweet sageword (*Artemisia annua*), eastern cottonwood (*Populus deltoides*), crack willow (*Salix fragilis*), Queen Anne's lace (*Daucus carota*), summer grape (*Vitis aestivalis*), bull thistle (*Cirsium arvense*), gray dogwood (*Cornus racemosa*), common mullein (*Verbascum thapsus*), common burdock (*Actium minus*), common red raspberry (*Fragaria virginiana*), little bluestem (*Schizachyrium scoparium*), Japanese knotweed (*Polygonum cuspidatum*), sticky willy (*Galium aparine*), spotted knapweed (*Centaurea stoebe*), paper birch (*Betula papyrifera*), black raspberry (*Rubus occidentalis*), garlic mustard (*Alliaria officinalis*), velvet grass (*Holcus lanatus*), path rush (*Juncus tenuis*), narrowleaf bittercress (*Cardamine impatiens*), and Canada goldenrod (*Solidago canadensis*).

#### 2.5 Palustrine System Covertypes

The presence of palustrine habitats (freshwater wetlands) on the BCP Site was evaluated through a review of the New York State Freshwater Wetlands (NYSFW) mapping, the United States Fish and Wildlife



Service (USFWS) National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) mapping, and jurisdictional wetlands delineation of the property completed by EDI in April and June 2021 (Appendix B; EDI 2021b). The NYSFW mapping presents the boundaries of wetlands that may be present and regulated by the NYSDEC. The NWI maps have no regulatory significance but provide an indication of areas with a high probability of meeting the federal criteria for jurisdictional wetlands regulated by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.

EDI identified six (6) wetland areas totaling 1.664± acres within the BCP Site. These wetland areas as well as several drainage ditches that were identified are shown on Figure 4. Three (3) stormwater ponds were identified and mapped. The mapped ponds are stormwater control features that are actively engineered, maintained, and monitored by Riverview under an approved Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP; Inventum 2020). The identification number of the wetlands, acreage, and anticipated jurisdictional determination<sup>2</sup> are as follows:

Table 2.1: BCP Site Wetland Summary							
Wetland	Geograpl	nic Center	Total	Wetland	Wetland Type (Reschke)	Anticipated	
ID#	(NA	D 83)	Acreage	Type		Jurisdictional	
	Latitude	Longitude		(Cowardin)		Determination	
Wetland	42.98089	78.92799	0.751±	PEM	Shallow Emergent	Non-Jurisdictional	
1					Marsh		
Wetland	42.98492	78.92059	0.125±	PEM	Shallow Emergent	Non-Jurisdictional	
2					Marsh		
Wetland	42.98124	78.93131	$0.320\pm$	PEM	Shallow Emergent	Non-Jurisdictional	
3					Marsh		
Wetland	42.98075	98.93277	$0.364 \pm$	PEM	Shallow Emergent	Non-Jurisdictional	
4					Marsh		
Wetland	42.98397	78.92012	$0.078 \pm$	PEM	Shallow Emergent	Non-Jurisdictional	
5					Marsh		
Wetland	42.98435	78.91901	0.026±	PEM	Shallow Emergent	Non-Jurisdictional	
6					Marsh		

Table 2.2: BCP Site Waterbody Summary							
Wetland	Geograpl	nic Center	Total	Classification	Type (Reschke)	Anticipated	
ID#	(NAD 83)		Acreage	(Cowardin)		Jurisdictional	
	Latitude	Longitude				Determination	
Pond 1	42.98510	78.92966	$0.432\pm$	POW	SWPPP Pond	Non-Jurisdictional	
Pond 2	42.98111	78.92871	0.248±	POW	SWPPP Pond	Non-Jurisdictional	
Pond 3	42.98229	78.92904	0.122±	POW	SWPPP Pond	Non-Jurisdictional	

The invasive species marsh covertype is present within a portion of the BCP Site wetland areas and drainage ditches. This community contained the following species: common reed (*Phalaris arundinacea*), narrowleaf cattail (*Typha angustifolia*), and purple loosestrife (*Lythrum salicaria*).

The emergent marsh covertype is also present within a portion of the BCP Site wetland areas and contained: common reed (*Phragmites australis*), flat topped goldenrod (*Euthamia graminifolia*), narrowleaf cattail (*Typha angustifolia*), purple loosestrife (*lythrum salicaria*), common rush (*Juncus effusus*), deer tongue grass (*Dichanthelium clandestinum*), American bugleweed (*Lycopus americana*),

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A formal Jurisdictional Request was submitted to the NYSDEC and USACOE on November 11, 2021 and was assigned Department of the Army File LRB-2021-01504.

pussy willow (*Salix discolor*), wrinkled goldenrod (*Solidago rugosa*), purpleleaf willowherb (*Epilobium coloratum*), eastern cottonwood (*Populus deltoides*), and northern arrowwood (*Viburnum recognitum*).

The industrial pond community is present along the edges of the open water areas (SWPPP Ponds) in the southwest portion of the BCP Site. This community contains the following species: common reed (*Phragmites australis*), narrowleaf cattail (*Typha angustifolia*), and pussy willow (*Salix discolor*).



#### 3 Step 1 – Description of Fish and Wildlife Resources

The objective of this section is to identify potential ecological receptors in the Study Area based on observations conducted during reconnaissance by Inventum and EDI.

#### 3.1 Fish and Wildlife in the Study Area

The presence of fish and wildlife in the Study Area was assessed through coordination/inquiry with regulatory agencies and a wildlife assessment conducted by EDI in April and June 2021 (Appendix A). During the assessment EDI identified three (3) mammals, two (2) amphibians, and twenty-four (24) bird species, several of which were only flying over the site. Tracks of white-tailed deer, striped skunk, and racoon were noted within the BCP Site. Within the wetlands and ponds, leopard frog and western chorus frog were heard singing; however, no individuals were observed, and no egg masses were found.

Birds within the BCP Site included American crow, red-winged blackbird, European starling, rock pigeon, American goldfinch, song sparrow, northern flicker, wild turkey, killdeer, Canada goose, eastern phoebe, swamp sparrow, downy woodpecker, mallard, northern cardinal, American robin, turkey vulture, double-crested cormorant, tree swallow, brown cowbird, ring-billed gull, black-capped chickadee, mourning dove, and mockingbird.

#### 3.2 Observation of Stress

The BCP Site is dominated by abandoned industrial buildings and historic industrial fill with minimal vegetation throughout the site. There are no areas with natural covertypes apart from the small wetland areas (Section 2.5). These wetlands areas have been disturbed in the past from historical facility operations (primarily fill placement) and contain BCP Site related constituents of concern (Figure 5) at concentrations above NYSDEC Part 375 Soil Cleanup Objectives (SCOs) for Commercial and Industrial Use.

#### 3.3 Other Resources

The Step 1 FWIA includes the identification of other environmental features and fish and wildlife resources, such as NYSDEC significant habitats, habitats supporting endangered, threatened, or rare plant and animal species or species of special concern, regulated state and federal wetlands, and special surface waters that are present within the Study Area. Other resources within the Study Area were determined through contact with regulatory agencies, access to the NYSDEC Environmental Resource Mapper website, and review of the associated state wetland maps. The results of this coordination and review are described below.

#### 3.3.1 Plant and Animal Species of Special Concern

The presence of threatened, endangered, candidate, and species of special concern within the Study was evaluated through publicly available online resources and site reconnaissance (Appendix A).

The US Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) has identified Federally Threatened Northern long-eared bat (*Myotis septentrionalis*) as potentially within the region; however, the habitat assessment conducted by EDI found no potentially suitable habitat for the Northern long-eared bat, any other federally or state listed species, or bird species protected under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act or Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act present within the Study Area.



#### 3.3.2 Wetlands

The presence of freshwater (palustrine) wetlands in the Study Area was evaluated through a review of applicable state and federal wetland mapping and the BCP Site jurisdictional delineation completed in April and June 2021 (Appendix B).

The NWI map obtained from the USFWS Wetland Mapper shows one (1) wetland and one (1) stream abutting, but outside of, the southern boundary of the BCP Site. The NYSDEC Freshwater Wetlands map obtained from the online NYSDEC Environmental Resource Mapper shows state jurisdictional Freshwater Wetland BW-6 within the Study Area but east and southeast of the BCP Site boundary (Appendix B – Figure 2).

EDI identified six (6) wetland areas totaling 1.664± acres within the BCP Site. These wetland areas as well as several drainage ditches that were identified are shown on Figure 4. Three (3) stormwater ponds were identified and mapped. The mapped ponds are stormwater control features that are actively engineered, maintained, and monitored by Riverview under an approved SWPPP.

#### 3.3.3 Surface Waters

Surface waters within the Study Area are identified on Figure 4 and include the storm water control drainage ditches and ponds on the BCP Site.

Figure 2 of Appendix B depicts the estimated limits of one (1) stream within the Study Area but outside of the BCP Site boundary. The stream is identified from the USFWS NWI Mapper database and classified as an R4SBC: (R) Riverine; (4) Intermittent; (SB) Streambed; (C) Seasonally Flooded. This stream does not appear on the NYSDECs Environmental Resource Mapper.

#### 3.3.4 Existing Fish and Wildlife Consumption Advisories

There are no fish and wildlife consumption advisories issued by the New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH) for the Study Area. There is a NYSDOH fish advisory (Polychlorinated Biphenyls [PCBs]) for the Niagara River, upstream of Niagara Falls, which is in the drainage area of the Study Area.

#### 3.3.5 Recorded Fish Kills

There are no recorded fish kills within the Study Area

#### 3.3.6 Wild, Scenic or Recreation Rivers

There are no rivers within the Study Area and no rivers within the vicinity of the Study Area, including the Niagara River, are listed as wild, scenic, or recreational (<a href="https://www.dec.ny.gov/permits/32739.html">https://www.dec.ny.gov/permits/32739.html</a>).

#### 3.3.7 Significant Natural Communities

Based on information obtained from NYSDEC's Environmental Resource Mapper (<a href="https://gisservices.dec.ny.gov/gis/erm/">https://gisservices.dec.ny.gov/gis/erm/</a>) the NYNHP has no information indicating Significant Natural Communities exist on the Study Area.

#### 3.4 Description of Fish and Wildlife Resource Value

The value of the habitat quality within the identified covertypes to fish and wildlife resources and society was evaluated for the Study Area based on field observations and assessments. The evaluation includes the diversity of species observed, the number and size of covertypes, evidence of past and present impacts from historical facility operations, and the adjacent land use patterns.



#### 3.4.1 Value of Habitat to Associated Fauna

Wildlife species identified in the Study Area were limited and consistent with those expected to inhabit this historically urban industrial environment. A diverse wildlife habitat is limited in most of the Study Area because of the prevalence of the dominant cultural covertypes (Urban Structure Exterior, Urban Vacant Lot, and Successional Fill Pad) and absence of any extensive natural covertype community. These aeras provide limited habitat to sustain a diverse wildlife community because of the high degree of historic heavy industrial use.

#### 3.4.2 Value of Resources to Humans

The historically urban industrial environmental of the Study Area provides very little natural resource value to humans. The vegetated cultural and natural covertype areas (Successional Fill Pad and small Wetland areas) have been disturbed resulting in low diversity and natural resource value. Any potential inherent natural resource value (hiking, wildlife viewing, etc..) in vegetated areas is also limited due to small size of the areas, site access restrictions, and will be specifically prohibited within the context of future institutional controls limiting the BCP Site to a commercial or industrial land use as part of the BCP completion requirements.

#### 3.5 Applicable Fish and Wildlife Regulatory Criteria

Given the limited habitat value within the Study Area, the contaminant-specific criteria utilized as screening values during the BCP Site RI process are also presumed to be applicable to the BCP Site FWIA, and include the following specific Standards, Criteria, and Guidelines (SCGs):

- 6 NYCRR Part 375 Soil Cleanup Objectives (SCOs) for Industrial Use (current use) and Commercial Use (future use)
- Applicable surface water quality criteria as defined by the BCP site-specific SWPPP and the Ambient Water Quality Standards Guidance Values and Groundwater Effluent Limitations under 6 NYCRR Part 703

Six (6) wetland areas and three (3) stormwater ponds were identified by EDI on the BCP Site. It was EDI's professional opinion that none of the wetlands, stormwater ponds, or ditches should be regulated by the USACOE under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act. Section 404 of the federal Clean Water Act allows no discharge of fill material into "water of the United States", including wetlands, if there is a practicable alternative that is less damaging to the aquatic environment. A formal request for jurisdictional determination was submitted to the USACOE in November 2021 and confirmation of EDI's findings is still pending.

The New York State's Freshwater Wetlands Act is designed to prevent the destruction of freshwater wetlands by requiring permits for defined activities in state-regulated wetlands. Freshwater Wetland BW-6 is just off of the BCP Site to the east of the southern property boundary. A portion of the 100-foot upland adjacent area (Figure 4) encroaches onto the BCP Site and would be regulated by NYSDEC under Article 24 of the New York Conservation Law.

#### 4 Conclusions

The Step 1 FWIA determined the BCP Site has little natural resource value to fish and wildlife or humans because of historical facility operations and the predominant urban industrial cultural covertype. The  $1.664\pm$  acres of wetlands identified on the  $86.46\pm$  acres BCP Site are believed to be non-jurisdictional



under Section 404 and there are no threatened, endangered, candidate, or species of special concern within the Study Area.

A Step 2 FWIA is not warranted as part of the ongoing BCP Remedial Investigation/Alternatives Analysis process.

#### 5 References



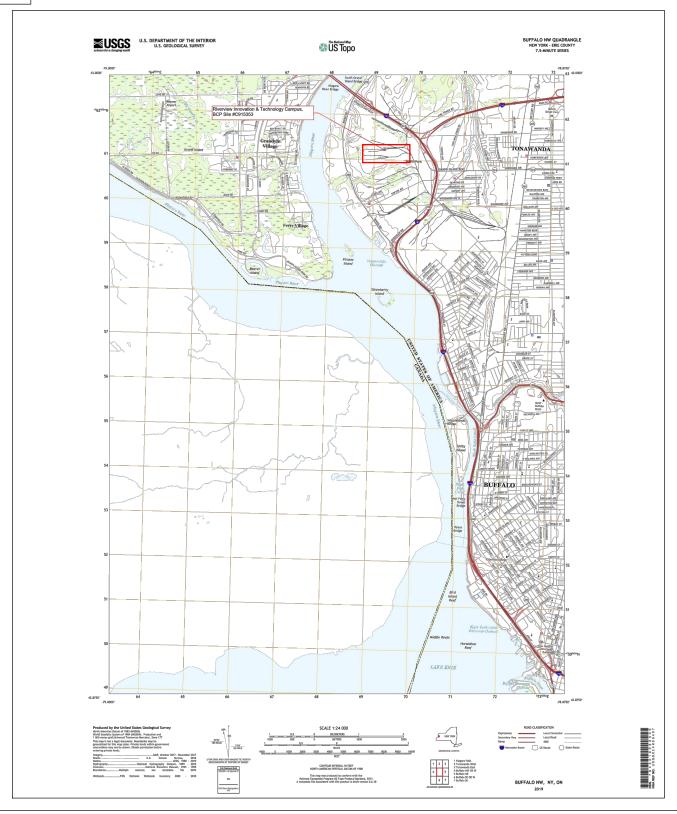
## Tables



## Figures









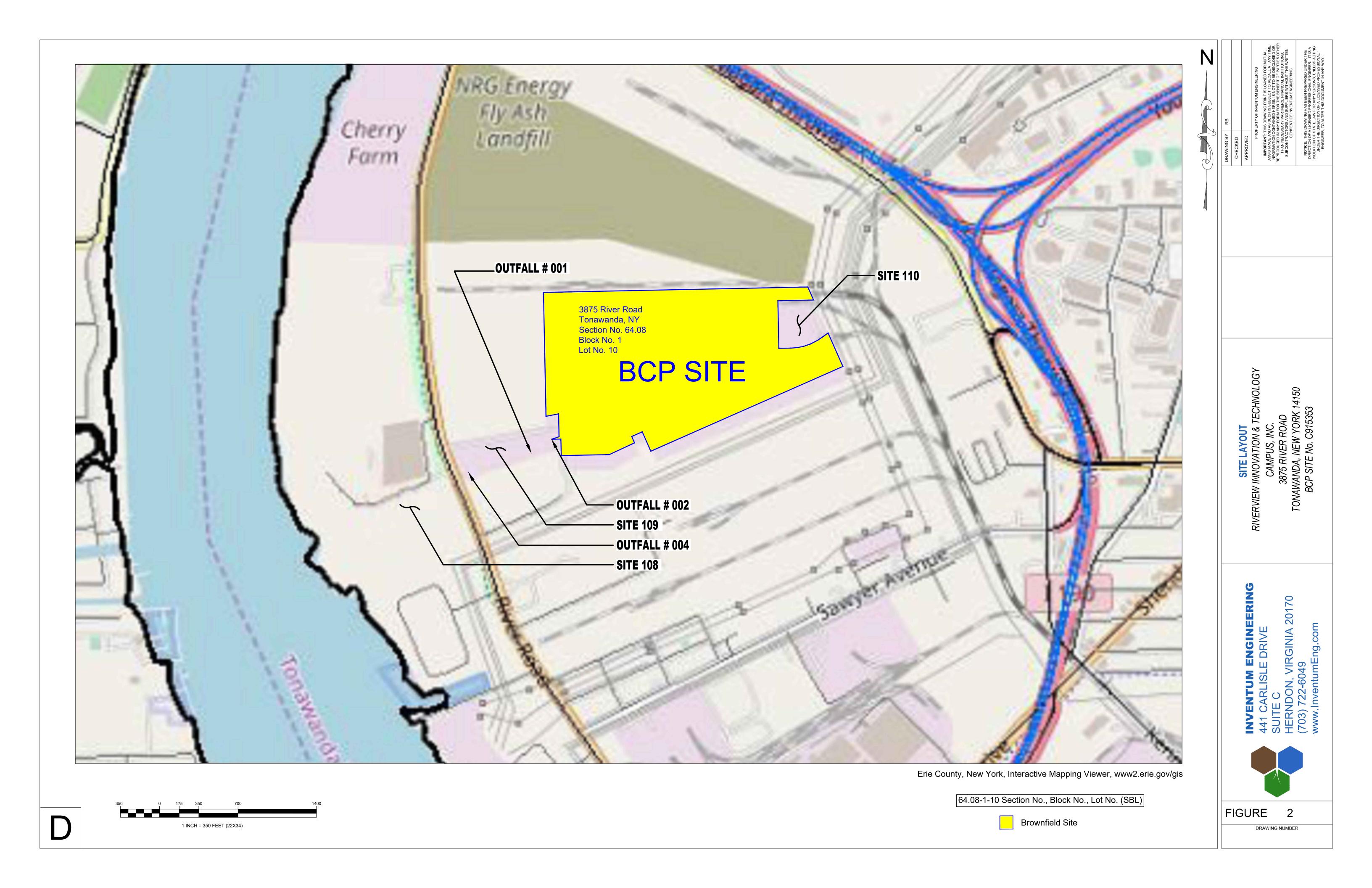
#### SITE LOCATION MAP

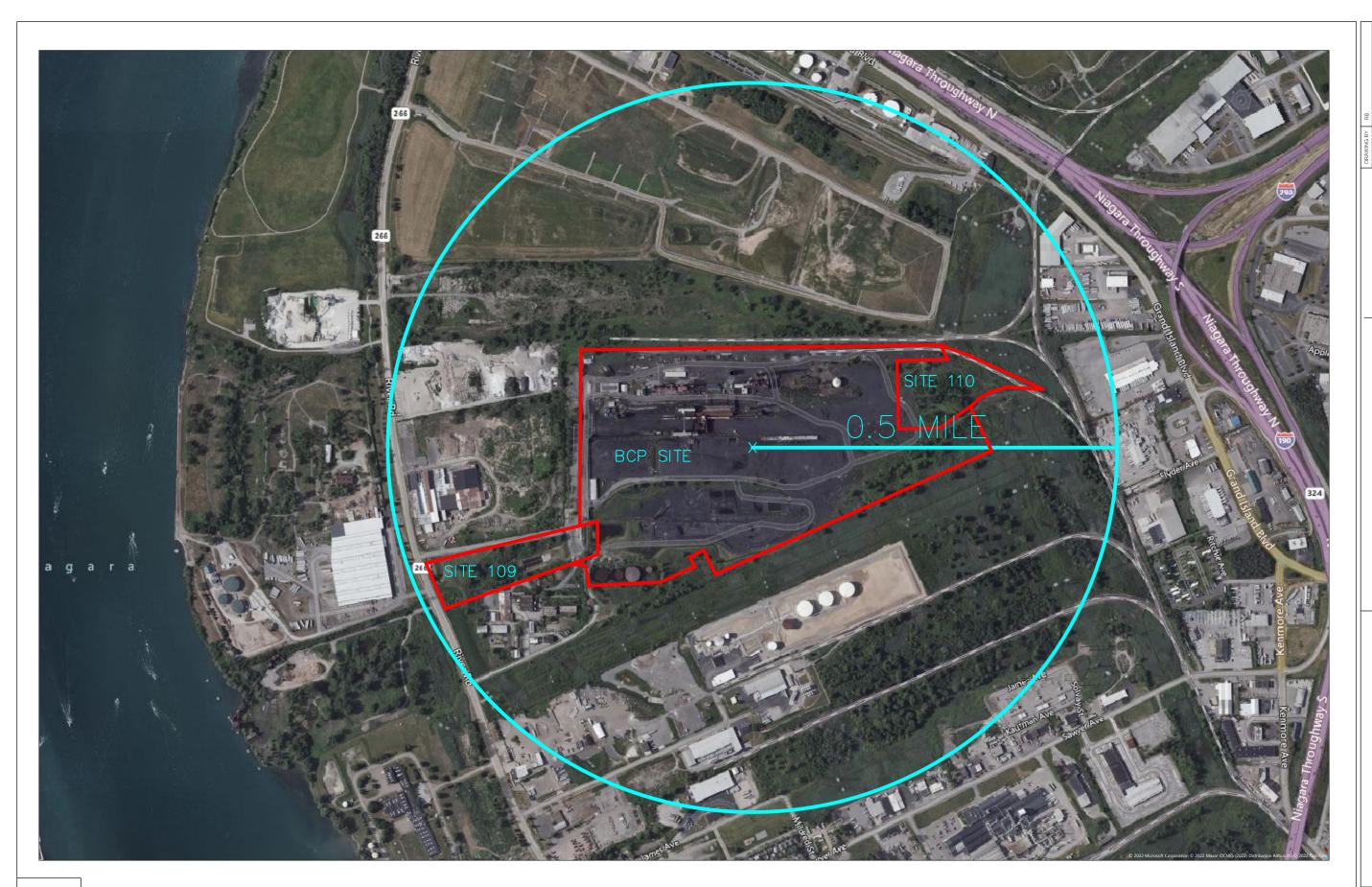
RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS, INC. 3875 RIVER ROAD TONAWANDA, NEW YORK 14150 BCP SITE No. C915353

	DRAWING BY	RB
	CHECKED	
	APPROVED	

FIGURE 1 - 1

DRAWING NUMBER





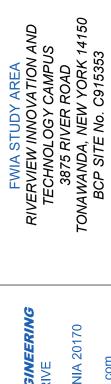
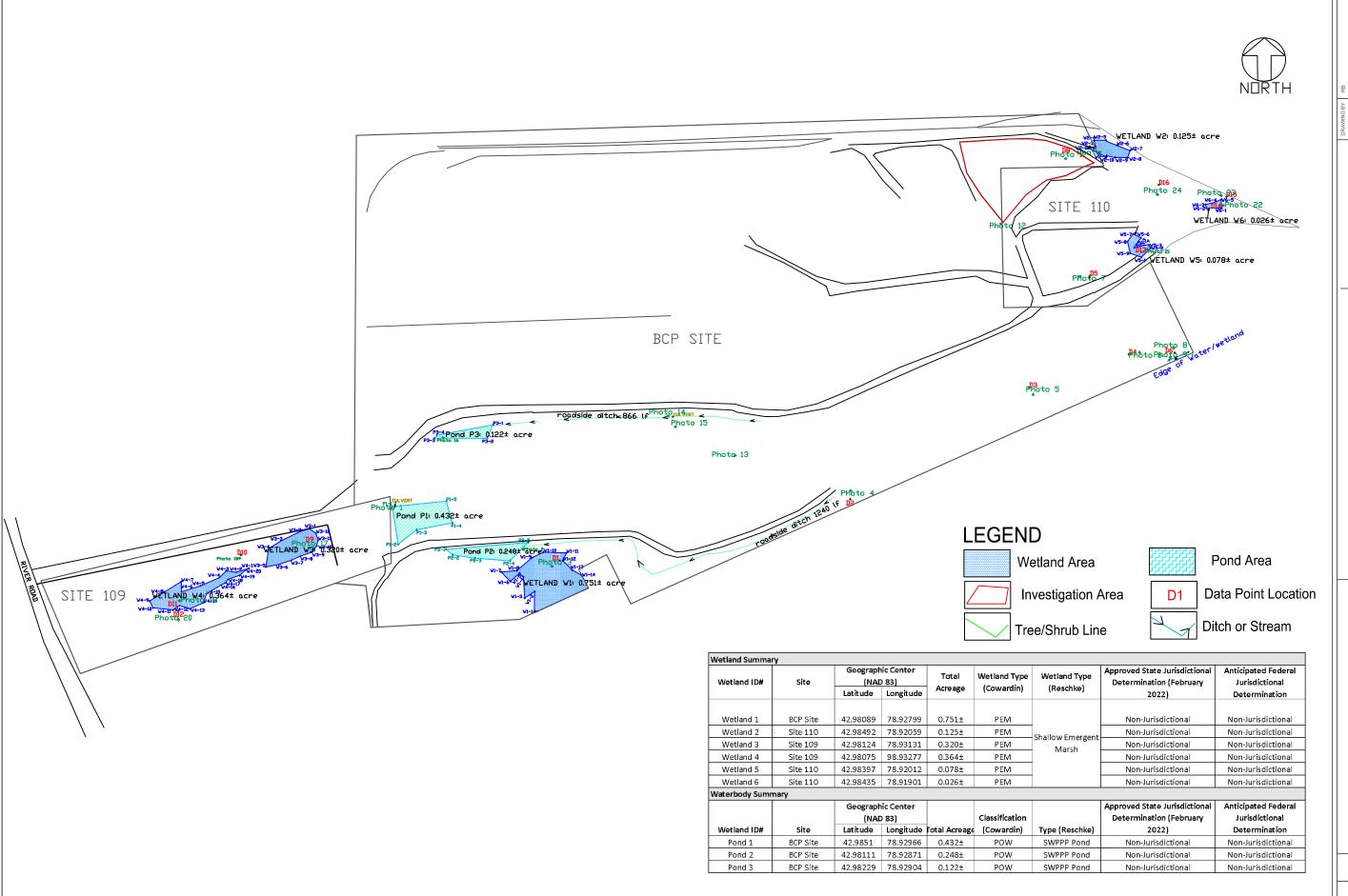






FIGURE 3





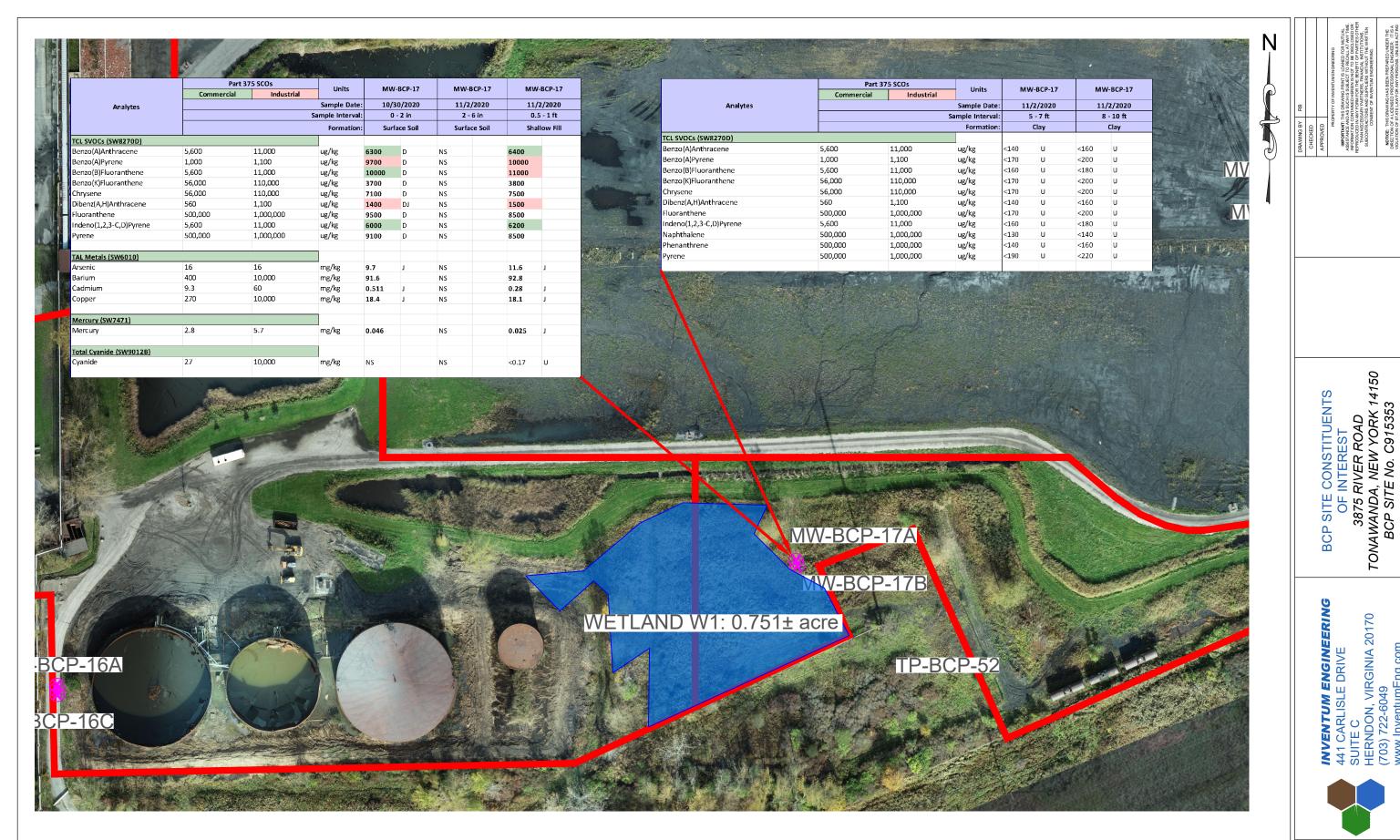
RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS
WETLAND DELINEATION AND HABITAT ASSESSMENT
3875 RIVER ROAD
TONAWANDA, NEW YORK 14150
BCP SITE NO. C915353

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FIGURE 4



INVENTUM ENGINEERING
441 CARLISLE DRIVE
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(703) 722-6049 FIGURE 5

DRAWING NUMBER

## Appendices



#### **Habitat Assessment Report**

for

## RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS

## **Brownfield Cleanup Program Site**

Town of Tonawanda Erie County, New York

for

**Inventum Engineering** 



April 21, 2021 EDI Project Code: **W2F89e** 

## REPORT SUMMARIZING THE RESULTS OF A HABITAT ASSESSMENT SURVEY OF

## RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS

## **Brownfield Cleanup Program Site**

#### **Prepared By:**

EARTH DIMENSIONS, INC. 1091 JAMISON ROAD ELMA, NEW YORK 14059

#### **Prepared For:**

TODD WALDROP, PE INVENTUM ENGINEERING 481 CARLISLE DRIVE, SUITE 202 HERNDON, VIRGINIA 20170

REPORT DATE: April 21, 2021 EDI PROJECT CODE: W2F89e

### PROJECT INFORMATION

Project Name	Riverview Innovation & Technology Campus
Street Address	
SBL Number	64.08-1-10
Town	Tonawanda
County	Erie
State	New York
Latitude/Longitude (NAD83)	
Investigation Area	86.50± Acres
USGS 7.5 Minute Topographical Map	Buffalo Northwest Quadrangle
Waterway	
Hydrologic Unit Code	04120104
Date of Investigation	April 19, 2021
Consultant	Earth Dimensions, Inc.
	1091 Jamison Road
	Elma, New York 14095
Point of Contact	Thomas Somerville
	(716)655-1717
	tsomerville@earthdimensions.com
Engineer	Inventum Engineering
Property Owner	Riverview Innovation & Tech Campus, Inc.
Authority	Section 7 ESA

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#### EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Inventum Engineering, P.C., on behalf of Riverview Innovation & Technology Campus (RITC), is conducting a Remedial Investigation (RI) through the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Brownfield Cleanup Program (BCP) of an 86.50± acre parcel located along the east side of River Road in the Town of Tonawanda, County of Erie, and State of New York (BCP Site No. C915353). Inventum Engineering has retained Earth Dimensions, Inc. (EDI) to perform a Habitat Assessment study to identify the existence or potential for listed State and/or Federal species and /or their habitats. Coordination with the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) and United States Fish & Wildlife Service (USFWS) was conducted to determine their jurisdictional authority over the investigation area, pursuant to Title 6 of the New York Codes, Rules and Regulations (6NYCRR), Part 360.8 and Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act.

A preliminary review of available information pertaining to listed species, vegetation, soils, and hydrology in the project area was implemented prior to conducting a field investigation at the site. Sources of information include Figure 1: United States Geological Survey (USGS), Figure 2: National Wetland Inventory (NWI), Figure 3: Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS), and Figure 4 NYSDEC Freshwater Wetland maps. EDI applied methodology specified by the New York Natural Heritage Program in performing the habitat assessment. Within the investigation area, EDI identified six (6) ecological communities.

During initial review, USFWS identified the potential for the Northern Long-eared Bat (*Myotis septentionalis*), a federally threatened species, within the project area. No federally listed significant habitats were identified. NYSDEC Natural Heritage identified no listed species or habitats within the investigation area.

A detailed field investigation was conducted on April 19, 20201 to document existing site conditions and survey for listed species and/or habitats. No listed species or significant habitats were identified during the field investigation.

In summary, it is EDI's professional opinion that no listed species or significant habitats are present within the investigation area. Although numerous small to medium (4 to 12 inch diameter) trees were identified, all were alive and healthy and provided no suitable habitat (peeling bark, cracks, crevices) for the Northern long-eared bat. EDI consulted the guidance found at: <a href="https://www.dec.ny.gov/animals/106090.html">https://www.dec.ny.gov/animals/106090.html</a> for the locations of known summer roosting and winter hibernacula. The project site lies beyond five (5) miles of an occupied hibernacula and is not in or adjacent to a Town identified as having known summer roost locations.

# SECTION I: INTRODUCTION

Inventum Engineering, P.C., on behalf of Riverview Innovation & Technology Campus (RITC), is conducting a Remedial Investigation (RI) through the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Brownfield Cleanup Program (BCP) of an 86.50± acre parcel located along the east side of River Road in the Town of Tonawanda, County of Erie, and State of New York (BCP Site No. C915353). The investigation area is an abandoned coke manufacturing facility with associated industrial disposal areas. The site is located on the USGS 7.5 minute quadrangle map indexed as Buffalo NW/USGS (Figure 1). The habitat assessment field work was completed on April 19, 2021 by an Ecologist from Earth Dimensions, Inc.

Inventum Engineering has retained Earth Dimensions, Inc. (EDI) to complete a habitat assessment study at this site. The vegetative communities found during the field assessment used the technical document updated in 2014 titled, "Ecological Communities of New York State" (Edinger et al.). The investigation was designed to facilitate a determination of the extent of NYSDEC and USFWS jurisdiction over the project area pursuant to Title 6 of New York Codes, Rules and Regulations (6NYCRR) Part 360.8 and Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act.

The New York State Natural Heritage Program and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) on-line mapping resources were consulted in order to determine whether known occurrences of protected species have been located in the project vicinity. The Natural Heritage Program did not identify any listed species or significant habitats within or adjacent to the investigation area. USFWS identified the potential for federally Threatened Northern Long-eared Bat within the project area. USFWS also identified seven (7) migratory birds that are identified as a Bird of Conservation Concern. The birds identified are bald eagle, black-billed cuckoo, Canada warbler, lesser yellowlegs, red-headed woodpecker, snowy owl and wood thrush.

EDI has performed a habitat assessment at the site under guidelines specified by the NYSDEC New York Natural Heritage Program and USFWS. The purpose of this report is to present EDI's findings with respect to the Riverview Innovations & Technology Campus project site.

# SECTION II: SITE DESCRIPTION

The Riverview Innovation & Technology Campus site is comprised of an 86.50± acre parcel on the east side of River Road. The project area is comprised of an abandoned coke manufacturing facility with areas of industrial waste and storage, abandoned industrial buildings and successional fill communities. Several open water industrial ponds are located in the southwestern portion of the site. The northern portion of the site is dominated by abandoned industrial buildings that are in the process of being demolished. The central portion of the site is dominated by industrial waste fill, with little to no vegetation present. The eastern portion of the site is dominated by a successional fill community, where small trees and herbaceous vegetation has grown on historic industrial fill piles. The investigation area is outlined on Figure 1 in Appendix A.

The natural topography of the investigation area is flat to gently sloping. The uplands within the investigation areas consisted of urban vacant lot, industrial building and successional fill pad communities. The wetland areas were found to consist of shallow emergent marsh and invasive species marsh communities. Three (3) industrial ponds were also identified. The vegetative communities of the investigation area are described according to *Ecological Communities of New York State* (Edinger et al. 2014).

Wherever potential habitat for Northern long-eared bat may occur within the investigation area, tree clearing for trees greater than 3" DBH (diameter at breast height) will take place between November 1st and March 31st to minimize disturbance to the potential summer roost habitat. No vegetative communities were found within the investigation area that are identified by NYNHP as potentially having summer roosting northern-long eared bats. The NYSDEC guidance found at <a href="https://www.dec.ny.gov/animals/106090.html">https://www.dec.ny.gov/animals/106090.html</a> was reviewed for the summer and winter occurrences of the NLEB.

# SECTION III: PURPOSE

The purpose of this study is to complete a general assessment of the site for listed species and to analyze the physical characteristics of communities on site. The investigation was designed to facilitate a determination of the extent of the NYSDEC's jurisdiction over the project pursuant 6NYCRR Part 360.8(b) which states: "Endangered species. Person(s) must not construct a facility or laterally expand an existing one in a manner that causes or contributes to the taking of any endangered or threatened species or to the destruction or adverse modification of their critical habitat".

On-line resources were used prior to the site visit to determine if listed species and/or significant habitats were present within or adjacent to the site. USFWS identified the Northern Long-eared Bat as potentially being present within the project area. At this time, all of New York State contains potentially suitable habitat for Northern Long-eared Bat. NYSDEC Natural Heritage Program identified no listed species or significant habitats within the project site. These on-line resource map documents are included in Appendix F of this report.

In response to the potential for listed species to be present within the project site, EDI has completed this Habitat Assessment to identify the potential for listed species or suitable habitats. A detailed field investigation was conducted during appropriate weather and season for northern long-eared bat.

#### SECTION IV: SPECIES DESCRIPTIONS

USFWS identified Federally Threatened Northern long-eared bat (*Myotis septentrionalis*) as potentially within the investigation area.

Northern long-eared bat populations in the northeastern United States have fallen dramatically since the discovery of white-nose syndrome. Northern long-eared bats winter in caves and mines, often hibernating in small cracks and crevices. The northern long-eared bat's range includes much of the eastern and north central United States. In New York, they occur in a patchy distribution and may be found throughout most of the state including Long Island. Winter surveys prior to the start of WNS had recorded this species in all regions of the state where mines and caves have been surveyed. During the summer, northern long-eared bats roost underneath bark, in cavities or in crevices of both live trees and snags (dead trees) typically over 3 inches in diameter at breast height (dbh). Log piles and downed trees with cracks or crevices are also used, although not as commonly as standing trees. Northern long-eared bats seem to be flexible in selecting roosts, choosing roost trees based on suitability to retain bark or provide cavities or crevices. Breeding typically occurs in late summer to early fall, near the hibernacula. Females retain the males sperm over winter and the eggs are fertilized during ovulation in the spring. Females concentrate in areas where maternity roost trees are readily available, where they give birth to and raise a single pup. During June and July, these pups are flightless and any disturbance to the roost tree or immediate area can be detrimental.

The seven bird species identified by USFWS are only protected under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act or Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act. There are no Section 7 ESA regulations for migratory birds not specifically listed as threatened or endangered.

Bald eagle is unlikely to utilize the site due to lack of feeding areas (large open water areas) and insufficient roosting areas (large trees). Bald eagles are present along the Niagara River corridor and may fly over the site, however, the site provides no important habitat.

Snowy owl is an interruptive winter visitor to Western New York. They are found scattered throughout multiple habitats that provide sufficient feeding potential, such as open farmland and lake edges. Snowy owls are present each winter along the Buffalo waterfront, however, would not utilize the site based on lack of protected roosting areas and too much industrial/human activity.

Red-headed woodpeckers are rare to uncommon in Western New York. They utilize areas with large tracts of mature woods and minimal human disturbance. Based on the lack of large trees and dominant wooded communities, there is no potential habitat within the site to accommodate red-headed woodpeckers.

Lesser yellowlegs are a migratory shorebird that utilize open mudflats and open wetland areas. They are not known to breed in New York. Lesser yellowlegs prefer habitat with shallow water and dense muddy substrate rich with invertebrates. There is no suitable habitat within the site, as the wetlands are fully vegetated and the substrate is slag fill or densely packed soil fill.

Migratory songbirds such as black-billed cuckoo, Canada warbler and wood thrush use the Lake Erie shore and Niagara River as a migration pathway to breeding grounds in Northern New York and Canada. Although it is possible one of these species would briefly stop at the site to feed during migration, there is minimal potential based on the low-grade habitat and lack of suitable woody communities. Additionally, these species would not breed within the site.

## Section V: Field Investigation Procedures

In order to accurately identify the limits of various vegetative communities, aerial photography (Figure 6) and ground truthing were utilized. As depicted on Figure 5 in Appendix A and included in Appendix B, eight (8) data points were used to characterize the site. Figure 5 depicts the locations of the photos included in Appendix C.

The plant community inhabiting each observation point was characterized. Dominant plant species were identified within four vegetative strata (i.e. herb, sapling/shrub, tree and liana (woody vines) at each sampling point. The quadrant sizes used for the vegetative strata were (i) a 3.28-foot radius for herbs; (ii) a ten-foot radius for saplings/shrubs and woody vines; and (iii) a 30-foot radius for trees. Dominant plant species were estimated using aerial coverage methods.

The plant community data was summarized on the data forms provided in the Northcentral and Northeast Regional Supplement included in this report as Appendix B. Details about each community type are included in the community descriptions in Section V.

In addition to plant community descriptions, a full wildlife assessment was conducted during the site visit. All birds, mammals and reptiles/amphibians were identified. During the site visit, three (3) mammals, two (2) amphibians and twenty-four (24) bird species were identified, several of which were only flying over the site. Tracks of white-tailed deer, striped skunk and raccoon were noted within the site. Within the wetlands and ponds, leopard frog and western chorus frog were heard singing. No individuals were observed, and no egg masses were found. Birds within the site included American crow, red-winged blackbird, European starling, rock pigeon, American goldfinch, song sparrow, northern flicker, wild turkey, killdeer, Canada goose, eastern phoebe, swamp sparrow, downy woodpecker, mallard, northern cardinal, American robin, turkey vulture, double-crested cormorant, tree swallow, brown cowbird, ring-billed gull, black-capped chickadee, mourning dove and mockingbird.

## SECTION VI: STUDY AREA HABITATS

Within the investigation area, EDI identified six (6) major ecological communities, none of which are listed as vulnerable in New York State. They are as follows:

<b>Ecological Community</b>	Global Rank	State Rank
1. Urban Vacant Lot	1. G5	1. S5
2. Industrial Building	2. G5	2. S5
3. Successional Fill Pad	3. G5	3. S5
4. Invasive Species Marsh	4. G5	4. S5
5. Emergent Marsh	5. G5	5. S5
6. Industrial Pond	6. G5	6. S5

Figure 5 in Appendix A depicts the vegetative communities as they existed at the time of the investigation. The vegetative communities of the investigation area are described according to Ecological Communities of New York State (Edinger et al. 2014). The following is a description of each major community type encountered.

The **Urban Vacant Lot** community includes much of the site, where historic fill has been placed from the manufacturing of coke and its bi-products. There is minimal vegetation in this community. The community contained the following species: common reed (*Phragmites australis*), common dandelion (*Taraxacum officinale*), hairy crabgrass (*Digitaria sanguinalis*), sweet sagewort (*Artemisia annua*), little bluestem (*Schizachyrium scoparium*), spotted knapweed (*Centaurea stoebe*) and Virginia strawberry (*Fragaria virginiana*).

The Successional fill pad community included areas in the eastern portion of the site where small trees, shrubs and herbaceous vegetation has grown on old industrial fill piles. The community contained the following species: Tatarian honeysuckle (*Lonicera tatarica*), common reed (*Phragmites australis*), pin oak (*Quercus* palustris), sweet sagewort (*Artemisia annua*), eastern cottonwood (*Populus deltoides*), crack willow (*Salix fragilis*), Queen Anne's lace (*Daucus carota*), summer grape (*Vitis aestivalis*), bull thistle (*Cirsium arvense*), gray dogwood (*Cornus racemosa*), common mullein (*Verbascum thapsus*), common burdock (*Actium minus*), common red raspberry (*Rubus idaeus*), mare's tail (*Conyza canadensis*), common wormwood (*Artemisia vulgaris*), Virginia strawberry (*Fragaria virginiana*), little bluestem (*Schizachyrium scoparium*), Japanese knotweed (*Polygonum cuspidatum*),

sticky willy (*Galium aparine*), spotted knapweed (*Centaurea stoebe*), paper birch (*Betula papyrifera*), black raspberry (*Rubus occidentalis*), garlic mustard (*Alliaria officinalis*), velvet grass (*Holcus lanatus*), path rush (*Juncus tenuis*), narrowleaf bittercress (*Cardamine impatiens*) and Canada goldenrod (*Solidago canadensis*)

The **invasive species marsh** community is present within a portion of the on-site wetland areas and drainage ditches. The community contained the following species: common reed (*Phalaris arundinacea*), narrowleaf cattail (*Typha angustifolia*) and purple loosestrife (*Lythrum salicaria*).

The **emergent marsh** community contained the following species: common reed (*Phragmites australis*), flat topped goldenrod (*Euthamia graminifolia*), narrowleaf cattail (*Typha angustifolia*), purple loosestrife (*Lythrum salicaria*), common rush (*Juncus effusus*), deer tongue grass (*Dichanthelium clandestinum*), American bugleweed (*Lycopus americana*), pussy willow (*Salix discolor*), wrinkled goldenrod (*Solidago rugosa*), purpleleaf willowherb (*Epilobium coloratum*), eastern cottonwood (*Populus deltoides*) and northern arrowwood (*Viburnum recognitum*)

The **industrial pond** community is present along the edges of the open water areas in the southwest portion of the site. This community contained the following species: common reed (*Phragmites australis*), narrowleaf cattail (*Typha angustifolia*) and pussy willow (*Salix discolor*).

Due to access restrictions and lack of vegetation, the industrial building community was not investigated in depth.

#### SECTION VII: CONCLUSION

Earth Dimensions, Inc. (EDI) has completed a habitat assessment study at the Riverview Innovation & Technology Campus site located in the Town of Tonawanda, County of Erie, and State of New York. A field investigation was conducted by an Ecologist from EDI. The study identified six vegetative community types present within the site.

A map which depicts the site boundaries, the dominant community types and the location of all observation points and photo locations established during the field survey is included as Figure 5 in Appendix A of this report. Data forms are included as Appendix B. Appendix C includes representative photographs of the community types. Appendix D notes the references used during the preparation of this report and during the field investigation. Appendix E provides the names, addresses and phone numbers of the survey personnel involved in the wetland delineation study. Appendix F provides the correspondence from the USFWS and NYSDEC.

The Habitat Assessment found no potentially suitable habitat for the Northern long-eared bat present within the investigation area. The lack of large trees with peeling bark, cracks and/or crevices and the location of the site within a dense industrial area likely prohibit the bat from utilizing the site for summer roosting. No suitable winter hibernacula habitat was found during the investigation. Per the NYSDEC Northern Long-eared Bat information page, there are two (2) towns within Erie County that have recorded a summer roost location for Northern Long-eared Bat. These Towns are Collins and Wales. Wintering locations of Northern Long-eared Bats have been documented in the Towns of Akron, Alden, Clarence and Newstead. The project area is within the Town of Tonawanda, which does not border any of the identified towns.

In summary, there is no suitable habitat present for the Northern Long-eared Bat, or any other federally or state listed species. The site is dominated by abandoned industrial buildings and historic industrial fill, with minimal vegetation throughout the site.

# RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS

APPENDIX A - FIGURES

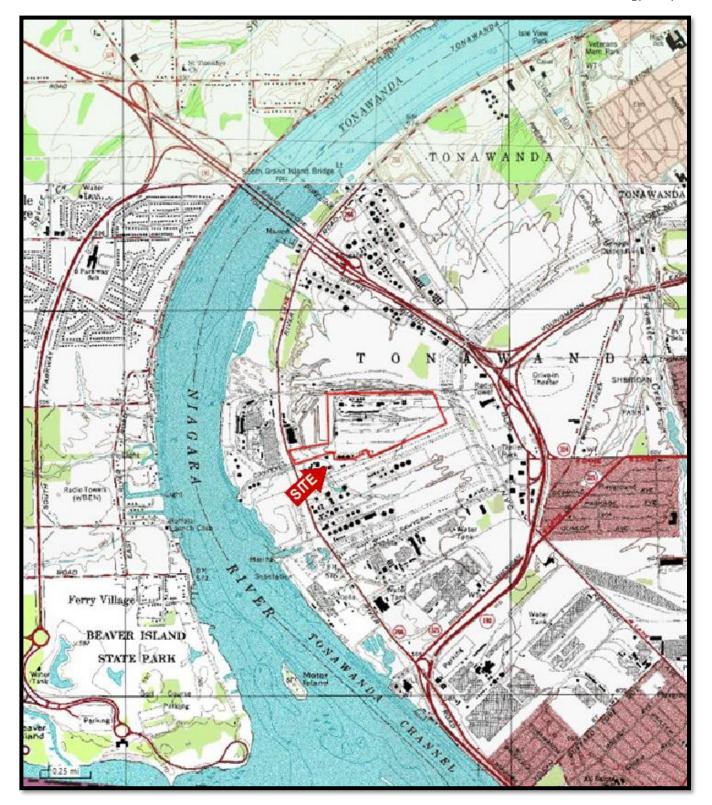


FIGURE 1: USGS 7.5 MINUTE TOPOGRAPHICAL MAP

Buffalo Northwest Quadrangle / 2002 DeLorme Riverview Innovation & Technology Campus Town of Tonawanda, Erie County, New York





FIGURE 2: NATIONAL WETLANDS INVENTORY MAP

http://www.fws.gov/wetlands/data/mapper.HTML (Visited 4/20/21)



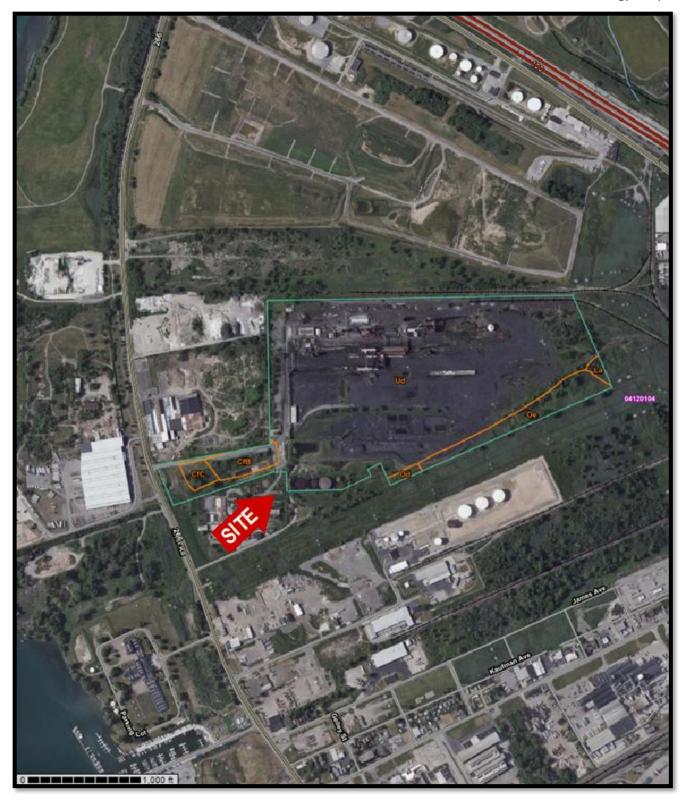


FIGURE 3: NRCS ERIE COUNTY SOIL SURVEY MAP

http://websoilsurvey.sc.egov.usda.gov/App/WebSoilSurvey.aspx (Visited 4/20/21)



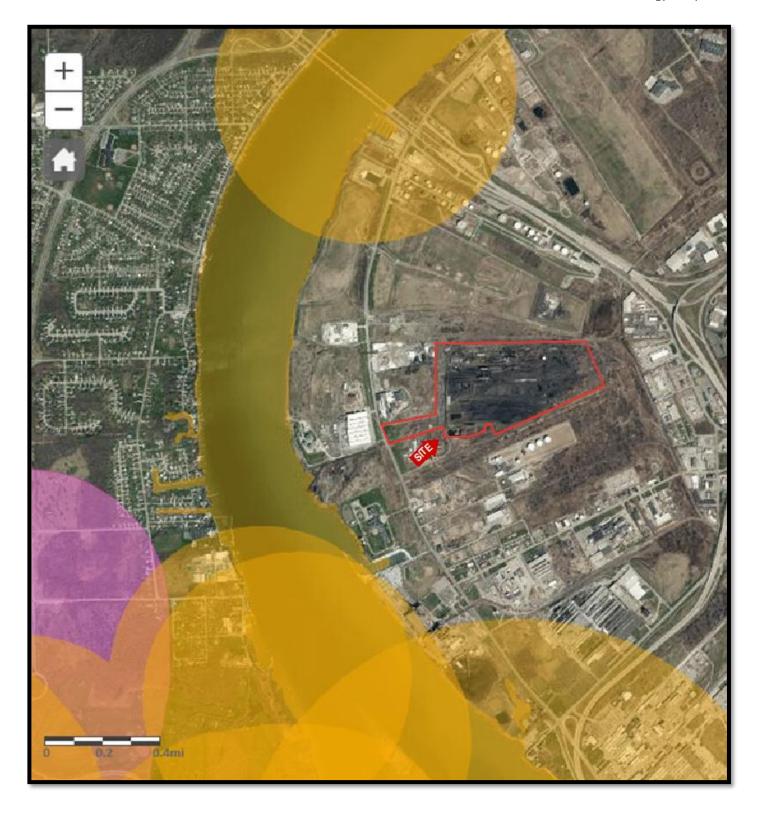


FIGURE 4: NYSDEC ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCE MAPPER

http://www.dec.ny.gov/imsmaps/ERM/viewer.htm (Visited 4/20/21)



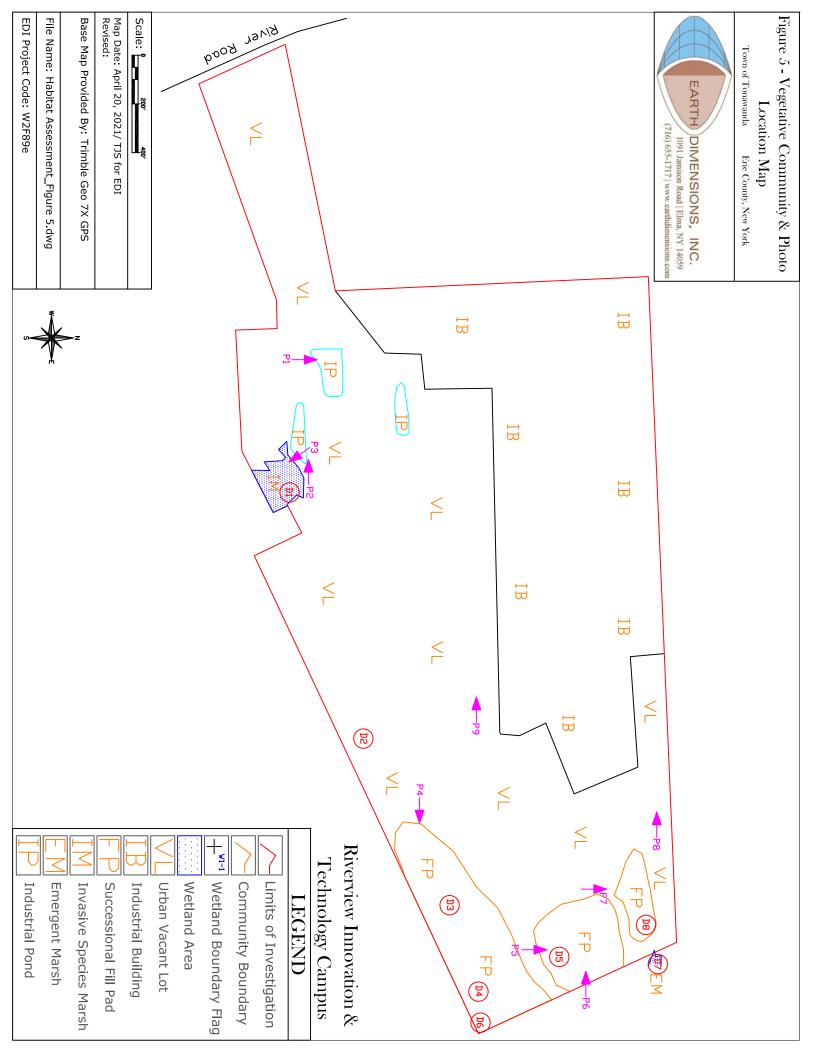




FIGURE 6: SITE AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH

https://www2.erie.gov/gis/index.php?q=internet-mapping (Visited 4/20/21)



# RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS

APPENDIX B - DATA FORMS

Project/Site: Riverview Tech Campus Town/County: Tonawanda/Erie County Sampling Date: April 5, 2021
Applicant/Owner: Inventum Engineering State: New York Sampling Point:
Investigator(s): Scott Livingstone & Jody Celeste Section, Township, Range: 64.08-1-10
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): NeDTessian Local relief (concave, convex, none): CONCAVE Slope (%):
Subregion (LRR or MLRA) <u>LRRL</u> Lat: <u>42.98102</u> Long: <u>78.92782</u> Datum: <u>NAD83</u>
Soil Map Unit Name: URBAN LAND NWI classification: PEM
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No (If no, explain in Remarks.)
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS: Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?  Yes X No Is the Sampled Area
Hydric Soil Present? Yes No within a Wetland? Yes No No No No
Wetland Hydrology Present?  Yes  No If yes, optional Wetland Site ID:
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a separate report.)
·WI-I-WI-14 (OPEN TO SOUTH)
, PHRAGMITES STAND ON OLD FILL PAD
HYDROLOGY
Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply) Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
Surface Water (A1) Drainage Patterns (B10)
High Water Table (A2) Aquatic Fauna (B13) Moss Trim Lines (B16)
Saturation (A3) Marl Deposits (B15) Dry-Season W ater Table (C2)
Water Marks (B1) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Crayfish Burrows (C8) Sediment Deposits (B2) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Oxidized Knizosphieres on Elving Roots (C3) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) Geomorphic Position (D2)
Iron Deposits (B5) Thin Muck Surface (C7) Shallow Aquitard (D3)
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Microtopographic Relief (D4)
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Field Observations:
Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (inches):
Water Table Present?  Yes No Depth (inches):
Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (inches): Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:
Remarks:
O SOME STANDING WATER IN AREAS

<b>Project</b>	Code:	W2F89d
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Sampling Point: **VEGETATION**: Use scientific names of plants. **Dominant Indicator** Absolute **Dominance Test worksheet:** Tree Stratum (Plot size: %\_Cover Species? Status **Number of Dominant Species** That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: (B) 100 Percent of Dominant Species (A/B) That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species \_\_\_\_\_ x 1 = \_\_\_\_ = Total Cover FACW species \_\_\_\_\_ x 2 = \_\_\_\_ Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15' FAC species \_\_\_\_\_ x 3 = \_\_\_\_ VIBUTAUM PLUGARHUM FACU species \_\_\_\_\_ x 4 = \_\_\_\_\_ UPL species \_\_\_\_\_ x 5 = \_\_\_\_ Column Totals: \_\_\_\_\_ (A) \_\_\_\_\_ (B) 4. \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ Prevalence Index = B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: \_ 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 2 - Dominance Test is >50% = Total Cover \_ 3 - Prevalence Index is < 3.01 Herb Stratum (Plot size: 4 - Morphological Adaptations (Provide supporting FALW data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 081 Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation<sup>1</sup> (Explain) Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must mo be present, unless disturbed or problematic. **Definitions of Vegetation Strata:** N Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter FACh N at breast height (DBH), regardless of height. Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall. Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall. Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height. 150 = Total Cover Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30') **Community Type:** Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? = Total Cover Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.) DISTY (bea Direction of Photo Photo #\_

Northcentral and Northeast Region - Version 2.0

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ches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>	Texture	Remark	KS
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Black F Hydrog Stratifie Deplete Thick D Sandy I Sandy I Strippe Dark Si	ipipedon (A2) listic (A3) en Sulfide (A4) dd Layers (A5) dd Below Dark Surface ark Surface (A12) Mucky Mineral (S1) Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox (S5) d Matrix (S6) urface (S7) (LRR R, M	ILRA 149B)	Redox Dep	Surface (S9) cky Mineral yed Matrix ( latrix (F3) k Surface (F eark Surface rressions (F	(F1) ( <b>LRF</b> F2) F6) (F7) 8)	₹ <b>K</b> , <b>L</b> )	B) 5 cm Muck Dark Surfa Polyvalue Thin Dark Iron-Mang Piedmont Mesic Spo Red Parer Very Shall Other (Exp	rie Redox (A16) (Ly Peat or Peat (Stoe (S7) (LRR K, L Below Surface (Stourface (Stourface (S9) (LRR Banese Masses (F1 Floodplain Soils (Fdic (TA6) (MLRA tt Material (TF2) ow Dark Surface (Islain in Remarks)	3) (LRR K, L, R) ,, M) 3) (LRR K, L) 8 K, L) 2) (LRR K, L, R 19) (MLRA 149 144A, 145, 149
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narks:									

Project/Site: Riverview Tech Campus Town/County: Tonawanda/Erie County Sampling	Date: April 5, 2021
Applicant/Owner: Inventum Engineering State: New York	Sampling Point: <u>DZ</u>
Investigator(s): Scott Livingstone & Jody Celeste Section, Township, Range:	\$4.08-1-10
Landform (hillstone terrace etc.): F-IIPAD Local relief (concave convex none):	NONE Slope (%):
Subregion (LRR or MLRA) LRRL Lat: 42.018156 Long: 7	8.92394 Datum: <u>NAD83</u>
Soil Map Unit Name: ODESSA-LAKEMONT COMPLEX, 0-3,	1. 5/0 FFE S
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No	
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology significantly disturbed?	•
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology naturally problematic? (If needed,	explain any answers in Remarks.)
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS: Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transec	ets, important features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	led Ama
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Tyuno con Trecont.	nal Wetland Site ID:
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a separate report.)	
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HYDROLOGY	
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two reguired)
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	Drainage Patterns (B10)
High Water Table (A2) Aquatic Fauna (B13)	Moss Trim Lines (B16)
Saturation (A3) Marl Deposits (B15)	Dry-Season W ater Table (C2)
Water Marks (B1) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)
Sediment Deposits (B2) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living R	3
Drift Deposits (B3) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soil: Iron Deposits (B5) Thin Muck Surface (C7)	s (C6) Geomorphic Position (D2) Shallow Aquitard (D3)
Iron Deposits (B5) Thin Muck Surface (C7) Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks)	Shallow Aquitate (D5) Microtopographic Relief (D4)
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Field Observations:	where the state of
Surface Water Present? Yes NoX Depth (inches):	
Water Table Present? Yes No Depth (inches): No A	
Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (inches): 1/4	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No
(includes capillary fringe)  Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspection	l ns), if available:
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Remarks:	
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	1

**VEGETATION**: Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling Point:

Tana Chrahima (Diatoire) 201	Absolute Dominant Indicator % Cover Species? Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30' )	8 y AW	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A)
1. QVO 002 PAIUSTI 00		That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A)
		Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata:  (B)
3		100
4		Percent of Dominant Species / UU That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A/B)
5		That we obt, the triple to the
6		Prevalence index worksheet:
7		Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
	= Total Cover	OBL species
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15' )		FACW species <u>68</u> x2 = <u>136</u>
1. NA		FAC species x 3 =   5
		FACU species 23 x 4 = 92
		UPL species $0 \times 5 = 0$
3.		Column Totals: <u>96</u> (A) <u>243</u> (B)
4		Prevalence Index = B/A = 2.5
5		
6		Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
7.		1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
	= Total Cover	2 - Dominance Test is >50%
Herb Stratum (Plot size:5')		3 - Prevalence Index is < 3.01
1. Ph(AGMIH) awtraly	40 Y FACW	4 - Morphological Adaptations (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
2 AROMISA AMNUA	15 N PACU	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)
3. Symphyotrichum lateriflores	5 N FAC	
4. Solidago CANADENSUS	5 N AW	Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
	3 N FACU	
5. Rhus typhina		Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
1		Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter
7		at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
8		Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH
9		and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
10		Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
11.		
12		Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.
	<u>B8</u> = Total Cover	neight.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30' )		Succession and Burg
1		SUCCESSIONAL DED FILL PAO
1	•	Community Type:
2		
3		Hydrophytic Vegetation
4		Present? Yes No
	= Total Cover	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate Photo # Direct	esheet.) ction of PhotoEAST	Present? Yes No No No No No No No No No No No No No
t		51te
* No hydrology		
W 100 190 J7		

Project/Site: Riverview Tech Campus Town/County: Tonawanda/Erie County Sampling Date: April 5, 2021
Applicant/Owner: <u>Inventum Engineering</u> State: <u>New York</u> Sampling Point: <u>53</u>
Investigator(s): Scott Livingstone & Jody Celeste Section, Township, Range: 64.08-1-10
Landform (hillstone terrace etc.): Fill PAD Local relief (concave convex none): Can VEX Stone (%):
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): FIN PAD Local relief (concave, convex, none): Canvex Slope (%): 5  Subregion (LRR or MLRA) LRRL Lat: 42,98261 Long: 78.72153 Datum: NAD83
Soil Map Unit Name: ODESSA-LAKEMONT COMPLEX O-31 NW I classification: N/A
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No (If no, explain in Remarks.)
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS: Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Vos No X Is the Sampled Area
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?  Yes No Is the Sampled Area  within a Wetland?  Yes No within a Wetland?
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No Mif yes, optional Wetland Site ID:
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a separate report.)
UPLAND SCRUBISHRUB COMMUNITY ON OLD FILL
HYDROLOGY
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:  Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)  Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) Drainage Patterns (B10)
High Water Table (A2) Aquatic Fauna (B13) Moss Trim Lines (B16) Saturation (A3)
Saturation (A3) Marl Deposits (B15) Dry-Season W ater Table (C2) Water Marks (B1) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Crayfish Burrows (C8)
Drift Deposits (B3)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) Geomorphic Position (D2)
Iron Deposits (B5) Thin Muck Surface (C7) Shallow Aquitard (D3)
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Microtopographic Relief (D4)
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Field Observations:
Surface Water Present? Yes NoX Depth (inches):
Water Table Present? Yes No _X Depth (inches):
Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (inches): Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No
(includes capillary fringe)  Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:
Remarks:
•

Project Code: W2F89d		<b>~</b> 7
VEGETATION: Use scientific names of plants.		Sampling Point:
Tree Stratum (Plot size:30' )	te Dominant Indicator er Species? Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
- Populus deltorpes S	Y FAC	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:  (A)
2	1	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata:  (B)
4.	,	Percent of Dominant Species 33
5	1	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A/B)
6.       7.		Prevalence Index worksheet:  Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
_5	= Total Cover	OBL species $D \times 1 = D$ FACW species $S \times 2 = 10$
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15' ) T. SALIX (COGUL)	y PAC	FAC species 30 x 3 = 90
2 (NOUS CATEMOSA S		FACU species $0 \times 4 = 30$ UPL species $0 \times 5 = 0$
Populus deltoises 5 4 Lancera tatarica 15	-N-XW	Column Totals: 115 (A) 42-0 (B)
5		Prevalence Index = B/A = 3.65
6		Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
7		1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5' )		3 - Prevalence Index is < 3.0 <sup>1</sup> 4 - Morphological Adaptations <sup>1</sup> (Provide supporting
ACHMISA ANNUA 3	5 y FAW	data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
3 Rub us occidentales 5	Y FACU NI NI	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)
4. Mrsivm arvense 5	N PAW	Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
5. SOI MUNO CANADENIUS 5	N PACU	Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
a Phragmites Australis 5	N PAGN	Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
8		Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
10		Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
11		Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
70	_ = Total Cover	height.
1. Vitis alectivals 5	Y FACU	SUCCESSIONAC Community Type:  PAO  PAO
2		1
3		Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No
	= Total Cover	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.)  Photo # Direction of P	hoto_SOUTH_	disturbed
i e		

ofile Descri	iption: (Describe to	the depth	needed to docume	nt the indicator	or confirm the	e absence of indicators.)
epth	Matrix			ox Features		·
ches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	% Typ	e <sup>1</sup> Loc <sup>2</sup>	Texture Remarks
1-8"	Magazi,,	edition.	<b>STIC</b>	et afficient. etc.	The galager	51A6
De: C=Co	ncentration, D=Deple	etion, RM=R	educed Matrix. CS=		ated Sand Grains	s. <sup>2</sup> Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
Histoso Histic E Black H Hydroge Stratifie Deplete Thick D Sandy 6 Sandy 6 Stripped	I (A1) pipedon (A2) istic (A3) en Sulfide (A4) d Layers (A5) d Below Dark Surface ark Surface (A12) Mucky Mineral (S1) Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox (S5) d Matrix (S6) urface (S7) (LRR R, N		MLRA 149E Thin Dark S Loamy Mucl Loamy Gley Depleted Mi Redox Dark	urface (S9) ( <b>LRF</b> ky Mineral (F1) ( ed Matrix (F2)	R R, MLRA 149B)	Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils <sup>3</sup> :  2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) 5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 144 Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149 Red Parent Material (TF2) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks)
	hydrophytic vegetatior	and wetland	I hydrology must be p	oresent, unless d	isturbed or proble	ematic.
strictive La Type: Depth (inch marks:	ayer (if observed): HARL nes):	\ <i>E</i> 11	1.			Hydric Soil Present? Yes No

Project/Site: Riverview Tech Campus Town/County: Tonawanda/Erie County Sampling Date: April 5, 2021
Applicant/Owner: Inventum Engineering State: New York Sampling Point: D4
Investigator(s): Scott Livingstone & Jody Celeste Section, Township, Range: 64.08-1-10
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): FIIPAD Local relief (concave, convex, none): CONVEX Slope (%): 3
Subregion (LRR or MLRA) LRRL Lat: 42, 98291 Long: 78.92020 Datum: NAD83
Soil Map Unit Name: DESSA - LAKEMONT COMPLEX, 0-3% NW I classification: N/A
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No (If no, explain in Remarks.)
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS: Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No Is the Sampled Area
Hydric Soil Present? Yes No within a Wetland? Yes No
Wetland Hydrology Present?  Yes No If yes, optional Wetland Site ID:
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a separate report.)
UPLAND FILL PAD WITH PHRAGMITES STAND;
SOME BARE GROUND
JONE JAMES GROWN
HYDROLOGY
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:   Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)  Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) Drainage Patterns (B10)
High Water Table (A2)  Aquatic Fauna (B13)  Moss Trim Lines (B16)
Saturation (A3) Marl Deposits (B15) Dry-Season W ater Table (C2)
Water Marks (B1) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Crayfish Burrows (C8)
Sediment Deposits (B2)  Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)  Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Drift Deposits (B3) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) Geomorphic Position (D2)
Iron Deposits (B5) Thin Muck Surface (C7) Shallow Aquitard (D3)
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Microtopographic Relief (D4)
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Field Observations:
Surface Water Present?  Water Table Present?  Yes No Depth (inches): NA  Saturation Present?  Yes No Depth (inches): NA  Seturation Present?  Yes No Depth (inches): NA  Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No No No No No No No No No No No No No
Water Table Present?
Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (inches): Metland Hydrology Present? Yes No No No No No No No No No No No No No
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:
Remarks:
1/GHQING.

a Point:

**VEGETATION**: Use scientific names of plants.

Tree_Stratum (Plot size:, _30')	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Indicator Species? Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. Provius deltoises	5	y AL	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:(A)
2			6
3			Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: (B)
4			Percent of Dominant Species
5			That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A/B)
6			Prevalence Index worksheet:
7			Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
	5"	= Total Cover	OBL species
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15' )			FACW species <u>25</u> x2= <u>50</u>
-Salve fragilis	10	y FAC	FAC species 37 x3= 11
2 CNOWS AMUNIA	5	Y FALW	FACU species <u>28</u> x4 = <u>112</u>
3.			UPL species x 5 =
4			
5			Prevalence Index = B/A = 3.13
6			Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
7			1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
	15	= Total Cover	2 - Dominance Test is >50%
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5')			3 - Prevalence Index is < 3.01
1. Phragmstes Australis	20	Y FACW	4 - Morphological Adaptations <sup>1</sup> (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
2 Salix fragilis	15	N FAC	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)
3. Archum mmus	3	N FACU	and the standard and an arrange
A ANTOMISA AMMA	25	Y FAW.	Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
5. Pen Sterner dialtales	7	NAC	Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
CONSUA CANTAGENIS	5	NI	
7. Verbascum thansur	<u>S</u>	N UPL	Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
8.			Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH
9			and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
10			Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless
11			of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
12			Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.
	<u>80</u> =	Total Cover	neight.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30' )			SICHMAN
1. NG			SUCCESSIONAL  Community Type: OLO FILC
2.			Community Type:
3			Hydrophytic
4			Vegetation Present? Yes No
	<u> 10</u>	= Total Cover	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate		, NORTH	DISTURBED
Photo # Direct	ion of Pho	to 14010111	DISTA
1			

Project/Site: Riverview Tech Campus Town/County: Tonawanda/Erie County Sampling Date: April 5, 2021
Applicant/Owner: Inventum Engineering State: New York Sampling Point:
nvestigator(s): Scott Livingstone 9 Lody Colorts Soction Township Pages: 64 08-1-10
andform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): F// P/12 Logal relief (concave, convex, none): CONVEX Slope (%): ZOZ Subregion (LRR or MLRA) LRRL Lat: 42, 98368 Long: 78.92069 Datum: NAD83
Subregion (LRR or MLRA) LRRI Lat: 42, 98368 Long: 78.92069 Datum: NAD83
Soil Map Unit Name: URBAN LAND NWI classification: N/A
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No (If no, explain in Remarks.)
Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No
re Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS: Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?  Yes No Is the Sampled Area
Hydric Soil Present? Yes No Within a Wetland? Yes No Yes
Hydric Soil Present?  Yes No Within a Wetland?  Yes No If yes, optional Wetland Site ID:
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a separate report.)
UPLAND FILL PILE WITH TREES
OPENIOU PIEC PIEC WINA
HYDROLOGY
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:  Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)  Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) Drainage Patterns (B10)
High Water Table (A2) Aquatic Fauna (B13) Moss Trim Lines (B16)
Saturation (A3) Marl Deposits (B15) Dry-Season W ater Table (C2)
Water Marks (B1) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Crayfish Burrows (C8)
Sediment Deposits (B2)  Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)  Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Drift Deposits (B3) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) Geomorphic Position (D2)
Iron Deposits (B5) Thin Muck Surface (C7) Shallow Aquitard (D3)
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Microtopographic Relief (D4)
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Field Observations:
Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (inches):
Water Table Present? Yes No Depth (inches):
Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (inches): No Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No X
(includes capillary fringe)  Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:
Cooking the second gauge, memoring the property of the second sec
Remarks:

**VEGETATION**: Use scientific names of plants.

	D5
Sampling Point: _	

To Challes (District	Absolute Dominant Indicator	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. Pooulvs de Holoes	% Cover Species? Status 20 Y FAC	Number of Dominant Species 3
1. FORDING GETTOIDES	20	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:(A)
2		Total Number of Dominant
3		Species Across All Strata: (B)
4		Percent of Dominant Species  That Are ORL EACIVITY or EAC:  (A/B)
5		That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A/B)
6		Prevalence Index worksheet:
7		Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
	20 = Total Cover	OBL species
One Brazilla Stratura (Plate)	- Total Gover	FACW species x 2 = 0
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15')	10 y FAC	FAC species 45 x 3 = 135
T. Salve tragilis		FACU species 73 x 4 = 293
2.		LIDI anacias 0 v.5 =
3.		Column Totals: 118 (A) 427 (B)
4		Prevalence Index = B/A = 3.63
5		Prevalence Index = B/A =
6		Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
7		1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
	= Total Cover	2 - Dominance Test is >50%
III I Out of Obstacles		3 - Prevalence Index is < 3.01
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5' )	15 y FAC	4 - Morphological Adaptations <sup>1</sup> (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
2. Polyagonum cuspidatum	15 Y FAW	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)
- Vor Wascum thapsus	5 N AW	
4. Artimaisia annuA	-45 Y FAW	Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
5. Galium aparine	3 N FACU	
	5 N FAW	Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
7		Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
8		Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH
9		and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
10.		Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless
11		of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
12		Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
	88 = Total Cover	height.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30' )		
L I a		SUCCESSIONAL SLO Community Type: FILL PAR
1 1	•	Community Type:
2.		
3		Hydrophytic Vegetation
4		Vegetation Present?  Yes No
	= Total Cover	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate	11/5	and ched
Photo # Direct	tion of Photo	DISTOCACO
		•
	•	
1		

US Army Corps of Engineers

pe: C=Concentration. D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains.    Coated Concentration		iption: (Describe to	o the depth				confirm th	e absence of inc	licators.)	
Dec: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains.  Indicators:  Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils*:  Histosol (A1) Histosol (A2) Histosol (A2) Histosol (A2) Histosol (A2) MRA 1498) MRA 1498) Disach Histic (A3) Horring of Soil (A3) Horring of Soil (A3) Horring of Soil (A3) Horring of Soil (A3) Horring of Soil (A3) Horring of Soil (A3) Depleted Delow Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Depleted Delow Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Sandy Sloyed Matrix (F3) Sandy Sloyed Matrix (F3) Sandy Sloyed Matrix (F3) Sandy Sloyed Matrix (F3) Depleted Delow Dark Surface (A14) Sandy Redox (CS5) Sandy Sloyed Matrix (F3) Depleted Delow Dark Surface (A14) Sandy Redox (CS5) Singed Matrix (S4) Delow Surface (A15) Delow Surface (A16) Redox Dark Surface (A17) Delow Surface (A17) Pelow Matrix (F3) Hydric Soil Present? Yes No  Hydric Soil Present? Yes No	epth	Matrix Color (moist)				es Type <sup>1</sup>	l oc²	Tevture	Remarks	
pe: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains.  Alcoation: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix, Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils.  Histosol (A1) Histic Epipedon (A2) Histic Epipedon (A2) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L, R) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F3) Thin Dark Surface (F3) Thin Dark Surface (F3) Thin Dark Surface (F3) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Sandy Redox (S5) Surface (F3) Sandy Mucky (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B)  Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B)  dicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.  Strictive Layer (If Observed): Type:   Hydric Soil Present? Yes No	101.007	Oolor (mojst)	70	Color (moist)		1700		TOMOTO	1,0,1,0	
pe: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains.  Alcoation: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix, Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils.  Histosol (A1) Histic Epipedon (A2) Histic Epipedon (A2) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L, R) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F3) Thin Dark Surface (F3) Thin Dark Surface (F3) Thin Dark Surface (F3) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Sandy Redox (S5) Surface (F3) Sandy Mucky (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B)  Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B)  dicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.  Strictive Layer (If Observed): Type:   Hydric Soil Present? Yes No	67							1.01		
dric Soil Indicators:    Histosol (A1)	0-1				***************************************	-		<u> 5046</u>		
dric Soil Indicators:    Histosol (A1)			· <del></del>				<u></u>			
dric Soil Indicators:    Histosol (A1)										
dric Soil Indicators:    Histosol (A1)										
dric Soil Indicators:    Histosol (A1)		**************************************								
dric Soil Indicators:    Histosol (A1)										
dric Soil Indicators:    Histosol (A1)							non-market scenario de Paris II d	ngangangan sang ang papinon ay ang sang sang sang sang sang sang sang		والمعارضة والمعارضة والمعارضة والمعارضة والمعارضة والمعارضة والمعارضة والمعارضة والمعارضة والمعارضة والمعارضة
dric Soil Indicators:    Histosol (A1)			-	and the same and t	-	www.		<del></del>		
dric Soil Indicators:    Histosol (A1)										
dric Soil Indicators:    Histosol (A1)							-	·		
dric Soil Indicators:    Histosol (A1)						**************	***************************************			
dric Soil Indicators:    Histosol (A1)										
dric Soil Indicators:    Histosol (A1)		****	·			-				
Histosol (A1) Histic Epipedon (A2) Histic Epipedon (A2) Black Histic (A3) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Stratified Layers (A5) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Sandy Seleyed Matrix (F2) Depleted Dark Surface (F6) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L, M) Redox Depressions (F8) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Hydric Soil Present? Yes No  Hydric Soil Present? Yes No  Hydric Soil Present? Yes No			etion, RM=R	educed Matrix, CS	=Covered	or Coated	Sand Grain			
Histic Epipedon (A2) Black Histic (A3) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Stratified Layers (A5) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Sandy Mucky Mineral (F3) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Sandy Redox (S5) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, L, R) Depleted Dark Surface (F6) Stripped Matrix (S4) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, L) MERA 149B)  MLRA 149B)  Some Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Matrix (F3) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Redox Depressions (F8) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B)  Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B)  dicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.  Strictive Layer (if observed): Type:  Hydric Soil Present? Yes No	unc son n	idicators.						mulcators	ioi Pioblemanc riyu	ic solis .
Black Histic (A3)						ace (S8) (I	.RR R,	2 cm Mu	uck (A10) (LRR K, L, MI	LRA 149B)
Stratified Layers (Å5)	Black H	listic (A3)		Thin Dark S	Súrface (S9			3) 5 cm Mu	icky Peat or Peat (S3) (	LRR K, L, R)
Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)  Thick Dark Surface (A12)  Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)  Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)  Sandy Redox Dark Surface (F7)  Sandy Redox (S5)  Stripped Matrix (S6)  Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L, Redox Dark Surface (F7)  Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S6)  Stripped Matrix (S6)  Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B)  dicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.  Strictive Layer (if observed):  Type:  Depth (inches):  Type:  Hydric Soil Present? Yes No				Loamy Mud	cky Mineral	(F1) ( <b>LR</b> F (F2)	R K, L)	Dark Su	rface (S7) (LRR K, L, N re Below Surface (S8) (I	I) LRR K. L)
Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) Dark Surface (S7) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Redox Depressions (F8) Redox Depressions (F8) Redox Depressions (F8) Red Parent Material (TF2) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks)  dicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.  strictive Layer (if observed): Type:  Type:  Depth (inches):  Type:  Hydric Soil Present? Yes No	Deplete	ed Below Dark Surfac	e (A11)	Depleted M	latrix (F3)			Thin Da	rk Surface (S9) (LRR K	, L)
Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Depressions (F8) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149E Sandy Redox (S5) Red Parent Material (TF2)								Piedmoi	nt Floodplain Soils (F19	) (MLRA 149B
Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B)  dicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.  Strictive Layer (if observed): Type:	Sandy (	Gleyed Matrix (S4)		Redox Dep	ressions (F	=8) ´		Mesic S	podic (TA6) (MLRA 144	iA, 145, 149B)
dicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.  Strictive Layer (if observed):  Type:HALDFI_L  Depth (inches):7 "  Hydric Soil Present? Yes No	Stripped	d Matrix (S6)						Very Sh	allow Dark Surface (TF	12)
Strictive Layer (if observed):  Type: HALD FILL  Depth (inches): 7 "  Hydric Soil Present? Yes No	Dark Su	urface (S7) (LRR R, I	VILRA 149B)					Other (E	Explain in Remarks)	
Strictive Layer (if observed):  Type: HALD FILL  Depth (inches): 7 "  Hydric Soil Present? Yes No										
Strictive Layer (if observed):  Type: HALD FILL  Depth (inches): 7 "  Hydric Soil Present? Yes No	ulinators of l	hydrophydio yogalalia		# h		alaaa diatu	rhad ar arabi	omotio		
Type: HARD FILL  Depth (inches): 7"  Hydric Soil Present? Yes No X			n and wetiand	nydrology must be	present, ui	ness alstu	bea or probl	emauc.		
Depth (inches): Hydric Soil Present? Yes No		HARD F	TII							
		//						Hydric Soil Pre	esent? Yes	No X
		nes)/						11,741.10		
	narks:									

Project/Site: Riverview Tech Campus Town/County: Tonawanda/Erie County Sampling Date: April 5, 2021
Applicant/Owner: Inventum Engineering State: New York Sampling Point:
Investigator(s): Scott Livingstone & Jody Celeste Section, Township, Range: 64.08-1-10
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): FII PAD Local relief (concave, convex, none): CONVEX Slope (%): 21/c
Subregion (LRR or MLRA) LRRL Lat: 42, 98291 Long: 78, 91959. Datum: NAD83
Soil Map Unit Name: LAKEMONT SILT LOAM, O-3/6 S/ONWI classification: N/A
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No (If no, explain in Remarks.)
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS: Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No Is the Sampled Area
Hydric Soil Present? Yes No Within a Wetland? Yes No Yes
Wetland Hydrology Present?  Yes No If yes, optional Wetland Site ID:
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a separate report.)
OUPLAND FILL PAD WITH PHRALMITES STAND
and the second second
OWETZAND HYROLOLY OFF-SITE TO SOUTH
L HYDROLOGY
1
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)  Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) Drainage Patterns (B10) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) Drainage Patterns (B16) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) Drainage Patterns (B16) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) Drainage Patterns (B16) Drainage Patterns (B16) Drainage Patterns (B16) Drainage Patterns (B17) Drainage Patterns (B18) Drainage Patterns (B18) Drainage Patterns (B19)
High Water Table (A2) Aquatic Fauna (B13) Marl Deposits (B15) Moss Trim Lines (B16) Dry-Season W ater Table (C2)
Saturation (A3) Marl Deposits (B15) Dry-Season W ater Table (C2) Water Marks (B1) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Crayfish Burrows (C8)
Sediment Deposits (B2) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Drift Deposits (B3) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) Geomorphic Position (D2)
Iron Deposits (B5) Thin Muck Surface (C7) Shallow Aquitard (D3)
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Microtopographic Relief (D4)
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Field Observations:
Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (inches):
Water Table Present? Yes No Depth (inches):
Surface Water Present?  Water Table Present?  Yes No Depth (inches): Depth (inches): Saturation Present?  Yes No Depth (inches): Water Table Present?  Yes No Depth (inches): Water Table Present?  Yes No Depth (inches): Water Table Present?  Yes No Depth (inches): Water Table Present?  Yes No Depth (inches): Water Table Present?  Yes No Depth (inches): Water Table Present?
(includes capillary fringe)  Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:
Remarks:
·

/EGETATION: Use scientific names of plants.		Sampling Point:
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30' )	Absolute Dominant Indicate Species? Status	Dollillatice test worksheet.
1. Betvia papyr fera	10 Y NI	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:(A)
2		Total Number of Dominant
3		Species Across All Strata: (B)
4		Percent of Dominant Species 2 5
5		That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:(A/B)
6		Prevalence index worksheet:
7		
	= Total Cover	OBL species
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15'		FAC species O x 3 = O
		FACU species 20 x 4 = 60
		UPL species $O \times 5 = O$ Column Totals: $S = O \times (A) \times (B)$
4.       5.		Prevalence Index = B/A = 2.47
6.		Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
7.		1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
	_ <del> =</del> Total Cover	2 - Dominance Test is >50% 3 - Prevalence Index is < 3.01
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5' )	65 Y FAI	4 - Morphological Adaptations (Provide supporting
1. Phragmitics anotralis	$-\frac{10}{10} \frac{1}{N} \frac{1}{Fac}$	data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
2 Artenisa annua		The state of the s
3. RubVI occidentalis		Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
4		
5		
7.		Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
9.		Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
10.		Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
11		Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
12.	= Total Cover	height.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30'	10 Y FAC	11 SUCCESSIONAL
1. VITIS and Value	<u> </u>	ovo FILC
2		Community Type:
3		- Hydrophytic  ✓
4		Vegetation Present? Yes No
3	te sheet.)	Disturbed
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INVINC	<b>(***</b> *********************************	

SOIL

Depth	Matrix		Re	dox Featu	res					
nches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc²	Texture		Remarks	
A 10	,									
<u> </u>		Marie Contraction of the Contrac	Maria Con-	distance:		6.000MP	SLA6			
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···········					<del>,</del>					
ype: C=C	oncentration, D=Depl	etion, RM=F	Reduced Matrix, C	S=Covered	or Coated	Sand Gra	ins. <sup>2</sup> Locat	ion: PL≕Pore		
	Indicators:						Indicato	rs for Proble	matic Hydric	: Soils³:
	sol (A1)		Polyvalue	Below Surf	face (S8) (LI	RR R,	2 cm	Muck (A10) (L	.RR K, L, MLF	RA 149B)
- HISTIC	Epipedon (A2) Histic (A3)		MLRA 14 Thin Dark	9B) Surface (Si	0) /I PP P I	WI PA 149	B\ Coas	t Prairie Redo Mucky Peat o	x (A16) ( <b>LRR I</b> r Peat (S3) ( <b>i i</b>	N, L, K) RR K. L. R)
Hvdro	gen Sulfide (A4)		Loamy Mi	ıckv Minera	a) (ERR R, 1 al (F1) (LRR	K. L)	Dark	Surface (S7) (	LRR K. L. M)	
Stratif	ied Layers (A5)		Loamy GI	eyed Matrix	(F2)	/	Polyv	alue Below St	urface (S8) (LF	RR K, L)
Deple	ted Below Dark Surfac	æ (A11)	Depleted	Matrix (F3)			Thin	Dark Surface (	(S9) (LRR K. L	_}
I NICK	Dark Surface (A12)  / Mucky Mineral (S1)		Redox Da	rk Surface (	(F6)		Iron-I	Manganese Manganese Manganese	n Soils (F19) (	MLRA 149
Sandy	Gleved Matrix (S4)		Redox De	pressions (	F8)		Mesi	: Spodic (TA6)	) (MLRA 144A	, 145, 149B
Sandy	/ Gleyed Matrix (S4) / Redox (S5)		Redox De	pressions (	F8)		Mesi	c Spodic (TA6) Parent Materia	) ( <b>MLRA 144A</b> JI (TF2)	., 145, 149B
Sandy Sandy Stripp	/ Gleyed Matrix (S4) / Redox (S5) ed Matrix (S6)	W DA 440D	Redox De	pressions (	F8)		Mesi Red l Very	c Spodic (TA6) Parent Materia Shallow Dark	) ( <b>MLRA 144A</b> il (TF2) Surface (TF12	, 145, 149B
Sandy Sandy Stripp	/ Gleyed Matrix (S4) / Redox (S5)	VILRA 149B)	Redox De	pressions (	F8)		Mesi Red l Very	c Spodic (TA6) Parent Materia	) ( <b>MLRA 144A</b> il (TF2) Surface (TF12	, 145, 149B
Sandy Sandy Stripp	/ Gleyed Matrix (S4) / Redox (S5) ed Matrix (S6)	VILRA 149B)	Redox De	pressions (	F8)		Mesi Red l Very	c Spodic (TA6) Parent Materia Shallow Dark	) ( <b>MLRA 144A</b> il (TF2) Surface (TF12	, 145, 149B
Sandy Sandy Stripp	/ Gleyed Matrix (S4) / Redox (S5) ed Matrix (S6)	VILRA 149B)	Redox De	pressions (	F8)		Mesi Red l Very	c Spodic (TA6) Parent Materia Shallow Dark	) ( <b>MLRA 144A</b> il (TF2) Surface (TF12	, 145, 149B
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Sandy Sandy Stripp Dark s	deleyed Matrix (S4) Redox (S5) ed Matrix (S6) Surface (S7) (LRR R, I f hydrophytic vegetatio	n and wetlan	Redox De	pressions (	F8)	ped or prob	Mesic Very Othe	c Spodic (TA6) Parent Materia Shallow Dark	) (MLRA 144A Il (TF2) Surface (TF12 emarks)	., 145, 149B
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Sandy Sandy Stripp Dark s  ndicators o estrictive Type: Depth (in	deleyed Matrix (S4) Redox (S5) ed Matrix (S6) Surface (S7) (LRR R, I f hydrophytic vegetatio	n and wetlan	Redox De	pressions (	F8)	ped or prob	Mesic Very Othe	e Spodic (TA6) Parent Materia Shallow Dark r (Explain in R	) (MLRA 144A Il (TF2) Surface (TF12 emarks)	, 145, 149B
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Sandy Sandy Stripp Dark s  ndicators o estrictive Type: Depth (in	deleyed Matrix (S4) Redox (S5) ed Matrix (S6) Surface (S7) (LRR R, I f hydrophytic vegetatio	n and wetlan	Redox De	pressions (	F8)	ped or prob	Mesic Very Othe	e Spodic (TA6) Parent Materia Shallow Dark r (Explain in R	) (MLRA 144A Il (TF2) Surface (TF12 emarks)	, 145, 149B
Sandy Sandy Stripp Dark s  ndicators of strictive Type: Depth (in	deleyed Matrix (S4) Redox (S5) ed Matrix (S6) Surface (S7) (LRR R, I f hydrophytic vegetatio	n and wetlan	Redox De	pressions (	F8)	ped or prob	Mesic Very Othe	e Spodic (TA6) Parent Materia Shallow Dark r (Explain in R	) (MLRA 144A Il (TF2) Surface (TF12 emarks)	, 145, 149B
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Sandy Sandy Stripp Dark s	deleyed Matrix (S4) Redox (S5) ed Matrix (S6) Surface (S7) (LRR R, I f hydrophytic vegetatio	n and wetlan	Redox De	pressions (	F8)	ped or prob	Mesic Very Othe	e Spodic (TA6) Parent Materia Shallow Dark r (Explain in R	) (MLRA 144A Il (TF2) Surface (TF12 emarks)	, 145, 149B
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Sandy Sandy Stripp Dark s  ndicators of strictive Type: Depth (in	deleyed Matrix (S4) Redox (S5) ed Matrix (S6) Surface (S7) (LRR R, I f hydrophytic vegetatio	n and wetlan	Redox De	pressions (	F8)	ped or prob	Mesic Very Othe	e Spodic (TA6) Parent Materia Shallow Dark r (Explain in R	) (MLRA 144A Il (TF2) Surface (TF12 emarks)	, 145, 149B
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Project/Site: Riverview Tech Campus Town/County: Tonawanda/Erie County Sampling Date: April 5, 2021
Applicant/Owner: Inventum Engineering State: New York Sampling Point:
Investigator(s): Scott Livingstone & Jody Celeste Section, Township, Range: 64.08-1-10
Landform (hillslope terrace etc.): Dobt ( \$260) ocal relief (concave convex none): CONCAVE Slope (%):
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Deplession Local relief (concave, convex, none): Concave Slope (%): O  Subregion (LRR or MLRA) LRL Lat: 4a, 98402 Long: 78,92054 Datum: NAD83
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No (If no, explain in Remarks.)
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology significantly disturbed?
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS: Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?  Yes No Is the Sampled Area  Within a Wetland?  Yes No
103
Wetland Hydrology Present?  Yes X No If yes, optional Wetland Site ID: U2
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a separate report.)
· WETLAND POCKET FORMED ON OLD FILL PAD
A Manual
· WZ-1- WZ-5 COPEN TO PE BUT CLOSED OFF-SITE
HYDROLOGY
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:  Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)  Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
Surface Water (A1)  Water-Stained Leaves (B9)  Drainage Patterns (B10)  Water-Stained Leaves (B9)
High Water Table (A2)  Aquatic Fauna (B13)  Moss Trim Lines (B16)  Aquatic Fauna (B13)  Moss Trim Lines (B16)
Saturation (A3) Marl Deposits (B15) Dry-Season W ater Table (C2) Water Marks (B1) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Crayfish Burrows (C8)
Sediment Deposits (B2) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Drift Deposits (B3) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) Geomorphic Position (D2)
Iron Deposits (B5) Thin Muck Surface (C7) Shallow Aquitard (D3)
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Microtopographic Relief (D4)
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Field Observations:
Surface Water Present? Yes X No Depth (inches):
Water Table Present?  Yes X No Depth (inches): 510565  Saturation Present?  Yes X No Depth (inches): 510565  Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No No Depth (inches): 510565
Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (inches): 50KFACE Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No Depth (inches):
(includes capillary fringe)  Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:
Remarks:

Sampling Point:

EGETATION: Use scientific names of plants.		Sampling Point:
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 20)	Absolute Dominant Indicator % Cover Species? Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
Free Stratum (Plot size: 30')  4. PAONIN ACTORDO	Species? Status  MC	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:(A)
		Total Number of Dominant
•		Species Across All Strata: (B)
		Percent of Dominant Species / 00 That Are OBL FACW, or FAC: (A/B)
•		That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A/B)
•		Prevalence index worksheet:
	manus.	
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15'	= 10tal 00v0l	FACW species x2 =
Sallx Pagill	-, 12 1 WK	FAC species x 3 =
SAILX durolor	S Y FALL	FACU species x 4 =
3		UPL species x 5 = Column Totals: (A) (B)
•		
5		Prevalence Index = B/A =
i		Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:  1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
	~~ ·	2 - Dominance Test is >50%
	<u> </u>	3 - Prevalence Index is < 3.01
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5' )	16 30 Y FAG	4 - Morphological Adaptations (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
2 Lythorum Salicaria	30 Y 0/BL	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)
Lycopus prelicana	10 N V	Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
. Salix dis wils	_ 15 N FACW	be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
5		Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
7		Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
3 3.		Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
10.		Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
11 12.		Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
	= Total Cover	height.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30'		(WZ) PEM
1. <u>N A</u>	•	Community Type: PEM SHALLOW
2		Hydrophytic WN 6/16/2017
3		Vegetation
	= Total Cover	Present? Yes/_ No
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separ	rala	0.010
Photo # 10 Di	rection of Photo	- Disturbed

Depth	iption: (Describe to	the depth n	eeded to docume	ent the indicator or	confirm th	e absence of indicato	rs.)	
	Matrix			dox Features	<del>-</del>	<u> </u>		
nches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	% Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc²	Texture	Remark	(S
4 -						All a sa ar		
0-2			A STATE OF THE STA	Section Sectio	ENGIN-	SLAG_		
		***************************************		-				
First took shift and manifestations became any		VERSION SERVICES VERSION VERSION	end glitada (da labada) a hada di proprincipi pi mendi ki gi a hi a dalah a labada hi si sikila ki si sikila h	to a company of contrast to the contrast of th	****************	VALUE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P	an was a successive frage or proportion and the first series	gravar lagragis i vi trada ser e rea erio e percentano.
				-				
						<del></del>		·····
ype: C=Co	ncentration, D=Deple	etion, RM=Re	duced Matrix, CS	=Covered or Coate	d Sand Grai	ns. <sup>2</sup> Location: PL:	=Pore Lining, N	//≡Matrix.
ydric Soil II	ndicators:					Indicators for P	roblematic Hy	dric Soils <sup>3</sup> :
Histoso	I (A1)		Polyvalue E	Below Surface (S8) (	LRR R.	2 cm Muck (A	10) (LRR K, L,	MLRA 149B)
Histic E	pipedon (A2)		MLRA 1491	B)		Coast Prairie	Redox (A16) (L	RR K, L, R)
	listic (A3) en Sulfide (A4)			Surface (S9) (LRR R cky Mineral (F1) (LRI			eat of Peat (53 (S7) (LRR K, L	B) (LRR K, L, R) , M)
Stratifie	d Layers (A5) ed Below Dark Surface	· (A11)	Loamy Gley Depleted M	yed Matrix (F2)			ow Surface (S8 face (S9) (LRR	
Thick D	ark Surface (A12)	; (M11)	Redox Dark	k Surface (F6)		Iron-Mangane	se Masses (F1	2) (LRR K, L, R)
	Mucky Mineral (S1) Gleyed Matrix (S4)			Park Surface (F7) Pressions (F8)		Mesic Spodic	(TA6) (MLRA 1	19) (MLRA 1491 144A, 145, 149B
Sandy I	Redox (S5) d Matrix (S6)					Red Parent M	aterial (TF2) Dark Surface (	
	urface (S7) ( <b>LRR R, M</b>	ILRA 149B)				Other (Explain	n in Remarks)	11" (2)
	hydrophytic vegetation	and wetland	hydrology must be	present, unless distu	rbed or prob	lematic.		
	ayer (if observed):	FILL						
	1/4-76							
	HARD F	- Jan Com Common					5 V	No_ <del>X</del>
estrictive L	HARD F	La las laces				Hydric Soil Present	r res	<del></del>
estrictive La Type: Depth (incl	HARD F	And Constitution				Hydric Soil Present	r res	
estrictive La Type: Depth (incl	HARD F	After Gene General		***************************************		Hydric Soil Present	res	
estrictive La Type: Depth (incl	HARD F			NA (1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-		Hydric Soil Present	r tes	
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estrictive La Type: Depth (incl	HARD F	And Speed Conserved				Hydric Soil Present	r tes	
estrictive La Type: Depth (incl	HARD F	And Anna Constant				Hydric Soil Present	r tes	
estrictive La Type: Depth (incl	HARD F	when land to come				Hydric Soil Present	r tes	
estrictive La Type: Depth (incl	HARD F	where Space Concern				Hydric Soil Present	r tes	
estrictive La Type: Depth (incl	HARD F	And Annual Control				Hydric Soil Present	r tes	
Type: Depth (incl	HARD F	where Space Conscion		·		Hydric Soil Present	r tes	
Restrictive La	HARD F	And Speed Control				Hydric Soil Present	r tes	
Restrictive La Type: Depth (incl	HARD F	And Agent Control				Hydric Soil Present	r tes	
estrictive La Type: Depth (incl	HARD F	where Square Conscious				Hydric Soil Present	r tes	
estrictive La Type: Depth (incl	HARD F	And Speed Control				Hydric Soil Present	r tes	

Project Code: W2F89d

#### WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Northcentral and Northeast Region

Project/Site: Riverview Tech Campus Town/County: Tonawanda/Erie County	Sampling Date: April 5, 2021
Applicant/Owner: Inventum Engineering State: New York	Sampling Point: D8
Investigator(s): Scott Livingstone & Jody Celeste Section, Township,	
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Fill PAD Local relief (concave, convex	(, none): NoNE Slope (%): 4/
Subregion (LRR or MLRA) LRRL Lat: Lo	ng: Datum: <u>NAD83</u>
	NW I classification:
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes	No (If no, explain in Remarks.)
Are Vegetation, SoilX_, or Hydrology significantly disturbed?	Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology naturally problematic? (I	f needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS: Attach site map showing sampling point locations	s, transects, important features, etc.
Hydric Soil Present? Yes No	the Sampled Area thin a Wetland?  Yes No  Yes No
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No Yes If y  Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a separate report.)	es, optional Wetland Site ID:
UPLAND FILL PAD	
HYDROLOGY	
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (B9	) Drainage Patterns (B10)
High Water Table (A2) Aquatic Fauna (B13)	Moss Trim Lines (B16)
Saturation (A3) Marl Deposits (B15)	Dry-Season W ater Table (C2)
Water Marks (B1) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C	
Sediment Deposits (B2) Oxidized Rhizospheres o	
Drift Deposits (B3) Presence of Reduced Iron	
Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Recent Iron Reduction in	
Iron Deposits (B5) Thin Muck Surface (C7) Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remark	Shallow Aquitard (D3)  Microtopographic Relief (D4)
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Field Observations:	
Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (inches):	4
Water Table Present?  Yes No Depth (inches):	
Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (inches):	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No
(includes capillary fringe)	
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous	Inspections), if available:
Remarks:	

**VEGETATION**: Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling Point:	<u>D8</u>
, -	

Tree Stratum (Plot size:30')	% Cover Species? Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
4. Provivi delforses	S y PAC	Number of Dominant Species 5
2 Betvla papyritera		That Are OBL, FACW , or FAC: (A)
	_ 15 Y MO	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: (B)
4		Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:  (A/B)
5		
6		Prevalence Index worksheet:
7		Total % Cover of:Multiply by:
	<u>⊋o</u> = Total Cover	OBL species x 1 =
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15'	-) - \ ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( (	FACW species $15$ $\times 2 = 30$
1. Cor nul Amonum	5 Y FALW	FAC species $\frac{25}{23}$ $\times 3 = \frac{75}{23}$
2		FACU species 73 x 4 = 292
3		UPL species $0 \times 5 = 0$
		Column Totals: 113 (A) 397 (B)
5		Prevalence Index = B/A = 3.51
6		Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
		1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
7		2 - Dominance Test is >50%
	= Total Cover	3 - Prevalence Index is < 3.0 <sup>1</sup>
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5'	3 N FAGU	4 - Morphological Adaptations (Provide supporting
2 Arction Minus	5 N PAQU	data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)  Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)
		Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain)
3. Schizachyrum suparium	11 60 1	Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
4. Phragmitis australis	10 Y FACW	be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
6. SALIX Fragily	10 Y FAC	Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
6. FRAGACIA VICGINIANA	10 y FAW	Tree Meady plants 2 in (7.6 cm) or more in diameter
7. Juneus tenuis	10 Y FAC	Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
18. Arthmisia Angua	10 Y FACU	Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH
9. Holcus lanarus	5 N PACU	and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
10		Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
11		
12.		Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.
	88 = Total Cover	I wight.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30' )		CULECUANAL
1. <u>NA</u>		DLO PILL
2.	-	SUCCESSIONIAL OLD FILL PAR
3.		Hydrophytic
4. \( \)		Vegetation
···	= Total Cover	Present? Yes No
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separat	te sheet )	1
k k	ection of PhotoWEST	Disturbed
		<b>v</b>
1		

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	( 1	ш	

Depth	Matrix		Redo	ox Features				
inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	% Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc²	Texture	Remar	ks
0-9						SLAC		
<i>)</i> - [			and the state of t	Eng.	- Alberta	3 CATE		
and the state of t								
		ta Pilitinità y pipercial falla parer l'alcona algeb	and a separate to transmit and a set of the first section of the set	control of the property of the control of the contr	The second second at 1 to 1 to 1	groupe and a facine agreen any related different MART. A 1964 A 1964 A	al also seed as the companies of the seed	
		·				NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.		
	oncentration, D=Depl	etion, RM=Red	uced Matrix, CS=	Covered or Coate	d Sand Gra		PL=Pore Lining.	
	ndicators:						or Problematic H	
Black H	Epipedon (A2) Histic (A3) Jen Sulfide (A4)		MLRA 149E Thin Dark S	elow Surface (S8) ( 3) urface (S9) (LRR R ky Mineral (F1) (LR	, MLRA 149	Coast Pra 5 cm Muc Dark Surf	k (A10) (L <b>RR K, L</b> iirie Redox (A16) (l ky Peat or Peat (S ace (S7) ( <b>LRR K,</b> l	LRR K, L, R) 3) (LRR K, L, R) L, M)
Deplete	ed Layers (À5) ed Below Dark Surfac	e (A11)	Depleted Ma			Thin Dark	Below Surface (S Surface (S9) (LRI	R K, L)
Sandy	Dark Surface (A12) Mucky Mineral (S1) Gleyed Matrix (S4)			Surface (F6) ark Surface (F7) essions (F8)		Piedmont	ganese Masses (F Floodplain Soils (I odic (TA6) ( <b>MLRA</b>	12) (LRR R, L, R) F19) (MLRA 149B 144A, 145, 149B)
Sandy Strippe	Redox (S5) ed Matrix (S6) curface (S7) (LRR R, I	/ILRA 149B)		.,		Red Pare Very Shal	nt Material (TF2) llow Dark Surface plain in Remarks)	(TF12)
	hydrophytic vegetatio ayer (jf observed):	n and wetland h	ydrology must be p	present, unless distu	irbed or prol	blematic.		
Type:	HARDE	5.11						~
Depth (inc	thes): 91			·		Hydric Soil Pres	ent? Yes	No <u> </u>
mamo.								

# RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS

APPENDIX C - SITE PHOTOGRAPHS



**Photo 1:** Facing north. Depicts an industrial pond in the southwest portion of the site.



**Photo 3:** Facing southeast. Depicts the invasive species marsh along the southern edge of the site.



**Photo 5:** Facing north. Depicts the successional fill pad community in the eastern portion of the site.



**Photo 2:** Facing west. Depicts and industrial pond in the southwest portion of the site.



**Photo 4:** Facing east. Depicts the successional fill pad community in the southeastern portion of the site.



**Photo 6:** Facing west. Depicts the successional fill pad community in the eastern portion of the site.



**Photo 7:** Facing North. Depicts the successional fill pad community in the northeastern portion of the site.



**Photo 9:** Facing west. Depicts the urban vacant lot community in the central portion of the site.



**Photo 8:** Facing west. Depicts the site from along the northern limits of the property.

# RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS

APPENDIX D - REFERENCES

#### INFORMATIONAL REFERENCES USED BY EARTH DIMENSIONS INC.

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# RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS

APPENDIX E - FIELD INVESTIGATION PERSONNEL

#### Soils and Hydrology Sampling

Scott Livingstone, Senior Soil Scientist Earth Dimensions, Inc. 1091 Jamison Road Elma, New York 14059 (716) 655-1717

#### Vegetation Sampling & Habitat Assessment

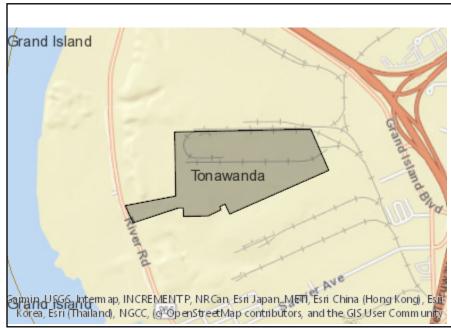
Thomas Somerville, Ecologist Jody Celeste, Ecologist Earth Dimensions, Inc. 1091 Jamison Road Elma, New York 14059 (716) 655-1717

#### Report Preparation

Thomas Somerville, Ecologist Earth Dimensions, Inc. 1091 Jamison Road Elma, New York 14059 (716) 655-1717

# RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS

APPENDIX F - AGENCY CORRESPONDENCE



**Disclaimer:** The EAF Mapper is a screening tool intended to assist project sponsors and reviewing agencies in preparing an environmental assessment form (EAF). Not all questions asked in the EAF are answered by the EAF Mapper. Additional information on any EAF question can be obtained by consulting the EAF Workbooks. Although the EAF Mapper provides the most up-to-date digital data available to DEC, you may also need to contact local or other data sources in order to obtain data not provided by the Mapper. Digital data is not a substitute for agency determinations.



Part 1 / Question 7 [Critical Environmental Area]	No
Part 1 / Question 12a [National or State Register of Historic Places or State Eligible Sites]	No
Part 1 / Question 12b [Archeological Sites]	Yes
Part 1 / Question 13a [Wetlands or Other Regulated Waterbodies]	Yes - Digital mapping information on local and federal wetlands and waterbodies is known to be incomplete. Refer to EAF Workbook.
Part 1 / Question 15 [Threatened or Endangered Animal]	No
Part 1 / Question 16 [100 Year Flood Plain]	No
Part 1 / Question 20 [Remediation Site]	Yes

**IPaC** 

**U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service** 

## IPaC resource list

This report is an automatically generated list of species and other resources such as critical habitat (collectively referred to as *trust resources*) under the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's (USFWS) jurisdiction that are known or expected to be on or near the project area referenced below. The list may also include trust resources that occur outside of the project area, but that could potentially be directly or indirectly affected by activities in the project area. However, determining the likelihood and extent of effects a project may have on trust resources typically requires gathering additional site-specific (e.g., vegetation/species surveys) and project-specific (e.g., magnitude and timing of proposed activities) information.

Below is a summary of the project information you provided and contact information for the USFWS office(s) with jurisdiction in the defined project area. Please read the introduction to each section that follows (Endangered Species, Migratory Birds, USFWS Facilities, and NWI Wetlands) for additional information applicable to the trust resources addressed in that section.

#### Location

Erie County, New York



#### Local office

New York Ecological Services Field Office

**4** (607) 753-9334

**(607)** 753-9699

3817 Luker Road Cortland, NY 13045-9385

http://www.fws.gov/northeast/nyfo/es/section7.htm

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NOT FOR CONSULTATION

# Endangered species

This resource list is for informational purposes only and does not constitute an analysis of project level impacts.

The primary information used to generate this list is the known or expected range of each species. Additional areas of influence (AOI) for species are also considered. An AOI includes areas outside of the species range if the species could be indirectly affected by activities in that area (e.g., placing a dam upstream of a fish population even if that fish does not occur at the dam site, may indirectly impact the species by reducing or eliminating water flow downstream). Because species can move, and site conditions can change, the species on this list are not guaranteed to be found on or near the project area. To fully determine any potential effects to species, additional site-specific and project-specific information is often required.

Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act **requires** Federal agencies to "request of the Secretary information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of such proposed action" for any project that is conducted, permitted, funded, or licensed by any Federal agency. A letter from the local office and a species list which fulfills this requirement can **only** be obtained by requesting an official species list from either the Regulatory Review section in IPaC (see directions below) or from the local field office directly.

For project evaluations that require USFWS concurrence/review, please return to the IPaC website and request an official species list by doing the following:

- 1. Draw the project location and click CONTINUE.
- 2. Click DEFINE PROJECT.
- 3. Log in (if directed to do so).
- 4. Provide a name and description for your project.
- 5. Click REQUEST SPECIES LIST.

Listed species<sup>1</sup> and their critical habitats are managed by the <u>Ecological Services Program</u> of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) and the fisheries division of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA Fisheries<sup>2</sup>).

Species and critical habitats under the sole responsibility of NOAA Fisheries are **not** shown on this list. Please contact <u>NOAA Fisheries</u> for <u>species under their jurisdiction</u>.

- Species listed under the <u>Endangered Species Act</u> are threatened or endangered; IPaC also shows species that are candidates, or proposed, for listing. See the <u>listing status</u> <u>page</u> for more information. IPaC only shows species that are regulated by USFWS (see FAQ).
- 2. NOAA Fisheries, also known as the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), is an

office of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration within the Department of Commerce.

The following species are potentially affected by activities in this location:

#### **Mammals**

NAME STATUS

Northern Long-eared Bat Myotis septentrionalis

**Threatened** 

Wherever found

No critical habitat has been designated for this species.

https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9045

#### Critical habitats

Potential effects to critical habitat(s) in this location must be analyzed along with the endangered species themselves.

THERE ARE NO CRITICAL HABITATS AT THIS LOCATION.

# Migratory birds

Certain birds are protected under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act<sup>1</sup> and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act<sup>2</sup>.

Any person or organization who plans or conducts activities that may result in impacts to migratory birds, eagles, and their habitats should follow appropriate regulations and consider implementing appropriate conservation measures, as described <u>below</u>.

- 1. The Migratory Birds Treaty Act of 1918.
- 2. The Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act of 1940.

Additional information can be found using the following links:

- Birds of Conservation Concern <a href="http://www.fws.gov/birds/management/managed-species/">http://www.fws.gov/birds/management/managed-species/</a>
  - birds-of-conservation-concern.php
- Measures for avoiding and minimizing impacts to birds <a href="http://www.fws.gov/birds/management/project-assessment-tools-and-guidance/conservation-measures.php">http://www.fws.gov/birds/management/project-assessment-tools-and-guidance/conservation-measures.php</a>
- Nationwide conservation measures for birds <a href="http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds">http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds</a>

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#### IPaC: Explore Location resources

#### /pdf/management/nationwidestandardconservationmeasures.pdf

The birds listed below are birds of particular concern either because they occur on the <u>USFWS Birds of Conservation Concern</u> (BCC) list or warrant special attention in your project location. To learn more about the levels of concern for birds on your list and how this list is generated, see the FAQ <u>below</u>. This is not a list of every bird you may find in this location, nor a guarantee that every bird on this list will be found in your project area. To see exact locations of where birders and the general public have sighted birds in and around your project area, visit the <u>E-bird data mapping tool</u> (Tip: enter your location, desired date range and a species on your list). For projects that occur off the Atlantic Coast, additional maps and models detailing the relative occurrence and abundance of bird species on your list are available. Links to additional information about Atlantic Coast birds, and other important information about your migratory bird list, including how to properly interpret and use your migratory bird report, can be found <u>below</u>.

For guidance on when to schedule activities or implement avoidance and minimization measures to reduce impacts to migratory birds on your list, click on the PROBABILITY OF PRESENCE SUMMARY at the top of your list to see when these birds are most likely to be present and breeding in your project area.

NAME

BREEDING SEASON (IF A
BREEDING SEASON IS
INDICATED FOR A BIRD ON
YOUR LIST, THE BIRD MAY
BREED IN YOUR PROJECT
AREA SOMETIME WITHIN THE
TIMEFRAME SPECIFIED,
WHICH IS A VERY LIBERAL
ESTIMATE OF THE DATES
INSIDE WHICH THE BIRD
BREEDS ACROSS ITS ENTIRE
RANGE. "BREEDS ELSEWHERE"
INDICATES THAT THE BIRD
DOES NOT LIKELY BREED IN
YOUR PROJECT AREA.)

#### Bald Eagle Haliaeetus leucocephalus

This is not a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) in this area, but warrants attention because of the Eagle Act or for potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities.

https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1626

Breeds Dec 1 to Aug 31

#### Black-billed Cuckoo Coccyzus erythropthalmus

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska. <a href="https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9399">https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9399</a>

Breeds May 15 to Oct 10

#### Canada Warbler Cardellina canadensis

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breeds May 20 to Aug 10

#### **Lesser Yellowlegs** Tringa flavipes

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska. <a href="https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9679">https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9679</a>

Breeds elsewhere

Red-headed Woodpecker Melanerpes erythrocephalus This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska. Breeds May 10 to Sep 10

#### Snowy Owl Bubo scandiacus

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breeds elsewhere

#### Wood Thrush Hylocichla mustelina

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breeds May 10 to Aug 31

## **Probability of Presence Summary**

The graphs below provide our best understanding of when birds of concern are most likely to be present in your project area. This information can be used to tailor and schedule your project activities to avoid or minimize impacts to birds. Please make sure you read and understand the FAQ "Proper Interpretation and Use of Your Migratory Bird Report" before using or attempting to interpret this report.

#### Probability of Presence (■)

Each green bar represents the bird's relative probability of presence in the 10km grid cell(s) your project overlaps during a particular week of the year. (A year is represented as 12 4-week months.) A taller bar indicates a higher probability of species presence. The survey effort (see below) can be used to establish a level of confidence in the presence score. One can have higher confidence in the presence score if the corresponding survey effort is also high.

How is the probability of presence score calculated? The calculation is done in three steps:

- 1. The probability of presence for each week is calculated as the number of survey events in the week where the species was detected divided by the total number of survey events for that week. For example, if in week 12 there were 20 survey events and the Spotted Towhee was found in 5 of them, the probability of presence of the Spotted Towhee in week 12 is 0.25.
- 2. To properly present the pattern of presence across the year, the relative probability of presence is calculated. This is the probability of presence divided by the maximum probability of presence across all weeks. For example, imagine the probability of presence in week 20 for the Spotted Towhee is 0.05, and that the probability of presence at week 12 (0.25) is the maximum of any week of the year. The relative probability of presence on week 12 is 0.25/0.25 = 1; at week 20 it is 0.05/0.25 = 0.2.
- 3. The relative probability of presence calculated in the previous step undergoes a statistical conversion so that all possible values fall between 0 and 10, inclusive. This is the probability of presence score.

To see a bar's probability of presence score, simply hover your mouse cursor over the bar.

#### Breeding Season (=)

Yellow bars denote a very liberal estimate of the time-frame inside which the bird breeds across its entire range. If there are no yellow bars shown for a bird, it does not breed in your project area.

#### Survey Effort (I)

Vertical black lines superimposed on probability of presence bars indicate the number of surveys performed for that species in the 10km grid cell(s) your project area overlaps. The number of surveys is expressed as a range, for example, 33 to 64 surveys.

To see a bar's survey effort range, simply hover your mouse cursor over the bar.

#### No Data (-)

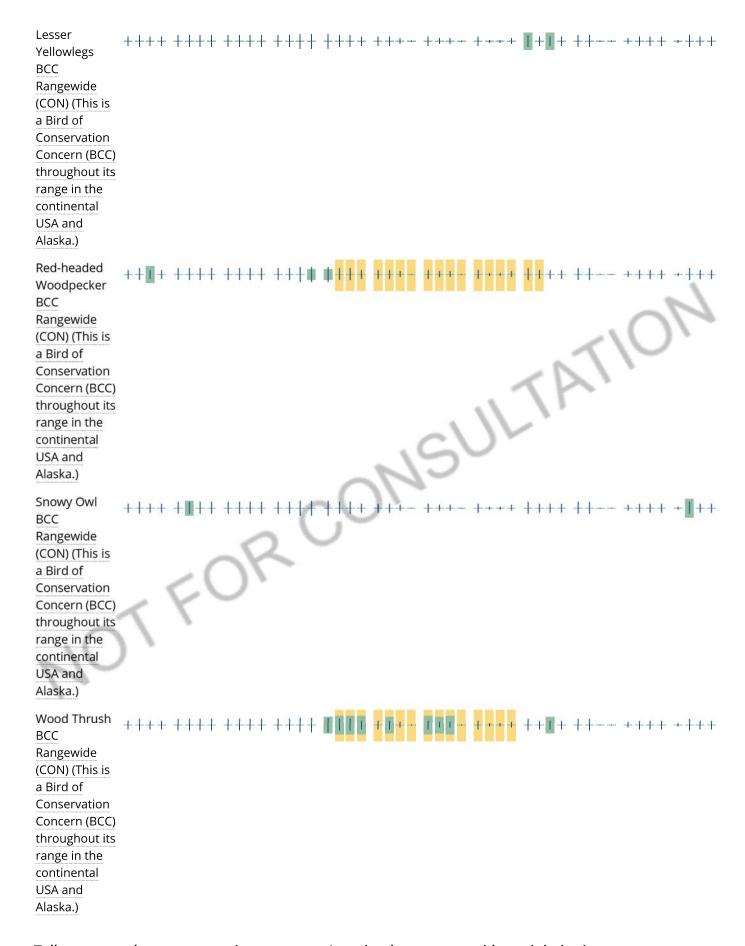
A week is marked as having no data if there were no survey events for that week.

#### **Survey Timeframe**

Surveys from only the last 10 years are used in order to ensure delivery of currently relevant information. The exception to this is areas off the Atlantic coast, where bird returns are based on all years of available data, since data in these areas is currently much more sparse.







Tell me more about conservation measures I can implement to avoid or minimize impacts to migratory birds.

IPaC: Explore Location resources

Nationwide Conservation Measures describes measures that can help avoid and minimize impacts to all birds at any location year round. Implementation of these measures is particularly important when birds are most likely to occur in the project area. When birds may be breeding in the area, identifying the locations of any active nests and avoiding their destruction is a very helpful impact minimization measure. To see when birds are most likely to occur and be breeding in your project area, view the Probability of Presence Summary. Additional measures or permits may be advisable depending on the type of activity you are conducting and the type of infrastructure or bird species present on your project site.

#### What does IPaC use to generate the migratory birds potentially occurring in my specified location?

The Migratory Bird Resource List is comprised of USFWS <u>Birds of Conservation Concern (BCC)</u> and other species that may warrant special attention in your project location.

The migratory bird list generated for your project is derived from data provided by the <u>Avian Knowledge Network (AKN)</u>. The AKN data is based on a growing collection of <u>survey, banding, and citizen science datasets</u> and is queried and filtered to return a list of those birds reported as occurring in the 10km grid cell(s) which your project intersects, and that have been identified as warranting special attention because they are a BCC species in that area, an eagle (<u>Eagle Act</u> requirements may apply), or a species that has a particular vulnerability to offshore activities or development.

Again, the Migratory Bird Resource list includes only a subset of birds that may occur in your project area. It is not representative of all birds that may occur in your project area. To get a list of all birds potentially present in your project area, please visit the <u>AKN Phenology Tool</u>.

## What does IPaC use to generate the probability of presence graphs for the migratory birds potentially occurring in my specified location?

The probability of presence graphs associated with your migratory bird list are based on data provided by the <u>Avian Knowledge Network (AKN</u>). This data is derived from a growing collection of <u>survey</u>, <u>banding</u>, <u>and citizen science datasets</u>.

Probability of presence data is continuously being updated as new and better information becomes available. To learn more about how the probability of presence graphs are produced and how to interpret them, go the Probability of Presence Summary and then click on the "Tell me about these graphs" link.

#### How do I know if a bird is breeding, wintering, migrating or present year-round in my project area?

To see what part of a particular bird's range your project area falls within (i.e. breeding, wintering, migrating or year-round), you may refer to the following resources: The Cornell Lab of Ornithology All About Birds Bird Guide, or (if you are unsuccessful in locating the bird of interest there), the Cornell Lab of Ornithology Neotropical Birds guide. If a bird on your migratory bird species list has a breeding season associated with it, if that bird does occur in your project area, there may be nests present at some point within the timeframe specified. If "Breeds elsewhere" is indicated, then the bird likely does not breed in your project area.

#### What are the levels of concern for migratory birds?

IPaC: Explore Location resources

Migratory birds delivered through IPaC fall into the following distinct categories of concern:

- 1. "BCC Rangewide" birds are <u>Birds of Conservation Concern</u> (BCC) that are of concern throughout their range anywhere within the USA (including Hawaii, the Pacific Islands, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands);
- 2. "BCC BCR" birds are BCCs that are of concern only in particular Bird Conservation Regions (BCRs) in the continental USA; and
- 3. "Non-BCC Vulnerable" birds are not BCC species in your project area, but appear on your list either because of the <a href="Eagle Act">Eagle Act</a> requirements (for eagles) or (for non-eagles) potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities (e.g. offshore energy development or longline fishing).

Although it is important to try to avoid and minimize impacts to all birds, efforts should be made, in particular, to avoid and minimize impacts to the birds on this list, especially eagles and BCC species of rangewide concern. For more information on conservation measures you can implement to help avoid and minimize migratory bird impacts and requirements for eagles, please see the FAQs for these topics.

#### Details about birds that are potentially affected by offshore projects

For additional details about the relative occurrence and abundance of both individual bird species and groups of bird species within your project area off the Atlantic Coast, please visit the Northeast Ocean Data Portal. The Portal also offers data and information about other taxa besides birds that may be helpful to you in your project review. Alternately, you may download the bird model results files underlying the portal maps through the NOAA NCCOS Integrative Statistical Modeling and Predictive Mapping of Marine Bird Distributions and Abundance on the Atlantic Outer Continental Shelf project webpage.

Bird tracking data can also provide additional details about occurrence and habitat use throughout the year, including migration. Models relying on survey data may not include this information. For additional information on marine bird tracking data, see the <u>Diving Bird Study</u> and the <u>nanotag studies</u> or contact <u>Caleb Spiegel</u> or <u>Pam Loring</u>.

#### What if I have eagles on my list?

If your project has the potential to disturb or kill eagles, you may need to <u>obtain a permit</u> to avoid violating the Eagle Act should such impacts occur.

#### Proper Interpretation and Use of Your Migratory Bird Report

The migratory bird list generated is not a list of all birds in your project area, only a subset of birds of priority concern. To learn more about how your list is generated, and see options for identifying what other birds may be in your project area, please see the FAQ "What does IPaC use to generate the migratory birds potentially occurring in my specified location". Please be aware this report provides the "probability of presence" of birds within the 10 km grid cell(s) that overlap your project; not your exact project footprint. On the graphs provided, please also look carefully at the survey effort (indicated by the black vertical bar) and for the existence of the "no data" indicator (a red horizontal bar). A high survey effort is the key component. If the survey effort is high, then the probability of presence score can be viewed as more dependable. In contrast, a low survey effort bar or no data bar means a lack of data and, therefore, a lack of certainty about presence of the species. This list is not perfect; it is simply

a starting point for identifying what birds of concern have the potential to be in your project area, when they might be there, and if they might be breeding (which means nests might be present). The list helps you know what to look for to confirm presence, and helps guide you in knowing when to implement conservation measures to avoid or minimize potential impacts from your project activities, should presence be confirmed. To learn more about conservation measures, visit the FAQ "Tell me about conservation measures I can implement to avoid or minimize impacts to migratory birds" at the bottom of your migratory bird trust resources page.

## **Facilities**

### National Wildlife Refuge lands

Any activity proposed on lands managed by the <u>National Wildlife Refuge</u> system must undergo a 'Compatibility Determination' conducted by the Refuge. Please contact the individual Refuges to discuss any questions or concerns.

THERE ARE NO REFUGE LANDS AT THIS LOCATION.

## Fish hatcheries

THERE ARE NO FISH HATCHERIES AT THIS LOCATION.

# Wetlands in the National Wetlands Inventory

Impacts to <u>NWI wetlands</u> and other aquatic habitats may be subject to regulation under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, or other State/Federal statutes.

For more information please contact the Regulatory Program of the local <u>U.S. Army Corps</u> of <u>Engineers District</u>.

#### WETLAND INFORMATION IS NOT AVAILABLE AT THIS TIME

This can happen when the National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) map service is unavailable, or for very large projects that intersect many wetland areas. Try again, or visit the <a href="NWI">NWI</a> map to view wetlands at this location.

#### **Data limitations**

The Service's objective of mapping wetlands and deepwater habitats is to produce reconnaissance level information on the location, type and size of these resources. The maps are prepared from the analysis of high altitude imagery. Wetlands are identified based on vegetation, visible hydrology and geography. A margin of error is inherent in the use of imagery; thus, detailed on-the-ground inspection of any particular site may result in revision of the wetland boundaries or classification established through image analysis.

The accuracy of image interpretation depends on the quality of the imagery, the experience of the image analysts, the amount and quality of the collateral data and the amount of ground truth verification work conducted. Metadata should be consulted to determine the date of the source imagery used and any mapping problems.

Wetlands or other mapped features may have changed since the date of the imagery or field work. There may be occasional differences in polygon boundaries or classifications between the information depicted on the map and the actual conditions on site.

#### Data exclusions

Certain wetland habitats are excluded from the National mapping program because of the limitations of aerial imagery as the primary data source used to detect wetlands. These habitats include seagrasses or submerged aquatic vegetation that are found in the intertidal and subtidal zones of estuaries and nearshore coastal waters. Some deepwater reef communities (coral or tuberficid worm reefs) have also been excluded from the inventory. These habitats, because of their depth, go undetected by aerial imagery.

#### **Data precautions**

Federal, state, and local regulatory agencies with jurisdiction over wetlands may define and describe wetlands in a different manner than that used in this inventory. There is no attempt, in either the design or products of this inventory, to define the limits of proprietary jurisdiction of any Federal, state, or local government or to establish the geographical scope of the regulatory programs of government agencies. Persons intending to engage in activities involving modifications within or adjacent to wetland areas should seek the advice of appropriate federal, state, or local agencies concerning specified agency regulatory programs and proprietary jurisdictions that may affect such activities.

#### **Wetland and Waterbodies Delineation Report**

for

# RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS

Town of Tonawanda Erie County, New York

for

**Inventum Engineering** 



November 11, 2021 EDI Project Code: **W2F89d** 

# REPORT SUMMARIZING THE RESULTS OF A WETLAND DELINEATION SURVEY OF

# RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS BROWNFIELD CLEANUP PROGRAM SITE

Prepared for Submission to:

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS 1776 NIAGARA STREET BUFFALO, NEW YORK 14207

**AND** 

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION 270 MICHIGAN AVENUE BUFFALO, NEW YORK 14203

#### **Prepared By:**

EARTH DIMENSIONS, INC. 1091 JAMISON ROAD ELMA, NEW YORK 14059

#### **Prepared For:**

TODD WALDROP, PE INVENTUM ENGINEERING 481 CARLISLE DRIVE, SUITE 202 HERNDON, VIRGINIA 20170

REPORT DATE: November 11, 2021

EDI PROJECT CODE: W2F89d

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

Project Name Riverview Innovation &	Technology Campus (former Tonawanda Coke property)
Street Address	
SBL Number	64.08-1-10
Town	Tonawanda
County	Erie
State	New York
Latitude/Longitude (NAD83)	42.98328°N, 78.92505°W
Investigation Area	
USGS 7.5 Minute Topographical Map	Buffalo Northwest Quadrangle
Waterway	NA
Hydrologic Unit Code	04120104
Date of Delineation	April 5 <sup>th</sup> , 2021 & June 23, 2021
Consultant	Earth Dimensions, Inc.
	1091 Jamison Road
	Elma, New York 14095
Point of Contact	Scott Livingstone
	(716)655-1717
	slivingstone@earthdimensions.com
Engineer	Inventum Engineering
Property Owner	Riverview Innovation & Tech Campus, Inc.
Authority	Section 404, Article 24
Permit/Letter Being Requested	Jurisdictional Determination

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#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

Inventum Engineering, P.C. (Inventum), on behalf of Riverview Innovation & Technology Campus (RITC), is conducting a Remedial Investigation (RI) through the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Brownfield Cleanup Program (BCP) of an 103± acre parcel located along the east side of River Road in the Town of Tonawanda, County of Erie, and State of New York (BCP Site No. C915353). Inventum Engineering has retained Earth Dimensions, Inc. (EDI) to complete a wetland delineation report that would allow the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) and New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) to determine their jurisdictional authority over the investigation area, pursuant to Section 404 of the Clean Water Act and Articles 15 (Protection of Waters) and 24 (Freshwater Wetlands) of the New York State Environmental Conservation Law.

A preliminary review of available information pertaining to vegetation, soils, and hydrology in the project area was implemented prior to conducting a field investigation at the site. Sources of information included the United States Geological Survey (USGS), Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS), National Wetland Inventory (NWI), and NYSDEC Freshwater Wetland maps. The NRCS map indicates the potential for wetlands under federal jurisdiction. The NYSDEC map indicates the potential for wetland under state jurisdiction.

EDI applied methodology specified by the Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual (January 1987) and Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Northcentral and Northeast Region Version 2.0 (January 2012) to perform a delineation of Federal jurisdictional wetlands within the site. EDI identified six (6) wetland areas totaling 1.664± acres within the investigation area. Several drainages ditches were identified and are shown on the maps included as Figures 5 & 6. Three (3) stormwater ponds were identified and mapped. In addition, it should be noted that during the site investigation, several areas of standing water were found. The mapped ponds are stormwater control features that are actively engineered, maintained, and monitored by RITC under an approved Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP)<sup>1</sup>. The identification number of the wetlands, their acreage and boundary flags are as follows:

-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inventum Engineering, P.C. Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan for Riverview Innovation & Technology Campus. May 2020. NYSDEC approval June 1, 2020.

TABLE 1: WETLAND SUMMARY

Wetland Identification #	Geograph (NA	nic Center D83)	Boundary Flag #	Total Acreage	Wetland Type (Cowardin)	Wetland Type (Reschke)	Jurisdictional Determination
	Latitude	Longitude	C	On-site	, , , ,	, , ,	
Wetland 1	42.98089	78.92799	W1-1 through W1-14	0.751±	PEM	Shallow emergent marsh	Non- Jurisdictional
Wetland 2	42.98492	78.92059	W2-1 through W2-10	0.125±	PEM	Shallow emergent marsh	Non- Jurisdictional
Wetland 3	42.98124	78.93131	W3-1 through W3-12	0.320±	PEM	Shallow emergent marsh	Non- Jurisdictional
Wetland 4	42.98075	78.93277	W4-1 through W4-20	0.364±	PEM	Shallow emergent marsh	Non- Jurisdictional
Wetland 5	42.98397	78.92012	W5-1 through W5-9	0.078±	PEM	Shallow emergent marsh	Non- Jurisdictional
Wetland 6	42.98435	78.91901	W6-1 through W6-5	0.026±	PEM	Shallow emergent marsh	Non- Jurisdictional
	Total Wetla	ınd Acreage:		1.664±			

TABLE 2: WATERBODY SUMMARY

Identification #	Flag #	Geographic Center (NAD83)		Acreage On-site	Classification (Cowardin)	Type (Reschke)	Jurisdictional Determination
		Latitude	Longitude		, ,	, , , , ,	
Pond 1	P1-1 through P1-5	42.98510	78.92966	0.432±	POW	SWPPP Pond	Non-Jurisdictional
Pond 2	P2-1 through P2-5	42.98111	78.92871	0.248±	POW	SWPPP Pond	Non-Jurisdictional
Pond 2	P3-1 through P3-4	42.98229	78.92904	0.122±	POW	SWPPP Pond	Non-Jurisdictional

#### SECTION I: INTRODUCTION

Inventum is conducting a Remedial Investigation of a 103± acre parcel on the east side of River Road in the Town of Tonawanda, County of Erie, and State of New York through the NYSDEC BCP. The BCP Site is a portion of the Riverview Innovation & Technology Campus (RITC BCP) and is located on USGS 7.5 minute quadrangle map indexed as Buffalo Northwest (Figure 1). The field work was completed on April 5<sup>th</sup>, 2021 and June 23, 2021, using a handheld Garmin GPSmap 62s to locate wetland and drainage boundaries.

Inventum Engineering has retained Earth Dimensions, Inc. (EDI) to complete a wetland delineation study at this site. The investigation was designed to facilitate a determination of the extent of USACE and NYSDEC jurisdiction over the project area pursuant to Section 404 of the Clean Water Act and Articles 15 (Protection of Waters) and 24 (Freshwater Wetlands) of the New York State Environmental Conservation Law.

EDI has performed a wetland delineation study at the site under guidelines specified by the *Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual*, dated January 1987 (referred to hereafter as the Corps Manual) and the *Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Northcentral and Northeast Region version 2.0* (January 2012) (referred to hereafter as the Northcentral and Northeast Regional Supplement). The purpose of this report is to present EDI's methods, results, conclusions and recommendations with respect to the RITC BCP Site.

# SECTION II: SITE DESCRIPTION

The RITC BCP project area is comprised of a  $103\pm$  acre irregular shaped investigation area on the east side of River Road which is outlined on Figure 1 and depicted on the Wetland Delineation Map included in Appendix A (Figure 6).

The natural topography of the RITC BCP site is no longer present and consists of disturbed and filled areas on a mostly flat surface with occasional fill piles and excavations. The uplands within the investigation area consisted of a successional old fill pad community. The wetland areas were found to consist of a shallow emergent marsh community. The vegetative communities of the investigation area are described according to *Ecological Communities of New York State* (Edinger et al. 2014).

# SECTION III: PRELIMINARY DATA REVIEW

### A. SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

Several sources of information may be reviewed to facilitate the completion of a wetland delineation study. In some cases it is even possible to make a preliminary office wetland determination based upon available vegetation, soils, and hydrologic information for a project area.

EDI completed a preliminary review of several data sources at the onset of this study. The results of the review are summarized as follows:

### 1. USGS 7.5 MINUTE TOPOGRAPHICAL MAP

Figure 1 depicts the RITC BCP project site on the Buffalo Northwest quadrangle map. The figure depicts the flat to gently sloping topography of the site. The map depicts past development of the site.

### 2. USFWS NATIONAL WETLANDS INVENTORY MAP

The National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) map obtained from the USFWS Wetland Mapper <a href="http://www.fws.gov/wetlands/Data/Mapper.html">http://www.fws.gov/wetlands/Data/Mapper.html</a> displays one (1) wetland and one (1) stream type, PSS1/Em1B abutting the southern limits of the investigation area and R4SBC along the western edge of the investigation area. The wetland and stream can be decoded as:

- [P] Palustrine, [SS] Scrub-shrub, [1] Broad leaved-deciduous, [Em] Emergent, [1] Persistent, [B] Seasonally saturated
- [R] Riverine, [4] Intermittent, [SB] Streambed, [C] Seasonally Saturated

### 3. NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE SOILS MAP

Figure 3 presents the project area outlined on a copy of the Erie County Soil Survey map from the National Cooperative Soil Survey. As shown on that figure, the site has the following soil types:

## **Soil Conservation Service Legend**

Map Unit	Map Unit Name	Hydric Soil/Inclusions?
Symbol		
CfB	Cayuga silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	Inclusions unlikely
CfC	Cayuga silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	Inclusions unlikely
La	Lakemont silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	Hydric Soil

Od	Odessa silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	Inclusions Possible
Oe	Odessa-Lakemont complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes	Inclusions Possible
Ud	Urban Land	NA

<u>Cayuga</u>: The Cayuga series consists of very deep, moderately well drained soils formed in clayey lacustrine deposits overlying till. These soils are on undulating to hilly till plains where a veneer of lake-laid deposits overlie the till. Slope ranges from 2 to 25 percent. The mean annual temperature is 48 degrees F., and the mean annual precipitation is 35 inches.

**Lakemont:** The Lakemont series consists of deep, poorly drained and very poorly drained soils of lake plains. They are nearly level soils formed in very slowly permeable reddish colored clayey lacustrine sediments. Slope ranges from 0 to 3 percent. Permeability is moderately slow in the surface and very slow in the subsoil sand substratum. Mean annual temperature is about 48°F and mean annual precipitation is about 34 inches.

<u>Odessa:</u> The Odessa series consists of very deep, somewhat poorly drained soils formed in red, clayey lacustrine deposits. These soils are in moderately low areas on lake plains and valley terraces. Slope ranges from 0 to 20 percent. Mean annual temperature is 8 degrees C (46 degrees F), and mean annual precipitation is 995 mm (39 in).

<u>Urban Land:</u> This map unit consists of areas where the soils have been altered or obscured by urban development. Buildings, concrete, debris and other manmade disturbances are evident.

The U.S. Department of Agriculture's National Technical Committee for Hydric Soils Criteria has developed a list of soils that often display hydric soil characteristics. Hydric soil typically forms in places of the landscape where surface water periodically collects for some time and/or where groundwater discharges sufficient to create waterlogged or anaerobic soils. Such anaerobic soils can support the growth and survival of hydrophytic vegetation that is tolerant of such conditions. Lakemont is a hydric soil and therefore may support wetland vegetation. Wetland hydrologic conditions, hydric soils, and hydrophytic vegetation are the three criteria of a wetland.

### 4. NYSDEC Freshwater Wetlands Map

The NYSDEC Freshwater Wetlands map obtained from the online NYSDEC Environmental Resource Mapper displays state jurisdictional Freshwater Wetland BW-6 in the northeast and southeast portions of the investigation area.

### B. RESULTS OF AGENCY INFORMATION REVIEW

The preliminary data review revealed that the Corps may have jurisdiction over wetlands at the project location. The evidence consisted of hydric soils and soils with possible inclusions depicted within the project area as shown on the NRCS map (Figure 3). The preliminary data review indicated that NYSDEC may have jurisdiction over wetlands on site as depicted on the NYSDEC Resource Mapper (Figure 4). Therefore, it was considered necessary to perform a field investigation at the site in order to determine the presence of federal and state protected wetlands. The methods specified in the Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual (January 1987) and Northcentral and Northeast Regional Supplement Version 2.0 (January 2012) were employed during the field investigation. Procedures, results, and conclusions of the wetland delineation study are presented in the remainder of this report.

# SECTION IV: FIELD INVESTIGATION PROCEDURES

### WETLANDS:

## Step 1

EDI applied methodology specified by the 1987 Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual and Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Northcentral and Northeast Region to perform a delineation of Federal jurisdictional wetlands within the site. EDI used the Level 2 Routine Determination method (on-site inspection necessary) since insufficient information was available for making a determination for the entire project area. This methodology is consistent with Part IV, Section D of the Corps Manual.

## Step 2

EDI's initial evaluation of the project area revealed that no atypical situations existed. If an atypical situation had existed, EDI would have used methodology outlined in Part IV, Section F of the Corps manual and/or Section 5 of the Northcentral and Northeast Supplement.

# Step 3

EDI made the determination that normal environmental conditions were present, as the area was not lacking hydrophytic vegetation or hydrologic indicators due to annual, seasonal or long-term fluctuations in precipitation, surface water, or groundwater levels. The Northcentral and Northeast Supplement defines the growing season as beginning when one of the following indicators of biological activity are evident in a given year: (1) above-ground growth and development of vascular plants and/or (2) soil temperature measured at 12" below ground surface reaches 41°F. The end of the growing season is defined as the point at which deciduous species lose their leaves or the last herbaceous plants cease flowering and their leaves become dry or brown, whichever comes latest.

# Step 4

In order to accurately identify the limits of various vegetative communities and extent of wetlands on-site, a routine determination method was used. As depicted in Appendix A and included in Appendix B, sixteen (16) data points were used to characterize the site.

## Step 5

The plant community inhabiting each observation point was characterized in accordance with methods specified in the Northcentral and Northeast Regional Supplement. Dominant plant species were identified within four vegetative strata (i.e. herb, sapling/shrub, tree and liana (woody vines) at each sampling point. The Northcentral and Northeast Regional Supplement defines the vegetative strata in the following manner:

Herb – A non-woody individual of a macrophytic species. Seedlings of woody plants (including vines) that are less than 3.28 feet in height are considered to be herbs.

Sapling/Shrub – A layer of vegetation composed of woody plants < 3.0 inches in diameter at breast height but greater than 3.28 feet in height, exclusive of woody vines.

Tree – A woody plant > 3.0 inches in diameter at breast height, regardless of height (exclusive of woody vines)

Liana – A layer of vegetation in forested plant communities that consist of woody vines greater than 3.28 feet in height.

As outlined in the manual, the quadrant sizes used for the vegetative strata were (i) a 3.28-foot radius for herbs; (ii) a ten-foot radius for saplings/shrubs and woody vines; and (iii) a 30-foot radius for trees. Dominant plant species were estimated using aerial coverage methods. Dominant species are defined in the Corps Manual as the most abundant plant species that when ranked in descending order of abundance and cumulatively totaled immediately exceed 50 percent of the total dominance measure for the stratum, plus any additional species comprising 20 percent or more of the total dominance measure.

The wetland indicator status (OBL, FACW, FAC, FACU, or UPL) listed for each identified species by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service in the National List of Plant Species that Occur in Wetlands: Northeast (Region 1) was recorded. The U.S. Fish and Wildlife wetland indicator status listings are defined as follows:

OBL – Plants that occur almost always (estimated probability >99 percent) in wetlands under natural conditions, but which may also occur rarely (estimated probability < 1 percent) in nonwetlands.

FACW – Plants that occur usually (estimated probability >67 percent to 99 percent) in wetlands, but also occur (estimated probability 1 percent to 33 percent) in nonwetlands.

FAC – Plants with a similar likelihood (estimated probability 33 percent to 67 percent) of occurring in both wetlands and nonwetlands.

FACU – Plants that occur sometimes (estimated probability 1 percent to <33 percent) in wetlands but occur more often (estimated probability >67 percent to 99 percent) in nonwetlands.

UPL – Plants that occur rarely (estimated probability < 1 percent) in wetlands but occur almost always (estimated probability >99 percent) in nonwetlands under natural conditions.

The plant community data was summarized on the data forms provided in the Northcentral and Northeast Regional Supplement included in this report as Appendix B.

## Step 6

Plant data from each observation point were tested against the hydrophytic vegetation criterion specified in the Corps Manual and Northcentral and Northeast Regional Supplement. The Northcentral and Northeast Regional Supplement identifies a four-tiered approach for making a determination of whether or not the hydrophytic vegetation criteria is met for a sample plot. Indicator 1 (Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation) was first applied to determine if all dominant species across all strata are rated OBL and/or FACW. If Indicator 1 did not meet the hydrophytic vegetation criteria, Indicator 2 was then applied (dominance test); if greater than 50% of all plant species across all strata were rated OBL, FACW, or FAC, the hydrophytic vegetation criteria was considered met. In rare cases, when Indicators 1 and 2 did not meet the hydrophytic vegetation criteria but soils and hydrology criteria were met, Indicators 3 (Prevalence Index) and 4 (Morphological Adaptations) were used to make a final determination. All observation points that met the hydrophytic vegetation criterion were considered potential wetlands. Soils were then characterized.

### Step 7

The Corps Manual specifies that soils need not be characterized (and are assumed hydric soils) at sampling points meeting the hydrophytic vegetation criterion if: (i) all dominant plant species have an indicator status of OBL, or (ii) all dominant species have an indicator status of OBL and/or FACW, and the wetland boundary is abrupt (at least one dominant OBL species must be present). All observation points sampled during this field investigation were examined directly for soil and hydrologic characteristics.

## Step 8

At observation points requiring a soil evaluation, soil borings were performed by an EDI Soil Scientist using methods specified in the Northcentral and Northeast Regional Supplement. Soil pits were dug using a tile spade. Testpits were generally dug to a depth of 20 inches below ground surface. Soils were examined for any of the hydric soil indicators, as outlined in the Field Indicators of Hydric Soils in the United States. A determination was made as to whether or not the hydric soil criterion was met. Soils data was recorded on the data forms included in Appendix B of this report.

# Step 9

EDI's Soil Scientist examined hydrologic indicators using methods specified by the Northcentral and Northeast Regional Supplement at each observation point. The wetland hydrology criterion was met if: (i) one or more primary field indicators was materially present, (ii) available hydrologic records provided necessary evidence, or (iii) two or more secondary indicators were present. Results were recorded on data forms taken from the Corps Manual and are included in this report as Appendix B.

### Step 10

A wetland determination was made for every observation point. If a sample plot met the hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soil, and wetland hydrology criteria, the area was considered to be wetland.

## <u>Step 11</u>

Based on the results of the transected data, wetland boundaries were established for each identified wetland using survey ribbon labeled "wetland delineation" and numbered consecutively along each wetland boundary. As outlined in the Corps Manual, the placement of flags was based on the limits of areas where all three parameters were met. Wetland flags were labeled W1-1 through W1-14, W2-1 through W2-10, W3-1 through W3-12, W4-1 through W4-20, W5-1 through W5-9 and W6-1 through W6-5.

### STREAMS & DRAINAGES:

The federally regulated Ordinary High Water (OHW) mark of streams within the Project

area were delineated utilizing the definitional criteria as presented in Title 33, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 328, and the USACE Regulatory Guidance Letter 05-05 – Guidance on Ordinary High Water Mark Identification. Each stream is categorized in regard to its flow regime as perennial, intermittent, or ephemeral, as defined by the USACE. The Ordinary High Water (OHW) mark for each stream is surveyed using the handheld Garmin GPSmap 62s. Each stream is assigned a letter designation, and survey points are numbered consecutively. Substrate characteristics and water depth are noted. Streams classified as AA, A, B, C, C(t), C(ts) and D in the State of New York are regulated by NYSDEC under Article 15 Use and Protection of Waters. Streams are given classifications which designate the level of protection afforded to each waterbody. Class AA and A are assigned to sources of drinking water. Class B streams are best suited for swimming and other contact recreation, but not drinking water. Class C streams identify waters that support fishing and non-contact activities. A classification with (t) designated a stream with the potential to support trout populations. A classification of (ts) identifies waters that may support trout spawning. Class D waters are the lowest classification and are often highly imperiled.

# SECTION V: RESULTS AND CONCLUSIONS

Earth Dimensions, Inc. (EDI) has completed a wetland delineation study at the RITC BCP site located in the Town of Tonawanda, County of Erie, and State of New York. A field investigation was conducted by a Soil Scientist and a Wetland Ecologist from EDI. The wetland delineation study identified six (6) wetlands totaling 1.664± acres and three (3) stormwater ponds totaling 0.802± acre present within the RITC BCP. In addition, several drainage features were identified within the investigation area.

Figure 5 depicts the vegetative communities as they existed at the time of the investigation. The uplands within the investigation area were comprised of successional old fill pad communities. The wetland areas were found to consist of shallow emergent marsh communities. The vegetative communities of the investigation area are described according to Ecological Communities of New York State (Edinger et al. 2014).

The successional northern hardwood community was dominated by the following species: red maple (*Acer rubrum*), tatarian honeysuckle (*Lonicera tatarica*), silky dogwood (*Cornus amomum*), American beech (*Fagus grandifolia*) and black cherry (*Prunus serotina*).

The successional old fill pad community was dominated by the following species: common reed (*Phragmites australis*), pin oak (*Quercus palustris*), European buckthorn (*Rhamnus cathartica*), annual wormweed (*Artemisia annua*), pussy willow (*Salix discolor*), purple loosestrife (*Lythrum salicaria*), Indian hemp (*Apocynum cannibinum*), cut leaf raspberry (*Rubus lacinatus*), staghorn sumac (*Rhus typhina*), eastern cottonwood (*Populus deltoides*), crack willow (*Salix fragilis*), summer grape (*Vitis aestivalis*), bull thistle (*Cirsium arvense*), silky dogwood (*Cornus amomum*), common mullein (*Verbascum thapsus*), common burdock (*Actium minus*), foxglove beardtongue (*Penstemon digitalis*), mare's tail (*Conyza canadensis*), large leaf avens (*Geum macrophyllum*), Virginia strawberry (*Fragaria virginiana*), little bluestem (*Schizachyrium scoparium*), common black raspberry (*Rubus occidentalis*), daisy fleabane (*Erigeron philadelphicus*), crown vetch (*Securigera varia*), Japanese knotweed (*Polygonum cuspidatum*), sticky willy (*Galium aparine*), spotted knapweed (*Centaurea stoebe*), paper birch (*Betula papyrifera*), black raspberry (*Rubus occidentalis*), garlic mustard (*Alliaria officinalis*), tararian honeysuckle (*Lonicera tatarica*), grey dogwood (*Cornus racemosa*), calico aster

(Symphyotrichum lateriflorum), velvet grass (Holcus lanatus), path rush (Juncus tenuis) and Canada goldenrod (Solidago canadensis).

Wetland W1 is a 0.751± acre shallow emergent marsh dominated by common reed (*Phragmites australis*), purple loosestrife (*Lythrum salicaria*), soft rush (*Juncus effusus*), flat topped goldenrod (*Euthamia graminifolia*), ditch stonecrop (*Penthorum sedoides*), deer tongue grass (*Dichanthelium clandestinum*), wrinkled goldenrod (*Solidago rugosa*), purple leaf willowherb (*Epilobium coloratum*), eastern cottonwood (*Populus deltoides*) and northern arrowwood (*Viburnum recognitum*). Soils within wetland W1 are mapped as Urban Land and consisted of slag. Hydrology indicators present in Wetland W1 included Water-Stained Leaves (B9). It is EDI's professional opinion that Wetland W1 is not Federally jurisdictional under the Navigable Waters Protection Rule due to the apparent lack of connectivity to an intermittent or perennial stream.

Wetland W2 is a 0.125± acre shallow emergent marsh dominated by common reed (*Phragmites australis*), purple loosestrife (*Lythrum salicaria*), American bugleweed (*Lycopus americana*), eastern cottonwood (*Populus deltoides*), crack willow (*Salix fragilis*) and pussy willow (*Salix discolor*). Soils within wetland W2 are mapped as Urban Land and consisted of slag. Hydrology indicators present in Wetland W2 included surface water (A1), high water table (A2), saturation (A3) and Water-Stained Leaves (B9). It is EDI's professional opinion that Wetland W2 is not Federally jurisdictional under the Navigable Waters Protection Rule due to the apparent lack of connectivity to an intermittent or perennial stream.

Wetland W3 is a 0.320± acre shallow emergent marsh dominated by common reed (*Phragmites australis*), Canada goldenrod (*Solidago canadensis*), summer grape (*Vitis aestivalis*) and eastern cottonwood (*Populus deltoides*). Soils within wetland W3 are mapped as Cayuga Silt Loam and had a top soil color of 10YR2/1 with 7% 10YR5/8 mottles. The texture is mucky silt loam. This soil fits the NRCS F3 indicator (Depleted Matrix). Hydrology indicators present in Wetland W3 included Saturation (A3) and Water-Stained Leaves (B9). It is EDI's professional opinion that Wetland W3 is a man-made wetland and not Federally jurisdictional under the Navigable Waters Protection Rule due to the apparent lack of connectivity to an intermittent or perennial stream.

Wetland W4 is a 0.364± acre shallow emergent marsh dominated by common reed (*Phragmites australis*), large leaf avens (*Geum macrophyllum*), European buckthorn (*Rhamnus cathartica*), and

eastern cottonwood (*Populus deltoides*). Soils within wetland W4 are mapped as Cayuga Silt Loam and had a top soil color of 10YR3/1 with 3% 10YR5/8 mottles. The subsoil had a color of 10YR5/1 with 5% 10YR5/8 mottles. The texture is clay loam and silt loam. This soil fits the NRCS F3 indicator (Depleted Matrix). Hydrology indicators present in Wetland W4 included Surface Water (A1), High Water Table (A2), Saturation (A3) and Water-Stained Leaves (B9). It is EDI's professional opinion that Wetland W4 is a man-made wetland and not Federally jurisdictional under the Navigable Waters Protection Rule due to the apparent lack of connectivity to an intermittent or perennial stream.

Wetland W5 is a 0.078± acre shallow emergent marsh dominated by purple loosestrife (*Lythrum salicaria*), common reed (*Phragmites australis*), Canada goldenrod (*Solidago canadensis*), silky dogwood (*Cornus amomum*), pussy willow (*Salix discolor*), meadow willow (*Salix petiolaris*) and eastern cottonwood (*Populus deltoides*). Soils within wetland W5 are mapped as Urban Land and had a top soil color of 10YR2/1 with no mottles. The texture is slag. Hydrology indicators present in Wetland W5 included Water-Stained Leaves (B9). It is EDI's professional opinion that Wetland W5 is a man-made wetland and not Federally jurisdictional under the Navigable Waters Protection Rule due to the apparent lack of connectivity to an intermittent or perennial stream.

Wetland W6 is a 0.026± acre shallow emergent marsh dominated by purple loosestrife (*Lythrum salicaria*), common reed (*Phragmites australis*), spotted touch me not (*Impatiens capensis*), sensitive fern (*Onoclea sensibilis*), Indian hemp (*Apocynum cannibinum*), pussy willow (*Salix discolor*) and pin oak (*Quercus palustris*). Soils within wetland W6 are mapped as Urban Land and had a top soil color of 10YR2/1 with no mottles. The texture is slag. Hydrology indicators present in Wetland W5 included Water-Stained Leaves (B9). It is EDI's professional opinion that Wetland W6 is a manmade wetland and not Federally jurisdictional under the Navigable Waters Protection Rule due to the apparent lack of connectivity to an intermittent or perennial stream.

A map which depicts the site boundaries and the location of all observation points established during the field survey is included as Figure 6 in Appendix A of this report. Data forms are included as Appendix B. Appendix C includes representative photographs of the project area. Appendix D notes the references used during the preparation of this report and during the field investigation. Appendix E provides the names, addresses and phone numbers of the survey personnel involved in the wetland delineation study.

## SECTION VI: RECOMMENDATIONS

Six (6) wetland areas and three (3) stormwater ponds were identified during the course of a field investigation based upon the three-parameter technique (vegetation, soils, and hydrology) outlined in the Corps Manual and Northcentral and Northeast Regional Supplement. It is EDI's professional opinion that none of the wetlands, stormwater ponds or ditches should be regulated by the USACE under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act based on the Navigable Waters Protection Rule. It is also EDI's opinion that Freshwater Wetland BW-6 is just off-site along the southern property line. Based on this, a portion of the 100 foot upland adjacent area would fall within the investigation area and therefore a portion of the site would be regulated by NYSDEC under Article 24 of the New York Conservation Law. USACE and NYSDEC approach their regulatory analyses by first considering avoidance of wetlands and minimization of wetland losses. EDI recommends the following:

- (1) Submit this report to USACE and NYSDEC with a request for a wetland boundary confirmation and jurisdictional determination.
- (2) If no impacts are proposed to federal or state regulated wetlands, state regulated 100-foot adjacent area based on the outcome of the jurisdictional determination, it is the professional opinion of EDI that the project may proceed without the need for Section 404 or Article 24 Permits.
- (3) If any NYSDEC regulated upland adjacent area or federal or state jurisdictional wetland impacts are proposed, it is EDI's recommendation that a Joint Application for Permit and supporting documentation be submitted to the USACE and NYSDEC with a request for a Section 404 Permit, Section 401 Water Quality Certification and/or an Article 24 Permit.

# RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS BROWNFIELD CLEANUP PROGRAM SITE

APPENDIX A - FIGURES

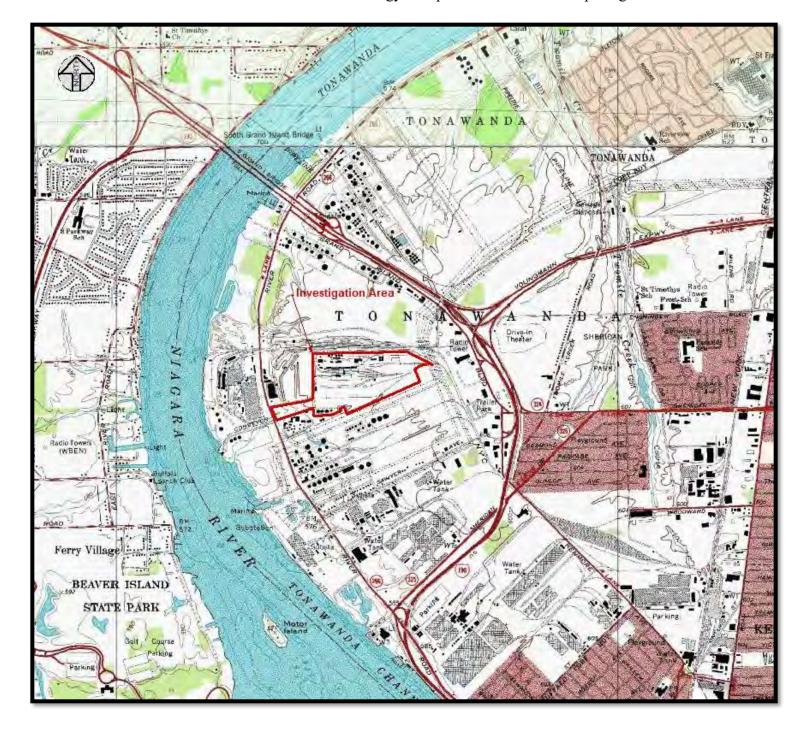


FIGURE 1: USGS 7.5 MINUTE TOPOGRAPHICAL MAP

Buffalo Northwest Quadrangle / U.S. Geological Survey

Riverview Innovation & Technology Campus Brownfield Cleanup Program Site Town of Tonawanda, Erie County, New York





FIGURE 2: NATIONAL WETLANDS INVENTORY MAP

http://www.fws.gov/wetlands/data/mapper.HTML (Visited 07/06/21)

Riverview Innovation & Technology Campus Brownfield Cleanup Program Site Town of Tonawanda, Erie County, New York





FIGURE 3: NRCS ERIE COUNTY SOIL SURVEY MAP

http://websoilsurvey.sc.egov.usda.gov/App/WebSoilSurvey.aspx (Visited 04/08/21)

Riverview Innovation & Technology Campus Brownfield Cleanup Program Site Town of Tonawanda, Erie County, New York



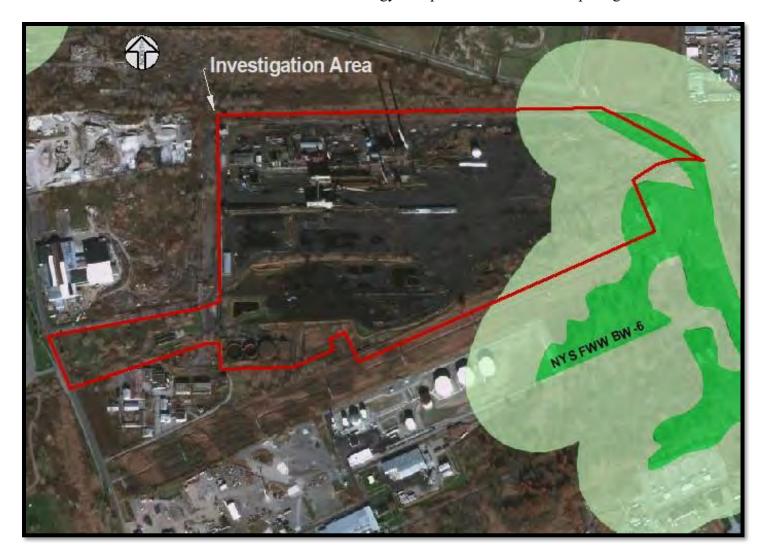


FIGURE 4: NYSDEC ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCE MAPPER

http://www.dec.ny.gov/imsmaps/ERM/viewer.htm (Visited 04/08/21)

Riverview Innovation & Technology Campus Brownfield Cleanup Program Site Town of Tonawanda, Erie County, New York



21

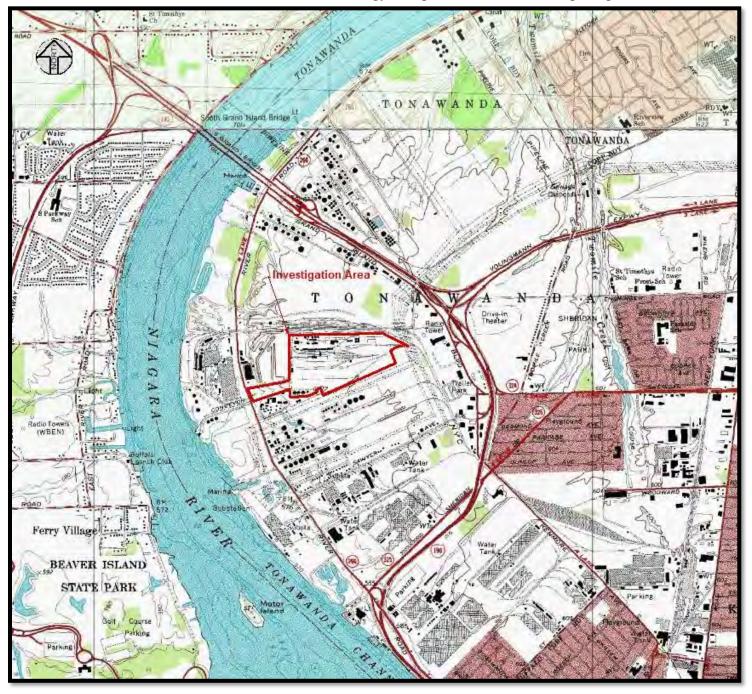


FIGURE 7: DRAINAGE MAP

Buffalo Northwest Quadrangle / U.S. Geological Survey

Riverview Innovation & Technology Campus Brownfield Cleanup Program Site Town of Tonawanda, Erie County, New York





FIGURE 8: SITE AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH

http://gis2.erie.gov/HTML5/ErieCountyNY/PublicLaunchPage.aspx (Visited 04/08/21)

Riverview Innovation & Technology Campus Brownfield Cleanup Program Site Town of Tonawanda, Erie County, New York



# RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS BROWNFIELD CLEANUP PROGRAM SITE

APPENDIX B - DATA SHEETS

# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Northcentral and Northeast Region

roject/Site: Riverview Tech Campus Town/County:	Tonawanda/Erie County S	Sampling Date: Apr	ril 5, 2021
pplicant/Owner: Inventum Engineering	State: New York		Sampling Point:
vestigator(s): Scott Livingstone & Jody Celeste	Section, Township, R	ange: 64.08-1-10	
ndform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Deptessian	Local relief (concave, convex,	none): CONC	AVE Slope (%):
ibregion (LRR or MLRA) LRRL Lat: 42.98	3102 Lon	78.92	78 2 Datum: NAD83
oil Map Unit Name: URBAN LANS			I classification: PEM
e climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical fo	r this time of year? Yes ×		Wild Color of the color of the
e Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology			
e Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology			
JMMARY OF FINDINGS : Attach site map showin			
	100		
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X	_ 110	e Sampled Area in a Wetland?	Yes X No
Hydric Soil Present? Yes Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X			1.11
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes		s, optional Wetland S	ite ID:
· WI-I-WI-IY COPEN · PHRAGMITES STA	NO ON OLD	FIII PA	10
YDROLOGY			
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	in Marin		Secondary Indicators (minimum of two require
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; chec	k all that apply)		Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
	Water-Stained Leaves (B9)		Drainage Patterns (B10)
	Aquatic Fauna (B13)		Moss Trim Lines (B16) Dry-Season W ater Table (C2)
	Marl Deposits (B15) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)		Crayfish Burrows (C8)
	Oxidized Rhizospheres on		Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
	Presence of Reduced Iron (		Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in Ti	led Soils (C6)	Geomorphic Position (D2)
Iron Deposits (B5)	_ Thin Muck Surface (C7)		Shallow Aquitard (D3)
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	Other (Explain in Remarks	)	Microtopographic Relief (D4)
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Field Observations:			FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
	Depth (inches): N/A	. 1	
	Depth (inches): N/A		
	Depth (inches):	Wetland Hy	ydrology Present? Yes 💹 No
(includes capillary fringe)			
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring v	well, aeriai priotos, previous ir	ispections), if availab	ie:
Remarks:			
O SOME STANDING	WATER IN	AREAS	5

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30')	Absolute %_Cover	Species?	t Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:  Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:
2. 3.			_	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata:(B)
4 5				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A/B)
6				Prevalence Index worksheet:  Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
	5	_ = Total C	over	OBL species x 1 = FACW species x 2 =
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15'	.) 3	<u> </u>	PAUN	FAC species x 3 = FACU species x 4 = UPL species x 5 =
3				Column Totals: (A) (B)
4				Prevalence Index = B/A =
6				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:  1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
	_3_	_ = Total	Cover	2 - Dominance Test is >50% 3 - Prevalence Index is < 3.01
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5' )	60	- ×	FACW	4 - Morphological Adaptations (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)     Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain)
3 JUNIOUS EFFUSUS	5	N	V	Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
5. Solikago rugosa	- 2	N	FAC	be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
6. Epilobyun colorarun	5	N	OBL	Definitions of Vegetation Strata:  Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter
-7. Panicum	5	N	PACW	at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
8. Penthorun sedoids		70	USL	Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
10	-			Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
11				Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
	100 =	Total Cov	er	height.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:30')  1				Community Type: PEMSHALLOW
2				Hydrophytic MATSH
4.	Ð	= Total	Cover	Vegetation Present?  Yes No
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separa	te sheet.)	uls		Distribed
10,24,397.				

Project Code: W2F89d Sampling Point: Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.) Depth Matrix Redox Features (inches) Remarks Color (moist) Color (moist) <sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. <sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Hydric Soil Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils3: Histosol (A1) Histic Epipedon (A2) 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) 5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) Black Histic (A3) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L, M)
Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) Redox Depressions (F8) Sandy Redox (S5) Red Parent Material (TF2) Stripped Matrix (S6) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Other (Explain in Remarks) <sup>3</sup> Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if observed): HARD Type: 911 Hydric Soil Present? No . Yes Depth (inches): Remarks:

# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Northcentral and Northeast Region

Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)  Surface Water (A1)  High Water Table (A2)  Saturation (A3)  Water Marks (B1)  Sediment Deposits (B2)  Drift Deposits (B3)  Algal Mat or Crust (B4)  Iron Deposits (B5)  Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)  Field Observations:  Surface Water Present?  Yes  No  Depth (inches):  Water-Stained Leaves (B9)  Draina  Marl Deposits (B13)  Moss T  Aquatic Fauna (B13)  Moss T  Aquatic Fauna (B13)  Moss T  Aquatic Fauna (B13)  Moss T  Crayfis  Saturat  Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)  Saturat  Saturat  Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)  Stunte  Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)  Geometry  Shallon  Other (Explain in Remarks)  FAC-N  Field Observations:  Surface Water Present?  Yes  No  Depth (inches):  Water Table Present?  Yes  No  Depth (inches):  Divided Present Present?  Page Present Present Present?  Page Present Present Present?  Page Present Pre	etc. No X
Hydric Soil Present?  Wetland Hydrology Present?  Wetland Hydrology Present?  Wetland Hydrology Present?  Wetland Hydrology Present?  Wetland Hydrology Indicators:  Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)  Surface Water (A1)  High Water Table (A2)  Saturation (A3)  Water Marks (B1)  Sediment Deposits (B2)  Drift Deposits (B3)  Algal Mat or Crust (B4)  Iron Deposits (B5)  Iron Deposits (B6)  Iron Deposits (B5)  Ir	
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)  Surface Water (A1)  High Water Table (A2)  Water Marks (B1)  Sediment Deposits (B2)  Drift Deposits (B3)  Algal Mat or Crust (B4)  Iron Deposits (B5)  Iron Muck Surface (C7)  Shallor  Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)  FAC-N  Field Observations:  Surface Water Present?  Yes  No  Depth (inches):  Water Table Present?  Yes  No  Depth (inches):  VAA  Water Table Present?  Yes  No  Depth (inches):  VAA  VAITTH PHACA MITTES  Seconda  Seconda  Autation Philad Soll (A1)  Autation Autation Philad Soll (A1)  Autation Philad Soll (A2)  Drift Deposits (B5)  Iron Muck Surface (C7)  Shallor  Other (Explain in Remarks)  FAC-N  Field Observations:  Surface Water Present?  Yes  No  Depth (inches):  VAA  Water Table Present?  Yes  No  Depth (inches):  VAA	
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:  Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)  Surface Water (A1)  High Water Table (A2)  Saturation (A3)  Water Marks (B1)  Sediment Deposits (B2)  Drift Deposits (B3)  Algal Mat or Crust (B4)  Iron Deposits (B5)  Iron Deposits (B5)  Iron Deposits (B5)  Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)  Field Observations:  Surface Water Table (A2)  Surface Water Present?  Yes  No  Depth (inches):  Surface Water Apply)  Surface (B9)  Draina  Aquatic Fauna (B13)  Moss Table (B9)  Draina  Aquatic Fauna (B13)  Moss Table (B13)  Dry-Se  Crayfis  Crayfis  Satura  Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)  Satura  Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)  Satura  Satura  Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)  Satura  Satura  Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)  Satura  Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)  Satura  Satura  Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)  Satura  Oxidize	r Indicators (minimum of two require
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)  Surface Water (A1)  High Water Table (A2)  Saturation (A3)  Water Marks (B1)  Sediment Deposits (B2)  Drift Deposits (B3)  Algal Mat or Crust (B4)  Iron Deposits (B5)  Iron Deposits (B5)  Iron Deposits (B5)  Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)  Field Observations:  Surface Water Table Present?  Yes  No  Depth (inches):  Water-Stained Leaves (B9)  Draina  Mater Stained Leaves (B9)  Draina  Moss To  Aquatic Fauna (B13)  Moss To  Dry-Se  Crayfis  Satura  Stained Odor (C1)  Crayfis  Satura  Stained Odor (C1)  Dry-Se  Dry-Se  Dry-Se  Crayfis  Satura  Stained Odor (C1)  Dry-Se  Dry-Se  Dry-Se  Crayfis  Satura  Stained Odor (C1)  Dry-Se  Dry-Se  Crayfis  Satura  Satura  Satura  Stained Odor (C1)  Dry-Se   Indicators (minimum of two require	
Surface Water (A1)	DVD-CV-11 * LLTD-
High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3) Marl Deposits (B15) Dry-Se Water Marks (B1) Sediment Deposits (B2) Drift Deposits (B3) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Iron Deposits (B5) Iron Deposits (B5) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Water Table Present?  Aquatic Fauna (B13) Marl Deposits (B15) Dry-Se Marl Deposits (B15) Marl Deposits (B15) Dvy-Se Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Crayfis Crayfis Spatial Dry-Se Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Crayfis Spatial Dry-Se Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Crayfis Spatial Dry-Se United Odor (C1) Crayfis Spatial Dry-Se Crayfis Selfice Odor (C1) Crayfis Spatial Dry-Se Crayfis Spatial Dry-Spatial Dry-Spatial Dry-Spatial Dry-Spatial Dry-Spatial Dry-Spatial Dry-Spatial Dry-Spatial	Soil Cracks (B6)
Saturation (A3)	e Patterns (B10)
Water Marks (B1)	rim Lines (B16)
Sediment Deposits (B2)  Drift Deposits (B3)  Algal Mat or Crust (B4)  Iron Deposits (B5)  Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)  Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)  Field Observations:  Surface Water Present?  Yes  No  Depth (inches):  Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)  Satura  Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)  Geometric Stunte  Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)  Geometric Schallor  Shallor  Other (Explain in Remarks)  FAC-N  Field Observations:  Surface Water Present?  Yes  No  Depth (inches):  Depth (inches):	son W ater Table (C2)
Drift Deposits (B3)	n Burrows (C8)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) Geometron Deposits (B5) Thin Muck Surface (C7) Shallor Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Microte Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) FAC-N  Field Observations:  Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (inches): MA  Water Table Present? Yes No Depth (inches): MA	ion Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Iron Deposits (B5) Thin Muck Surface (C7) Shallor Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Microte Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) FAC-N Field Observations:  Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (inches): A Water Table Present? Yes No Depth (inches): A Water Table Present? Yes No Depth (inches): A Water Table Present?	or Stressed Plants (D1)
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Microte Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) FAC-N Field Observations:  Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (inches): NA Water Table Present? Yes No Depth (inches): NA	rphic Position (D2)
	Aquitard (D3)
Field Observations:  Surface Water Present?  Yes NoX Depth (inches):	pographic Relief (D4)
Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (inches): No Depth (inches): No Depth (inches): No Depth (inches): No Depth (inches): No No Depth (inches): No	eutral Test (D5)
Nater Table Present? Yes NoX Depth (inches):NA	
0//0	
Saturation Present? Yes No _X Depth (inches): No Wetland Hydrology F	resent? Yes No
(includes capillary fringe)	
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:	
Remarks:	

VEGETATION: Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling Point:

Chesture (District) 201	Absolute Dominant Indicator % Cover Species? Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
Over a palustro	8 Y FACW	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:(A)
		Total Number of Dominant
		Species Across All Strata: (B)
		Percent of Dominant Species / DO
		That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A/B)
		Prevalence Index worksheet:
		Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
	= Total Cover	OBL species 0 x1=0
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15' )		FACW species 68 x2= 136
NA		TAC species
		A
		OFL species
		Prevalence Index = B/A = 2.5
		Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
-		1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
V	D	2 - Dominance Test is >50%
	= Total Cover	3 - Prevalence Index is < 3.01
Ph(AGMIHO OWN FOALD)	40 Y FACE	<ul> <li>4 - Morphological Adaptations (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)</li> </ul>
ARBMISA ANNUA	15 N FACU	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)
-C   L of lois !!		
Soldago CANADENSUS	S N FAW	Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
Rhys thephina	3 N FACU	
CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR O	<u> </u>	Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
		Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
		Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
0,		Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless
1		of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
2.		Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
	88 = Total Cover	height.
Voody Vine Stratum (Plot size:30')		SUCCESSIONAL DED FILL PAD
		Community Type:
		Hydrophytic
		Vegetation /
	= Total Cover	Present? Yes No No
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate	sheet.)	No. 10 at
	tion of PhotoEAST	photoroea
Photo # / Direct	700 03 4 3 6 7 4	SITE
7/4/ A		
7/4/ A		
* No hydrology		
9747 A		

Project Code: W2F89d Sampling Point: Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.) Depth Matrix Redox Features (inches) Color (moist) Color (moist) <sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. <sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Hydric Soil Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils3: 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B)
Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R)
5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R)
Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L, M)
Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, Histic Epipedon (A2) MLRA 149B) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) Redox Depressions (F8) Sandy Redox (S5) Red Parent Material (TF2) Stripped Matrix (S6) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Other (Explain in Remarks) <sup>3</sup> Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if observed): ION Hydric Soil Present? Yes Depth (inches): \_/ Remarks:

# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Northcentral and Northeast Region

pplicant/Owner: <u>Inventum Engineering</u> nvestigator(s): <u>Scott Livingstone &amp; Jo</u> andform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): <u>Frectors</u> subregion (LRR or MLRA) <u>LRRL</u> Lesting Map Unit Name: <u>O.D.E.S.S.A.</u> are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the subregion of the	State: New dy Celeste Section, Tor    PAD Local relief (concave at: 4 2 9 5 6 1    LAKEMONT Concave the site typical for this time of year?	ownship, Range: _64.08-1-10  re, convex, none): Slope (% ):  Long: Part
	Hydrology naturally problem	Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _ matic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)  locations, transects, important features, etc.  Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes No
Wetland Hydrology Present? Remarks: (Explain alternative proced UPLAND SCR		Community and ell Fill
YDROLOGY  Wetland Hydrology Indicators:  Primary Indicators (minimum of one is  Surface Water (A1)  High Water Table (A2)  Saturation (A3)  Water Marks (B1)  Sediment Deposits (B2)  Drift Deposits (B3)  Algal Mat or Crust (B4)  Iron Deposits (B5)  Inundation Visible on Aerial Imal	Water-Stained Lea Aquatic Fauna (B1 Marl Deposits (B1 Hydrogen Sulfide of Oxidized Rhizosp Presence of Redu Recent Iron Redu Thin Muck Surface gery (B7) Water-Stained Lea	Moss Trim Lines (B16)  Dry-Season W ater Table (C2)  Odor (C1)  Crayfish Burrows (C8)  Pheres on Living Roots (C3)  Uced Iron (C4)  Uction in Tilled Soils (C6)  Ce (C7)  Moss Trim Lines (B16)  Crayfish Burrows (C8)  Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)  Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)  Geomorphic Position (D2)  Shallow Aquitard (D3)
Field Observations:  Surface Water Present?  Water Table Present?  Yes  Saturation Present?  Yes  (includes capillary fringe)  Describe Recorded Data (stream gates)	No Depth (inches):  No Depth (inches):  No Depth (inches):	N/A N/A Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No_<
Remarks:		

PODULUS del-Forces	Absolute Dominant Indicator  Species? Status  STAC	Dominance Test worksheet:  Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:(A)
2		Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: (B)
4 5		Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:
3 7		Prevalence Index worksheet:
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15'	= Total Cover	OBL species $O$ $x1 = O$ FACW species $S$ $x2 = IO$
- Salix fragily	15 Y PAC	FAC species $30 \times 3 = 90$ FACU species $80 \times 4 = 320$
8. POPULUS deltoises	SNV	UPL species $O$ $x = 0$ (B)
4. Lancera tatarica	15 Y FAW	Prevalence Index = B/A = 3.65
š		Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
7	40 = Total Cover	2 - Dominance Test is >50% 3 - Prevalence Index is < 3.01
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5' )	35 Y FAG	The second secon
AlliACIA OFFICINALI	5 15 Y FAG	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)
a Rub us occidentals	5 N PAW	Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
5. SOI MUD CANADENSUS	5 N PACU	Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
s. Phragmites Australis	5 N PAGN	Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
8		Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
9		Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
11 12		Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
	70 = Total Cover	height.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30' )  1. VITIS aestivates	5 Y FACU	SUCCESSIONAL OLO PILL Community Type:
3.		Hydrophytic
4	5 = Total Cover	Vegetation Present?  Yes No
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separa	ite sheet.)	distribed
Photo # Dire	ection of Photo	. CHISTURDEA

ype: C=Concentratio	(moist) %	Color (maist)	% Type¹		AG	Remarks	
ype: C=Concentratio					LAG		
ype: C=Concentratio					LH65		
			=5=				
	D=Depletion BM	- Paduand Matrix CS:	-Covered or Costes	Sand Grains	2 ocation: DI =D	ore Lining, M=Matri	
dric Soil Indicators		-Reduced Matrix, CS	-Covered or Coaled	Saild Giailis.	Indicators for Pro		
						TACKLER SERVER	
Histosol (A1) Histic Epipedon (A	121	— Polyvalue B MLRA 149	Below Surface (S8) (L	RR R,	2 cm Muck (A10	) (LRR K, L, MLRA : edox (A16) (LRR K, L	(49B) R)
Black Histic (A3)		Thin Dark S	Surface (S9) (LRR R,		5 cm Mucky Pea	at or Peat (S3) (LRR	K, L, R)
Hydrogen Sulfide Stratified Layers (		Loamy Muc	cky Mineral (F1) (LRF yed Matrix (F2)	(K, L)	<ul> <li>Dark Surface (S Polyvalue Below</li> </ul>	7) (LRR K, L, M) Surface (S8) (LRR	K. L)
Depleted Below D	ark Surface (A11)	Depleted M	latrix (F3)		Thin Dark Surface	ce (S9) (LRR K, L)	
Thick Dark Surfac Sandy Mucky Min	e (A12) eral (S1)	Redox Dark Depleted D	k Surface (F6) ark Surface (F7)		Iron-Manganese	Masses (F12) (LRR plain Soils (F19) (ML	RA 149E
Sandy Gleyed Ma	trix (S4)	Redox Dep	ressions (F8)		Mesic Spodic (T	A6) (MLRA 144A, 14	5, 149B
Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S	6)					ark Surface (TF12)	
Dark Surface (S7)	(LRR R, MLRA 149	В)			Other (Explain in	n Remarks)	
		and hydrology must be	present, unless distu	bed or problema	tic.		
estrictive Layer (if ob	HARD F	ers t					
	011	Billian .		125	Sold Alexander	100	10
Depth (inches):	1950	_		Hy	dric Soil Present?	Yes No	X
emarks:							

# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Northcentral and Northeast Region

Project/Site: Riverview Tech Campus Tow	n/County: Tonawanda/Erie County	Sampling Date: April 5, 2021
Applicant/Owner: Inventum Engineering	State: New York	Sampling Point:
nvestigator(s): Scott Livingstone & Jody Ce	eleste Section, Township, F	lange: 64.08-1-10
andform (hillslope, terrace, etc.):		none): CONVEX Slope (%): 3
Subregion (LRR or MLRA) LRRL Lat:	42 98291	g: 78.92020 Datum: NAD83
Soil Map Unit Name: DDESSA - LA	KEMONT COMPLEX	0-3% NW I classification: N/A
re climatic / hydrologic conditions on the sit	e typical for this time of year? Yes	✓ No (If no, explain in Remarks.)
re Vegetation, Soil, or Hydro		Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No
ve Vegetation, Soil, or Hydr		
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS : Attach site m	ap snowing sampling point locations	transects, important readires, etc.
	100 7	ne Sampled Area
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes No 💹 with	nin a Wetland? Yes No
		es, optional Wetland Site ID:
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures	here or in a separate report.)	
SOME BARE	GROUND	HRAGMITES STAND;
HYDROLOGY		
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:		Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is requ	uired: check all that apply)	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
Surface Water (A1)	Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	
High Water Table (A2)	Aquatic Fauna (B13)	Moss Trim Lines (B16)
Saturation (A3)	Mari Deposits (B15)	Dry-Season W ater Table (C2)
Water Marks (B1)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1	
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Oxidized Rhizospheres on	
Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Reduced Iron	
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in T	illed Soils (C6) Geomorphic Position (D2)
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)	Shallow Aquitard (D3)
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery		
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface	e (B8)	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Field Observations:	V NIA	
LANGUAL OF TAXABLE TAXABLE TAXABLE AND A SAME A LANGUAGE TO TAXABLE TA	No X Depth (inches): 1/19	_
Water Table Present? Yes	The state of the s	-1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
Saturation Present? Yes (includes capillary fringe)	No X Depth (inches):/	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, n	nonitoring well, aerial photos, previous i	nspections), if available:
A TOTAL STREET, STREET	and the control of th	
Remarks:		
4		

VEGETATION: Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30' 1. Populus deltorses	Absolute Dominant Indicator % Cover Species? Status	Dominance Test worksheet:  Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A)
2		Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata:  Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:  (B)  (A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15' )  1. Salve fragilis 2. Con a save mun 3		Prevalence Index worksheet:           Total % Cover of:         Multiply by;           OBL species         0         x 1 = 0           FACW species         25         x 2 = 50           FAC species         37         x 3 = 111           FACU species         28         x 4 = 112           UPL species         5         x 5 = 25           Column Totals:         95         (A) 298         (B)           Prevalence Index = B/A =         3.13
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5')  1. Phragmito Australis  2. Sall & tragilis  3. Artemisa annia  5. Pensteman digitalis  6. Carreya carrangeris  7. Verbascum thansis  8.  9.  10.  11.	15 = Total Cover  20 Y FAW  15 N FAC  3 N FAW  25 Y FAW  7 N FAC  5 N NZ  5 N VPL	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:  1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 2 - Dominance Test is >50% 3 - Prevalence Index is < 3.0¹ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)  **Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.  **Definitions of Vegetation Strata:*  Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.  **Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.  Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.  **Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:30')   1	= Total Cover	SUCCESSIONAR  Community Type: OLO FILL  Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X No
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate s Photo # Directi		DISTURBED

	Redox Features		1 N2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
nches) Color (moist) %	Color (moist) % Type <sup>1</sup> Loc <sup>2</sup>	Texture	Remarks
. 11			
0-1		SLAG	
		\ <del></del> \ <del></del>	
pe: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM	=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Gr	ains. <sup>2</sup> Location: P	=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
dric Soil Indicators:		Indicators for I	Problematic Hydric Soils <sup>3</sup> :
Histosol (A1)	Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R,	2 cm Muck /	A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B)
Histic Epipedon (A2)	MLRA 149B)	Coast Prairie	Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R)
Black Histic (A3) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 14	19B) 5 cm Mucky	Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R)
Stratified Layers (A5)	Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	Polyvalue Be	e (S7) (LRR K, L, M) elow Surface (S8) (LRR K, L)
Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Thick Dark Surface (A12)	Depleted Matrix (F3)	Thin Dark St	irface (S9) (LRR K, L)
Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	Redox Dark Surface (F6) Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	Iron-Mangan	ese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R) podplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 1498
Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	Redox Depressions (F8)	Mesic Spodi	c (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B
Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6)		Red Parent I	Material (TF2) Dark Surface (TF12)
Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149)	B)	Other (Expla	in in Remarks)
dicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetla	and hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or pro	oblematic.	
strictive Layer (if observed):	and hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or pro	oblematic.	
strictive Layer (if observed):		oblematic.	
strictive Layer (if observed): Type:			rz Vas No X
strictive Layer (if observed): Type: HARD FILE Depth (inches):		oblematic. Hydric Soil Presen	t? Yes No
strictive Layer (if observed): Type: HARD FILE Depth (inches):			t? Yes No
strictive Layer (if observed): Type: HARD FILE Depth (inches):			t? Yes No
strictive Layer (if observed): Type: HARD FILE Depth (inches):			t? Yes No
Strictive Layer (if observed): Type: HARD FILE Depth (inches):			t? Yes No
strictive Layer (if observed): Type: HARD FILE Depth (inches):			t? Yes No
Strictive Layer (if observed): Type: HARD FILE Depth (inches):			t? Yes No
strictive Layer (if observed): Type: HARD FILE Depth (inches):			t? Yes No
Strictive Layer (if observed): Type: HARD FILE Depth (inches):			t? Yes No
Strictive Layer (if observed): Type: HARD FILE Depth (inches):			t? Yes No
Strictive Layer (if observed): Type: HARD FILE Depth (inches):			t? Yes No
strictive Layer (if observed): Type: HARD FILE Depth (inches):			t? Yes No X
Strictive Layer (if observed): Type: HARD FILE Depth (inches):			t? Yes No
strictive Layer (if observed): Type: HARD FIL			t? Yes No
strictive Layer (if observed): Type: HARD FILE Depth (inches):			t? Yes No
strictive Layer (if observed): Type: HARD FILE Depth (inches):			t? Yes NoX
Strictive Layer (if observed): Type: HARD FILE Depth (inches):			t? Yes No X

# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Northcentral and Northeast Region

pplicant/Owner: Inventum Er		THE RESERVE THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER.		April 5, 2021
	ngineering	State: New Yo	ork	Sampling Point:
nvestigator(s): Scott Livingsto	ne & Jody Celeste	Section, Towns	ship, Range: 64.08-1-1	0
andform (hillslope, terrace, etc	c): Fill Pile	Logal relief (concave, co	onvex none): COA	1/EX Slope (%): ZOZ
Subregion (LRR or MLRA) _LR	IRL Lat: 42.	18368	Long: 78.9a	0 6 9 Datum: NAD83
soil Map Unit Name:		D	_ Long	NW I classification: N/A
re climatic / hydrologic conditi		or this time of year? Yes		
re Vegetation, Soil	✓_, or Hydrology	significantly disturbed?	Are "No	ormal Circumstances" present? Yes No
UMMARY OF FINDINGS : A				
Hudrophytic Vegetation Brees	×	<i>'</i>	Is the Sampled Area	
Hydrophytic Vegetation Prese Hydric Soil Present?	Yes Yes	No X	within a Wetland?	Yes NoX
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes	- No X		
Remarks: (Explain alternative	Yes	a senarate report.)	If yes, optional Wetlar	d Site ID;
YDROLOGY				Sanda Sana Sana Sana Sana
Wetland Hydrology Indicate	ors:			Secondary Indicators (minimum of two requir
Primary Indicators (minimum	of one is required; checl	k all that apply)		Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
Surface Water (A1)	All Talum The	Water-Stained Leaves	s (B9)	Drainage Patterns (B10)
High Water Table (A2)		Aquatic Fauna (B13)		Moss Trim Lines (B16)
Saturation (A3)		Marl Deposits (B15)		Dry-Season W ater Table (C2)
Water Marks (B1)	-	Hydrogen Sulfide Odo		Crayfish Burrows (C8)
Sediment Deposits (B2)	_		es on Living Roots (C3)	
Drift Deposits (B3)	<del>-</del>	Presence of Reduced		Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Iron Deposits (B5)		Recent Iron Reduction		Geomorphic Position (D2)
Inundation Visible on Ae	rial (magany /P7)	Thin Muck Surface (C Other (Explain in Re	4. 7. 7. 6. 1. 6. 1.	Shallow Aquitard (D3) Microtopographic Relief (D4)
Sparsely Vegetated Con	Tarried Processing and State State State State	_ Other (Explain in Kei	marks)	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Field Observations:	oute outline (bo)		Contract of	TAGTICALA TOST (DO)
Surface Water Present?	Yes No 🗡	Depth (inches):	I/A	
Water Table Present?	Yes No X	Depth (inches):	VIA	
	Yes No >		Vetland	Hydrology Present? Yes No X
Saturation Present?				
(includes capillary fringe)		uall parial photos previ	ious inspections) if ava	llable:
	am gauge, monitoring v	veii, acriai priotos, prev	iodo inopediiona), ii ava	
(includes capillary fringe)	∍am gauge, monitoring v	veli, aetiai pilotos, piev	iode inopediation, il ava	
(includes capillary fringe)		val parial photos prev	ious inspections) if ava	ilable:

PODULVI de HOLDES	Absolute % Cover		nt Indicator ? Status	Dominance Test worksheet:  Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:  (A)
				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: (B)
				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A/B)
				Prevalence Index worksheet:
	20	_ = Total 0	Cover	
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15' ) SAINC FORGILIS	10	<u> </u>	PAC	FACW species $0$ $x2 = 0$ FAC species $45$ $x3 = 135$ FACU species $73$ $x4 = 292$
			Ŧ	UPL species  x 5 = O  Column Totals:  (A)
				Prevalence Index = B/A = 3.6 >-  Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
	1.0	= Total	Cover	1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
erb Stratum (Plot size: 5' )	15		FAC	3 - Prevalence Index is < 3.0¹      4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
Polygonum cuspidatum Voir Wascum thingsus	15	N	FACU	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)  Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
Galium aparine	3	N	PACU	be present, unless disturbed or problematic.  Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
Centaurer Stoese	5	N	FAW	Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
				Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
 0				Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
1	700			Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.
Noody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _ 30')	00 =	Total Cov	ver	100 20 10
NA				SUCCESSIONAL DE FILI PARO
3.				Hydrophytic
4. <del>\</del>	B	= Tota	Cover	Vegetation Present?  Yes No
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate s	sheet.) ion of Phot	to_ U	IEST	DISTORBED

Project Code: W2F89d Sampling Point: Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.) Depth Matrix Redox Features (inches) Color (moist) Color (moist) Remarks Type1 <sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. <sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Hydric Soil Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils3: Histosol (A1) Histic Epipedon (A2) Black Histic (A3) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) 5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L, M) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L)
Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L)
Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R)
Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Depleted Matrix (F3) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Stratified Layers (A5) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) Redox Depressions (F8) Sandy Redox (S5) Red Parent Material (TF2) Stripped Matrix (S6) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Other (Explain in Remarks) <sup>3</sup> Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if observed): ARD Hydric Soil Present? Yes Depth (inches): Remarks:

ubregion (LRR or MLRA) <u>LR</u>	nne & Jody Celeste c.): F.II PAD Local RRL Lat: 42, 98	State: New York Section, Township, Range: relief (concave, convex, none)	CONVEX SIOP 8,91959.	
re climatic / hydrologic conditions re Vegetation, Soil re Vegetation, Soil	ons on the site typical for this  , or Hydrology signi, or Hydrology na	time of year? Yes X No ficantly disturbed?	(If no, explain in Remar Are "Normal Circumstances" d, explain any answers in Remar	present? Yes 🔀 No
Hydrophytic Vegetation Prese Hydric Soil Present? Wetland Hydrology Present? Remarks: (Explain alternative	Yes N	o within a W	1998 (ASS) (ASS)	No_X N/A
OUPLAND P OWETZAND	HYROLOGY	NITH PHRA	LMITES S TO SOUTH	TAMIS
YDROLOGY				
Wetland Hydrology Indicat	ors:		Secondary Indic	ators (minimum of two required
Primary Indicators (minimum		hat apply)	Surface Soil C	THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON OF T
Surface Water (A1) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B1) Sediment Deposits (B2) Drift Deposits (B3) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Iron Deposits (B5) Inundation Visible on Ae Sparsely Vegetated Cor	Aqu Mai Oxi Pre Red Thi erial Imagery (B7) Oth	ter-Stained Leaves (B9) latic Fauna (B13) I Deposits (B15) Irogen Sulfide Odor (C1) dized Rhizospheres on Living sence of Reduced Iron (C4) cent Iron Reduction in Tilled So In Muck Surface (C7) Iter (Explain in Remarks)	Crayfish Burro Roots (C3) Saturation Vis Stunted or Str ils (C6) Geomorphic F Shallow Aquit	es (B16)  I ater Table (C2)  I ater Table (C3)  I ater Table (C9)
Surface Water Present?		war and the		
Water Table Present? Saturation Present? (includes capillary fringe)	Yes No Dep	oth (inches):  oth (inches):  oth (inches):  erial photos, previous inspection	Wetland Hydrology Present	? Yes No
Remarks:	eam gauge, monitoring well, a	enai pnotos, previous inspecti	ons), if available:	

ampling Point: D6

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30')  1. Bety a prografiera	Absolute Dor % Cover Spe / D Y	ninant Indicator cies? Status	Dominance Test worksheet:  Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:(A)
2			Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata:
4			Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A/B)
6			Prevalence Index worksheet:  Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15' )  1. NA 2.			OBL species       0       x1 = 0         FACW species       65       x2 = 13 @         FAC species       0       x3 = 0         FACU species       20       x4 = 90
3. 4.			UPL species O x 5 = O Column Totals: (A) 210 (B)
5			Prevalence Index = B/A = 2.47
6			Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:  1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 2 - Dominance Test is >50% 3 - Prevalence Index is < 3.01
1. Phraginites anotralis	45	Y FACE	4 - Morphological Adaptations (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
2 ATTENLISA AMAUA	_ /0	N FACU	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)
3. Rubus occidentains			Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
5			Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
6			Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
8 9,			Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
10			Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
12	= Total	Cover	Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:30')			SUCCESSIONAL_
1. Vitis acativalis		FACU	Community Type: OVO FILC
3 4.			Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No
	10 =	Total Cover	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate Photo # Direct	sheet.) ion of Photo_E	FAST	Disturbed
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate Photo # 8 Direct  TWU DAM WANT AME  NOT WET - NO FM	" NIL"	SHOUND	BE FACULUPE
NOT WET - NO FA	1020406	9	
MARI	y Cur ,		

Project Code: W2F89d

SOIL

Sampling Point: 50

Type: C-Corcentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains.  Type: C-Corcentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains.  Histosol (A1) Histosol (A2) Histosol (A2) Histosol (A2) Histosol (A3) Histosol (A4) Hist	Depth	Matrix		Red	lox Featur	res				
ype: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains.    Application	nches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type	Loc <sup>2</sup>	Texture		Remarks
ype: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains.    Application										
ype: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains.    Application	. 11							37.12		
Histosol (A1)	1-16		-	_	_	_		SLA6		
dric Soil Indicators:    Histosol (A1)										
dric Soil Indicators:    Histosol (A1)			-			-				
dric Soil Indicators:    Histosol (A1)										
dric Soil Indicators:    Histosol (A1)										
dric Soil Indicators:    Histosol (A1)			_							
dric Soil Indicators:    Histosol (A1)										
Histosol (A1) Histosol (A2) Histic Epipedon (A2) Black Histic (A3) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Stratified Layers (A5) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) Stripped Matrix (S6) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) Dark Surface (S7) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) Dark Surface (S7) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) Dark Surface (S7) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) Dark Surface (S9) Dark Su										
dric Soil Indicators:    Histosol (A1)										
Histosol (A1) Histosol (A2) Histic Epipedon (A2) Black Histic (A3) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Stratified Layers (A5) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) Stripped Matrix (S6) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) Dark Surface (S7) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) Dark Surface (S7) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) Dark Surface (S7) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) Dark Surface (S9) Dark Su										
dric Soil Indicators:    Histosol (A1)	_					_				
dric Soil Indicators:    Histosol (A1)										
dric Soil Indicators:    Histosol (A1)										
Histosol (A1)										
Histosol (A1)										
dric Soil Indicators:    Histosol (A1)										
Histosol (A1)	12.0				_					
Histosol (A1) Histosol (A2) Histo Epipedon (A2) Black Histic (A3) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Stratified Layers (A5) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Thic Dark Surface (A12) Sandy Mucky Mineral (B1) Sandy Redox (B5) Sandy Redox (B6) Dark Surface (B7) LOamy Mucky Mineral (B1) Sandy Redox (B5) Sandy Redox (B5) Sandy Redox (B5) Sandy Redox (B5) Sandy Redox (B6) Dark Surface (B7) Dark Surface (B			etion, RM=F	Reduced Matrix, CS:	=Covered	or Coated	Sand Grain			
Histic Epipedon (A2) Black Histic (A3) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Stratified Layers (A5) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Thic Dark Surface (A12) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (F3) Depleted Dark Surface (F5) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, L) Stratified Layers (A5) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A12) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (F3) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B)  Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Redox Depressions (F8) Redox Depressions (F8)  Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 144A, 145, 1-1) Redox Depressions (F8) Other (Explain in Remarks)  Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B)  Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Redox Depressions (F8) Other (Explain in Remarks)  Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 144A, 145, 1-1) Redox Depressions (F8) Other (Explain in Remarks)  Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 144A, 145, 1-1) Redox Depressions (F8) Other (Explain in Remarks)  Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 144A, 145, 1-1) Redox Depressions (F8) Other (Explain in Remarks)  Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 144A, 145, 1-1) Redox Depressions (F8) Redox Depre	dric Soil Ir	ndicators:		Me division con 127				Indicators	for Problem	atic Hydric Solls <sup>3</sup> :
Histic Epipedon (A2) Black Histic (A3) Black Histic (A3) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Stratified Layers (A5) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B)  Stratified Layers (A5) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A12) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (F3) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B)  MERA 149B)  MIRA 149B) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L, R) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Depleted Matrix (F2) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L) Peledmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 144A, 145, 1-144A, 145, 1-1										
Black Histic (A3)	Histoso	I (A1)				ace (S8) (L	RR R,	2 cm M	luck (A10) (LR	R K, L, MLRA 149B)
Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Stratified Layers (A5) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Sandy Mucky Mineral (F1) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F6) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (F7) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (F7) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (F8) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (F8) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 145, 145, 145, 145, 145, 145, 145	- HISTIC E	pipedon (A2)		MLRA 149	3) Juntana (St	1 / PP P	MI DA 140D	Coast	Prairie Redox (	A16) (LRR K, L, R)
Stratified Layers (Å5)	- Hydroge	en Sulfide (A4)		Iniii Dark s	kv Mineral	(F1) (LRE	WLRA 1436	Dark S	urface (S7) (LF	R K. L. M)
Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) Dark Surface (S7) Redox Depressions (F8) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 145, 145, 145, 145, 145, 145, 145	Stratifie	d Layers (A5)		Loamy Gley	ed Matrix	(F2)		Polyva	lue Below Surfa	ace (S8) (LRR K, L)
Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	Deplete	d Below Dark Surface	(A11)	Depleted M	atrix (F3)			Thin D	ark Surface (SS	) (LRR K, L)
Sandy Gleyed Matrix (\$4) Sandy Redox (\$5) Stripped Matrix (\$6) Dark Surface (\$7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B)  mdicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.  estrictive Layer (if observed): Type: Depth (inches):  Depth (inches):  Hydric Soil Present? Yes No	Thick D	ark Surface (A12)		Redox Dark	Surface (	F6)		Iron-M	anganese Mass	ses (F12) (LRR K, L, R)
Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B)  Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.  Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.  Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.  Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.  Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.  Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.  Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.  Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.  Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.  Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.  Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.	Sandy i	Nucky Mineral (S1)		Depleted D	ark Surface	e (F7)		Pledmi	ont Floodplain (	501S (F19) (MLKA 149B
Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B)  Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.  Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.  Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.  Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.  Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.  Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.  Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.  Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.  Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.  Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.  Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.	Sandy F	Redox (S5)		Redox Dep	ressions (r	0)		- Red Pa	arent Material (	TF2)
Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Other (Explain in Remarks) Other (Explain in Remarks) ndicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.  estrictive Layer (if observed):  Type: No Hydric Soil Present? Yes No	Stripped	Matrix (S6)						Very S	hallow Dark Su	rface (TF12)
Depth (inches):	Dark St	urface (S7) (LRR R, N	ILRA 149B)					Other	Explain in Rem	narks)
Depth (inches):										
Depth (inches):										
Depth (inches):				ir needed a						
Type:NoNE			and wetland	hydrology must be	present, ur	iless distur	bed or proble	ematic.		
Depth (inches): Hydric Soil Present? Yes No										
	Type:	NONE						1.2. Task		
	Donth (inch	mel MIA						Hydric Soil P	resent? Yes	No X
amarks:	D D 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	les)		-				riyane con r	esenti res	
	marks:									

roject/Site: Riverview Tech Campus	s_Town/County: Tonawanda/Erie County Sampling Date: April 5, 2021
pplicant/Owner: <u>Inventum Engineer</u>	ering State: New York Sampling Point: \( \sum \)
nvestigator(s): Scott Livingstone & J	Jody Celeste Section, Township, Range: 64.08-1-10
andform (hillslope, terrace, etc.):	Slope (%):
ubregion (LRR or MLRA) _LRRL	
oil Map Unit Name: DRBAN	
	the site typical for this time of year? Yes No (If no, explain in Remarks.)
	r Hydrology significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No
re Vegetation, Soil, c	or Hydrology naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)
	site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes No Is the Sampled Area
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes No X within a Wetland? Yes X No
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes X No If yes, optional Wetland Site ID: WZ
Remarks: (Explain alternative proce	
· WZ-1- WZ-3	POCKET FORMED ON OLD FILL PAD COPEN TO PE BUT CLOSED OFF-SITE
YDROLOGY	
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required
Primary Indicators (minimum of one	
Surface Water (A1)	★ Water-Stained Leaves (B9)
High Water Table (A2)	Aquatic Fauna (B13) Moss Trim Lines (B16)
Saturation (A3)	Marl Deposits (B15) Dry-Season W ater Table (C2)
Water Marks (B1)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Crayfish Burrows (C8)
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) Geomorphic Position (D2)
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7) Shallow Aquitard (D3)
Inundation Visible on Aerial Im	
Sparsely Vegetated Concave 5	Surface (B8) FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Field Observations:	7"
Surface Water Present? Yes Water Table Present? Yes	The state of the s
Water Table Present? Yes Saturation Present? Yes	Talana Amerikan Ameri
(includes capillary fringe)	S No Depth (inches): 3000 Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No No
	auge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:
Remarks:	
13011001/30	

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30')	Absolute Dominant Indicator % Cover Species? Status  S FAC	Dominance Test worksheet:  Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A)
2		Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata:  (B)
4 5		Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A/B)
6		Prevalence Index worksheet:  Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15'  1. Salix Gagill  2. Salix all Polo  3. 4.	5 = Total Cover  15 Y FAC  5 Y FACA	OBL species x 1 =         FACW species x 2 =         FAC species x 3 =
5		Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:  1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 2 - Dominance Test is >50% 3 - Prevalence Index is < 3.01
1. MAGMITES OWSTRAIL 2. LYTHYUM SAILMUM 3. LYCODU PONCICANA	30 Y 0/BL	4 - Morphological Adaptations (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)  Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain)  Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
4. Salix disvolor	15 N FACE	be present, unless disturbed or problematic.  Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
6		Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
8 9.		Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
10		Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
12,	95 = Total Cover	Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:30')	= Total Cover	Community Type:  Community Type:  SHALLOW  SHALL
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate	e sheet.) ction of Photo	Disturbed

Project Code: W2F89d Sampling Point: Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.) Depth Redox Features (inches) Color (moist) Color (moist) Remarks 0-Z <sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. <sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Hydric Soil Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils3: Histosol (A1) Histic Epipedon (A2) 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) 5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L, M)
Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Stratified Layers (A5) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Sandy Redox (S5) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) Redox Depressions (F8) Red Parent Material (TF2) Stripped Matrix (S6) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Other (Explain in Remarks)

<sup>3</sup> Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

US Army Corps of Engineers

Restrictive Layer (if observed):

Type:

Remarks:

Depth (inches):

ARD

Hydric Soil Present?

Yes

No

bregion (LRR or MLRA) <u>LRRL</u> La il Map Unit Name: <u>URBA</u> e climatic / hydrologic conditions on th	Celeste Section, To  Local relief (concave  t:  Section, To	Sampling Point:
		matic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)
MMARY OF FINDINGS : Attach site	map showing sampling point l	ocations, transects, important features, etc.
lydrophytic Vegetation Present? lydric Soil Present? Vetland Hydrology Present? Remarks: (Explain alternative procedu  UPLAND FIL	Yes X No No Yes No X No X No X No X No X No X No X No	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?  YesNo  If yes, optional Wetland Site ID:
DROLOGY Vetland Hydrology Indicators: Primary Indicators (minimum of one is	required; check all that apply)	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
Surface Water (A1) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B1) Sediment Deposits (B2) Drift Deposits (B3) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Iron Deposits (B5) Inundation Visible on Aerial Imag Sparsely Vegetated Concave Sur	Presence of Redu Recent Iron Redu Thin Muck Surface Other (Explain in	Moss Trim Lines (B16)  Dry-Season W ater Table (C2)  Odor (C1)  Crayfish Burrows (C8)  Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)  Loced Iron (C4)  Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)  Cotion in Tilled Soils (C6)  Geomorphic Position (D2)  Shallow Aquitard (D3)
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes _ Nater Table Present? Yes _ Saturation Present? Yes _ Includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gaug	No Depth (inches): No Depth (inches): No Depth (inches): No Depth (inches):	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes NoX previous inspections), if available:
Remarks:		

Sampling Point: D8

ee Stratum (Plot size: 30' )	% Cover		ant Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
Proulvi delforces	5	У	FAC	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:(A)
Betula papyrifera	15	Y	PAC	Total Number of Dominant
				Species Across All Strata:/ (B)
				Percent of Dominant Species 55
				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A/B)
				Prevalence Index worksheet:
				Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
	20	_ = Total	Cover	OBL species x 1 =
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15' )	_	_	1 00	FACW species 15 x2= 30
Wi NUI Amonum	5		- FACE	2000
				FACU species 73 x4 = 292 UPL species 0 x5 = 0
				Column Totals: 113 (A) 397 (B)
				3-1
				Prevalence Index = B/A =
				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
				1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
	5	_ = Tota	l Cover	2 - Dominance Test is >50%
erb Stratum (Plot size:5')	-	- 2770		3 - Prevalence Index is < 3.01
Verbascum thapsus	3	N	FACU	4 - Morphological Adaptations (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
Arction minus	5	N	PAW	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)
Schizachyrium suparium	25	y	PACU	7
Phragmits australis	10	У	FACW	Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
SALIX FRAGILS	10	Y	PAC	A STATE OF THE STA
FRAGATIA VICGINIANA	/0	Ý	FACU	Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
Juneus tenuis	10	1	PAL	Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter
Artemisia Angua	10	7	FACU	at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
Holcus lanarus	5	Ń	PACU	Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
Marcon in the second	-		11.	
				Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
	-			Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
	88 =	Total Co		height.
loody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30' )	00	Total Co	Ver	
NA (Fiot size. 30				SUCCESSIONIACOLD FILL Community Type:
X 4 7	· · · ·		_	Community Type:
		-	_	C19(10)(1)(
2			_	Hydrophytic Vegetation
V	D		-	Present? Yes No
emarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate	chapt )	_= Tota	l Cover	
나타나 가지 않는데 나를 살아서 있는데 살아 된 것을 먹어 없었다.	ion of Phot	- h	IEST	Distribed
Direct	on or Phot			DISTURBU

epth nches)	Matrix Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	ox Features % Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>	Texture	Rema	rks
9_						SLAC		
dric Soil I	ncentration, D=Depl ndicators:	etion, RM=				Indicators for P	roblematic l	lydric Soils³:
Black H Hydrog Stratifie Deplete Thick D Sandy Sandy Sandy Strippe	I (A1) cpipedon (A2) listic (A3) en Sulfide (A4) d Layers (A5) d Below Dark Surface eark Surface (A12) Mucky Mineral (S1) Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox (S5) d Matrix (S6) urface (S7) (LRR R, M		MLRA 149E Thin Dark S Loamy Muc Loamy Gley Depleted M Redox Dark Depleted Dark	iurface (S9) (LRR R ky Mineral (F1) (LR red Matrix (F2)	, MLRA 149E	Coast Prairie 5 cm Mucky i Dark Surface Polyvalue Be Thin Dark Su Iron-Mangani Piedmont Flo	Redox (A16) Peat or Peat (\$ (\$7) (LRR K, ow Surface (\$ face (\$9) (LR kese Masses (Fodplain Soils (TA6) (MLRA laterial (TF2) Dark Surface	68) (LRR K, L) R K, L) 12) (LRR K, L, R) F19) (MLRA 149B 144A, 145, 149B) (TF12)
dicators of	hydrophytic vegetation	n and wetlar	d hydrology must be p	present, unless dist	irbed or proble	ematic.		
strictive La Type: Depth (incl	A A	7.11				Hydric Soil Present	? Yes	No.X
emarks:								

Project/Site: Riverview Tech Campus Town/County: Tona	wanda/Erie County Sampli	ng Date:
Applicant/Owner: Inventum Engineering	State: New York	Sampling Point: D9
Investigator(s): Scott Livingstone & Jody Celeste	Section, Township, Range:	64.08-1-10
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Depression Local	relief (concave, convex, none)	CONCAVE Slope (%): 0
Subregion (LRR or MLRA) LRRL Lat: 42. 981	33 Long: 7	78.93120 Datum: NAD83
Soil Map Unit Name: CAYUGA SILT LOAN	1,3-8% Slope	NW I classification: PEM
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this	time of year? Yes X No	(If no, explain in Remarks.)
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology signi	ficantly disturbed?	Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology na	turally problematic? (If needed	d, explain any answers in Remarks.)
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS: Attach site map showing sar	npling point locations, trans-	ects, important features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes ➤ N	ls the Sam	pled Area
	o Is the Sam within a W	
[JANA 1979] [JANA	3	onal Wetland Site ID:
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a sep	arate report.)	
1 W3-1-W3-12 (CLOSED)	ISOLATED) -	PHRACMITES
	0.000	ATTENDED OF DILLY NETTURBER
· WETLAND & SURROUN	STUG AKEM I	HISTORICALLY DISTURBED
O MAN-MADE WETLAND	)	
HYDROLOGY		
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	25-37	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all t	nat apply)	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
The same region of the control of th	ter-Stained Leaves (B9)	Drainage Patterns (B10)
N - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 -	atic Fauna (B13)	Moss Trim Lines (B16)
A TOTAL AND AND A STATE OF THE	1 Deposits (B15)	Dry-Season W ater Table (C2)
	rogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)
	dized Rhizospheres on Living	
[7] (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	sence of Reduced Iron (C4)	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
	cent Iron Reduction in Tilled So	
<del>                                    </del>	n Muck Surface (C7) ner (Explain in Remarks)	Shallow Aquitard (D3) Microtopographic Relief (D4)
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)	er (Explain in Remarks)	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Field Observations:	.,,	
Surface Water Present?         Yes         No         Del           Water Table Present?         Yes         No         Del	oth (inches): NA	
Water Table Present? Yes No _ De	oth (inches): NA	Art Markey Could about the later
Saturation Present? Yes X No De	oth (inches): <u>Surface</u>	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No
(includes capillary fringe)  Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, a	erial photos, previous inspecti	ons) if available:
Describe Necorato Pala (official) gauge, monitoring neil, t	onal photos, provided inspect.	
Remarks:		

Sampling Point: D9

Populus del Fololo	% Cover 15		ant Indicator Status FAC	Dominance Test worksheet:  Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:
				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: (B)
				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A/B)
				Prevalence Index worksheet:  Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size:15'	7	_= Total	Cover	OBL species x 1 = FACW species x 2 = FAC species x 3 =
				FACU species x 4 =
				UPL species x 5 =
				Column Totals: (A) (B)
				Prevalence Index = B/A =
				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
V		_		1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
	0	_ = Tota	l Cover	3 - Prevalence Index is < 3.01
erb Stratum (Plot size: 5' )	75		Faces	4 - Morphological Adaptations (Provide supporting
SOILLES CANDOWN	- 73	- <del>N</del>	PACK	data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)
			_rnoc	
		_		Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
				be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
				Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
				Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
0			=	Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
2	78	T-1-1-0		Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.
Voody Vine Stratum (Plot şize: 30' )		Total Co	ver	
VITIS alstruction	10	Y	PACU	(W3) PEM
	<u> </u>			Community Type: Pri Agm 146)
				Hydrophytic / M POUNDA
				Vegetation Present? Yes X No
The section of the section of	10	_ = Tota	al Cover	
temarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate Photo # Direction   Direction	e sheet.) ction of Phot	. 5	HTUO	

epth	Matrix			x Feature	s	Chrain		
nches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc2	Texture	Remarks
9-16	10YRZ/1	93	104R 5/8	<u></u>	C	<u></u>	MUCKY 5. J	
ydric Soll li		tion, RM=	Reduced Matrix, CS= Polyvalue Book MLRA 1498	elow Surfac			Indicators fo	PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. or Problematic Hydric Soils <sup>3</sup> : k (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B) irie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R)
Black H Hydrog Stratifie Deplete Thick D Sandy Sandy Sandy Strippe Dark Si	listic (A3) en Sulfide (A4) d Layers (A5) d Below Dark Surface rark Surface (A12) Mucky Mineral (S1) Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox (S5) d Matrix (S6) urface (S7) (LRR R, M	LRA 149B	Thin Dark Si Loamy Muck Loamy Gley Depleted Mark Redox Dark Depleted Dark Redox Depring Redox Depring Redox Depring Redox Depring Redox Depring Redox Depring Redox Depring Redox Depring Redox	urface (S9) yy Mineral (i ed Matrix (F atrix (F3) Surface (F6) rk Surface essions (F8)	F1) (LRR (2) (5) (F7) (F7)		5 cm Muc Dark Surfa Polyvalue Thin Dark Iron-Mang Piedmont Mesic Spt Red Paret Very Shal	ky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) ace (S7) (LRR K, L, M) Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) anese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R) Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 1498) dic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 1498) It Material (TF2) low Dark Surface (TF12) plain in Remarks)
	hydrophytic vegetation	and wetlan	d hydrology must be p	resent, unle	ess distur	bed or proble	matic.	
Type: Depth (inc	nes): W/A		-				Hydric Soil Pres	ent? Yes 🔀 No

subregion (LRR or MLRA) <u>LRRL</u> L soil Map Unit Name: <u>AYUGA</u> are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the are Vegetation, Soil <u>X</u> , or H	y Celeste Section, Town    PAD Local relief (concave, of the state of year? Year)    STLT LOPIN, 3-8    Section, Town   Section, S	convex, none): CONVEX Slope (%): /O Long: 78.93204 Datum: NAD83  Solution NAD83  Ses No (If no, explain in Remarks.)	_ No
	Yes No Yes No Yes No	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?  If yes, optional Wetland Site ID:	
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:  Primary Indicators (minimum of one is  Surface Water (A1)  High Water Table (A2)  Saturation (A3)  Water Marks (B1)  Sediment Deposits (B2)  Drift Deposits (B3)  Algal Mat or Crust (B4)  Iron Deposits (B5)  Inundation Visible on Aerial Imal  Sparsely Vegetated Concave Sci	Water-Stained Leave Aquatic Fauna (B13) Marl Deposits (B15) Hydrogen Sulfide Oc Oxidized Rhizosphe Presence of Reduce Recent Iron Reducti Thin Muck Surface ( gery (B7)  Water-Stained Leave	Moss Trim Lines (B16) Dry-Season W ater Table (C2) Idor (C1) Crayfish Burrows (C8) Eres on Living Roots (C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery Ered Iron (C4) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) Idon in Tilled Soils (C6) Geomorphic Position (D2) (C7) Shallow Aquitard (D3)	
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Water Table Present? Saturation Present? Yes (includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gau	No Depth (inches): No Depth (inches): Depth (inches): Depth (inches):	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No_	×
Remarks:			

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30')  1. POOVINS deltoids  2. Cratacqus crus-galli  3. 4.	Absolute % Cover / 0	Specie Y Y	ant Indicator s? Status FAC FAC	Dominance Test worksheet:  Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:  Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata:  Percent of Dominant Species  444
5		= Total		That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5' )  1. Hlope IS matropalis  2. RNSUI OCTAENTALLS  3. GEUM CANADENIA  4. Alliaria afficinals  5. Solve aga Canadenia  6. Symphystrichen lateitles  7. Solvena avicamara  8.  9.  10.  11.	50 10 10 15 410 0		PACA PACA PACA PACA PACA PACA PACA PACA	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:  1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 2 - Dominance Test is >50% 3 - Prevalence Index is < 3.0¹ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)  Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.  Definitions of Vegetation Strata:  Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.  Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.  Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.  Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30' )  1. VITIS acotivalis  2  3  4	10	y = Tob	FACU	SUCCESSION ACCOMMUNITY Type: OLO PILLPAD  Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No X
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate state of the photo #	heet.) on of Pho	to_E	AST	*

1-16 7.3	NR 412 YR574	100			51J C 51C	* & D Mad	erial @ surfac
	N< 912 YR514	100			515 C		
	78514	/00			5.6		surfac
e C=Concentrat	ion D=Denie	tion PM=De	educed Matrix, CS=Covere	ed or Coated Sand Gra	nine 21 ocation:	PL=Pore Lining,	M=Matrix
ric Soil Indicato	rs:	don, Kwi-Ke	duced Matrix, CS-Covere	d of Coaled Sand Gra		or Problematic H	
_ Histosol (A1)	12.50		Polyvalue Below Su	rface (S8) (LRR R,	2 cm Muc	k (A10) (LRR K, L	, MLRA 149B)
<ul> <li>Histic Epipedon</li> <li>Black Histic (A3</li> </ul>	)		MLRA 149B) Thin Dark Surface (	S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149	Coast Pra	iírie Redox (A16) ( ky Peat or Peat (S	
Hydrogen Sulfid Stratified Layers			Loamy Mucky Miner	ral (F1) (LRR K, L)	Dark Surf	ace (S7) (LRR K, Below Surface (S	L, M)
Depleted Below Thick Dark Surf	Dark Surface	(A11)	Depleted Matrix (F3	)	Thin Dark	Surface (S9) (LR	RK, L)
Sandy Mucky M	lineral (S1)		Redox Dark Surface Depleted Dark Surface	ace (F7)	Piedmont	ganese Masses (F Floodplain Soils (I	F19) (MLRA 149E
Sandy Gleyed N Sandy Redox (S			Redox Depressions	(F8)	Mesic Spe Red Pare	odic (TA6) (MLRA nt Material (TF2)	144A, 145, 149B
Stripped Matrix Dark Surface (S	(S6)	I DA 140D)			Very Shall	llow Dark Surface plain in Remarks)	(TF12)
_ bank bankac (c	,, (E.K. 14, III	LICA 143B)			Other (Ex	piam in (temarks)	
dicators of hydrophy		and wetland h	hydrology must be present,	unless disturbed or prob	olematic.		
Type:	Now	E					
Depth (inches):	NIF				Hydric Soil Pres	ent? Yes	No X
narks:					Toyun State St		7

oregion (LRR or MLRA) <u>LRRL</u> Lat: Lat: I Map Unit Name: <u>CAY U6A</u> described on the site of the site of the second of the site of the second of th	TLT LOAM, 8-1 te typical for this time of year?	5% 5% pe 5 No (If ed? Are "No	no, explain in Remarks.) rmal Circumstances" present? Yes No
MMARY OF FINDINGS: Attach site m	ap showing sampling point I		tant features, etc.
ydrophytic Vegetation Present? ydric Soil Present?	Yes X No Yes X No Yes X No Yes	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes X No
letland Hydrology Present? emarks: (Explain alternative procedures	Yes No	If yes, optional Wetlan	d Site ID: WY
	DEPRESSE	SNAC MAN	-MADE WETLAND
DROLOGY			
Vetland Hydrology Indicators:	Cover Ele local		Secondary Indicators (minimum of two require
rimary Indicators (minimum of one is requ	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF TAXABLE PARTY.		Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
Surface Water (A1)	Water-Stained Le		Drainage Patterns (B10)
✓ High Water Table (A2) ✓ Saturation (A3)	Aquatic Fauna (B	And Andrews	Moss Trim Lines (B16)
Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B1)	Marl Deposits (B* Hydrogen Sulfide		Dry-Season W ater Table (C2) Crayfish Burrows (C8)
_ Sediment Deposits (B2)		pheres on Living Roots (C3)	
_ Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Red		Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
_ Algal Mat or Crust (B4)		ction in Tilled Soils (C6)	Geomorphic Position (D2)
_ Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface	æ (C7)	Shallow Aquitard (D3)
_ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery		Remarks)	Microtopographic Relief (D4)
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surfac	e (B8)		FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
ield Observations:		2"	
Surface Water Present? Yes	No Depth (inches): _	2000	
Vater Table Present? Yes	No Depth (inches):	TALLANDON DA	🗸
aturation Present? Yes includes capillary fringe)	No Depth (inches): _		Hydrology Present? Yes No
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, n	nonitoring well, aerial photos,	previous inspections), if avai	lable:
Remarks:			

Pro	ect	Cod	A:	W2	F89d
-10	COL	COU		***	.r usu

Sampling Point:

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30' )	Absolute Dominant Indicator Species? Status  STATES OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PRO	Dominance Test worksheet:  Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A)
2		Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata:  (B)
4		Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:  (A/B)
6		Prevalence Index worksheet:  Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
7		OBL species x 1 = FACW species x 2 =
Rhamnus CATHARTICA	5 y FAC	FAC species x 3 = FACU species x 4 =
3.		UPL species x 5 = Column Totals: (A) (B)
4 5		Prevalence Index = B/A =
6 7		Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:  1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
Herb Stratum (Plot size:)	_5 = Total Cover 15 85 Y PAGE	3 - Prevalence Index is < 3.01 4 - Morphological Adaptations (Provide supporting
2. GEVM MACROPHY/IUM	13 03 1	data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)  Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)
3		Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
5		Definitions of Vegetation Strata:  Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter
7		at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.  Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH
9		and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.  Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless
11.		of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.  Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30')	= Total Cover	height.
1. NA 2.		Community Type: Phraemites
3. 4.	8	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?  Yes No
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate	1111-31	
Photo # Direct	ction of Photo	

ches)	Matrix Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	ox Featur %	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>	Texture	Remarks
0		00	1				-	
1-9	10483/,	97	104 R3/8	3		M	5.1	
1-16	10485/1	95	1078518	_5_	C	M	5/el _	
		=			=			
	oncentration, D=Deple	etion, RM=	Reduced Matrix, CS=	Covered	or Coated	Sand Grai		PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. or Problematic Hydric Solls <sup>3</sup> :
Stratific Deplet Thick I Sandy Sandy Sandy Strippe	gen Sulfide (A4) ed Layers (A5) ed Below Dark Surface Dark Surface (A12) Mucky Mineral (S1) Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox (S5) ed Matrix (S6) surface (S7) (LRR R, M	/ILRA 149B		ed Matrix atrix (F3) Surface ( ark Surfac essions (F	(F2) F6) e (F7) F8)		Polyvalue Thin Dark Iron-Mang Piedmont Mesic Spo Red Parer Very Shall Other (Exp	ace (S7) (LRR K, L, M) Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) sanese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R) Floodplain Solls (F19) (MLRA 149) odic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B oth Material (TF2) low Dark Surface (TF12) plain in Remarks)
dicators of	hydrophytic vegetation							
strictive L	ayer (if observed):							
	ayer (if observed):	A					Hydric Soil Pres	ent? Yes X No

pplicant/Owner: <u>Inventum Engineerir</u> nvestigator(s): <u>Scott Livingstone &amp; Joo</u> andform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): <u> </u>	dy Celeste Section, To	ownship, Range: 64.08-1-10 ve, convex, none): CONVEX Slope (%):
ubregion (LRR or MLRA) <u>LRRL</u> L oil Map Unit Name: () RBAN	at 42,98063 LAND	Long: 78.93290 Datum: NAD83 NW I classification: NAD83
re climatic / hydrologic conditions on the re Vegetation, Soil, or Hore Vegetation, Soil, or	the site typical for this time of year?  Hydrology significantly disturb  Hydrology naturally probler	Yes No (If no, explain in Remarks.)
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Hydric Soil Present? Wetland Hydrology Present? Remarks: (Explain alternative proced	Yes No	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?  If yes, optional Wetland Site ID:
VPLAND SCRUB,	1 SHRUB COMM	NUNTTY ON OLD FILL PAR
YDROLOGY		
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	Comment of the County of the	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two require
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is		Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
Surface Water (A1)	Water-Stained Le	
High Water Table (A2)	Aquatic Fauna (B	
Saturation (A3)	Marl Deposits (B	
Water Marks (B1)	— Hydrogen Sulfide	
Sediment Deposits (B2)		pheres on Living Roots (C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Red	
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)		uction in Tilled Soils (C6) Geomorphic Position (D2)
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface	
Inundation Visible on Aerial Ima		2 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 -
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Security	urface (B8)	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Field Observations:		
Surface Water Present? Yes	No X Depth (inches): _	N/A
Water Table Present? Yes	No X Depth (inches): _	N/A
Saturation Present? Yes	No Depth (inches): _	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No
(includes capillary fringe)		avertions inspections). If everlable:
	ige, monitoring well, aerial priotos,	previous inspections), il available.
Describe Recorded Data (stream gail		
Describe Recorded Data (stream gat		
Remarks:		
Describe Recorded Data (stream gau		

D12

Tree Stratum (Plot size:)	Absolute Dominant Indicator % Cover Species? Status	Dominance Test worksheet:  Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:  (A)
2		Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: (B)
5.		Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A/B)
5		Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size:15')	= Total Cover	OBL species
		UPL species $0 \times 5 = 0$ Column Totals: $63 \times 6 = 245 \times 6$
5.		Prevalence Index = B/A = 3.88
3		Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
	= Total Cover	2 - Dominance Test is >50% 3 - Prevalence Index is < 3.01
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5' )	5% V 01	4 - Morphological Adaptations (Provide supporting
. Solidago camanguso	50 Y FACE	data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
Lollun multitropu		Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)
Rumex orisput	3 N PAC	Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
Phragmites australis	1 1 0 0	be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
	5 N FALL	Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
AlliaMa officinalis		Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
3.		Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
11.		Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
12.		Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
	73 = Total Cover	height.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30' )		SUCLESSION AL PARO Community Type:
2		Community Type:
3.		Hydrophytic Vegetation
4	= Total Cover	Present? Yes No No
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate s	heet \	
26	on of PhotoSOUTH	
V. (1) (1)		

epth	Matrix	Redox Features		
iches)	Color (moist) %	Color (moist) % Type <sup>1</sup> Loc <sup>2</sup>	Texture	Remarks
-16	7.54× 94100		SKL	F://
pe: C=C dric Soil	oncentration, D=Depletion, RM=R	Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grain		ion: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. rs for Problematic Hydric Soils³:
Histic Black Hydro Stratifi Deple Thick Sandy Sandy Stripp	ol (A1) Epipedon (A2) Histic (A3) gen Sulfide (A4) ied Layers (A5) ted Below Dark Surface (A11) Dark Surface (A12) Mucky Mineral (S1) Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox (S5) ed Matrix (S6) Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B)	Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149 Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Depleted Matrix (F3) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Redox Depressions (F8)	Coas 5 cm Dark Polyv Thin Iron-I Mesic Red I Very	Muck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B) t Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) Surface (S7) (LRR K, L, M) value Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R) mont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B c Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B Parent Material (TF2) Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) r (Explain in Remarks)
Dark S				
	f hydrophytic vegetation and wetlan	d hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or prob	olematic.	
ndicators o	Layer (if observed):	d hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or prob		Present? Yes NoX_
ndicators o estrictive l Type:	Layer (if observed):	d hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or prob		Present? Yes No_X
ndicators o estrictive l Type: Depth (in	Layer (if observed):	d hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or prob		Present? Yes No _X
idicators o strictive l Type: Depth (in	Layer (if observed):	d hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or prob		Present? Yes No _X

Applicant/Owner: <u>Inventum Enginee</u> Investigator(s): <u>Scott Livingstone &amp; J</u> .andform (hillslope, terrace, etc.):		Carribant	Date: <u>June 23, 2021</u>	
Scott Livingstone &				N/3
	ody Celeste Sec	ction, Township, Range: 6	i4.08-1-10	
andform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): D Subregion (LRR or MLRA) LRRL Soil Mao Unit Name: 11 R B A	epress, on Local relief	(concave convex none):	CANCALE	11
ubregion (LRR or MLRA) LRRL	Lat: 42.98391	70	-01008 Slope (%	):
the office that the	LAND		1,111	162
re climatic / hydrologic conditions on	the site typical for this time o	Event Von VI II		
	nyurology significantly	dieturbada	NOTE: THE PROPERTY OF THE PROP	
re Vegetation, Soil, or	Hydrology naturally	nmhlematic? (If nonded	Are Normal Circumstances" pres	ent? Yes No_
UMMARY OF FINDINGS: Attach s	ite map showing sampling	point locations teament	xpiain any answers in Remarks.)	
Hydrophytic Vegetation D.		)	s, important features, etc.	
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Hydric Soil Present?	Yes No	Is the Sample	d Area	
	Yes No	within a Wetla	and? Yes_X_ No	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Remarks: (Explain alternative proced	Yes No _X	If yes, optional	Wetland Site ID: W5	
MAN-MADE	Depression			
DROLOGY				
Vetland Hydrology Indicators:				
rimary Indicators (minimum of one is	required: check all that analy	Α.	Secondary Indicators (	
_ Surface Water (A1)	the second secon		Surface Soil Cracks (	
_ High Water Table (A2)	Aquatic Faur	ed Leaves (B9)	Drainage Patterns (B	
_ Saturation (A3)	Marl Deposit		Moss Trim Lines (B16	
_ Water Marks (B1)		ulfide Odor (C1)	Dry-Season W ater Ta	
_ Sediment Deposits (B2)	Oxidized Rh	izospheres on Living Root	Crayfish Burrows (C8	
_ Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of	Reduced Iron (C4)	1. (10.) 11. (11.) 1	Aerial Imagery (C9)
_ Algal Mat or Crust (B4)		Reduction in Tilled Soils (C	<ul> <li>Stunted or Stressed F</li> <li>Geomorphic Position</li> </ul>	riants (D1)
_ Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck S			
_ Inundation Visible on Aerial Image	ery (B7) Other (Expla	in in Remarks)	Shallow Aquitard (D3 Microtopographic Reli	
_ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Sur	face (B8)		FAC-Neutral Test (D5	
eld Observations:				
urface Water Present? Yes				
ater Table Present? Yes sturation Present? Yes	Dopai (mones			
cludes capillary fringe)	Depar (meries		tland Hydrology Present? Yes	X No
scribe Recorded Data (stream gauge	, monitoring well, aerial phot	os, previous inspections) i	available:	
	1. Partition and partition of the		available.	
marks;				

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30')  1. PONIVS del +0106	Absolute % Cover		t Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:  Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A)
2				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: (B)
4				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW , or FAC: (A/B)
6				Prevalence Index worksheet:
	2	_ = Total C	over	OBL species x 1 =
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15'		12	0111	FACW species x 2 =
1. Salve Detrolars	20	Y	FALL	FAC species x 3 =
2. Silve discolor	10	Y	HALL	FACU species x 4 =
3. Od nus amonin	5	1	FACE	UPL species x 5 =
4			7 -1000	Column Totals: (A) (B)
5				Prevalence Index = B/A =
6				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
7				1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
		= Total 0	Cover	2 - Dominance Test is >50%
Herb Stratum (Plot size:5' )		= 0.000		3 - Prevalence Index is < 3.01
1. Soldago CANADENSIS	10	N	FACU	4 - Morphological Adaptations (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
		=	PACE	
2. PHRAGMITES AUSTRALIS	65			Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)
-3. LYTARUM SATILASIA	15	N	DBL	Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
4.				be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
5				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
				Delinitions of Vegetation Strata.
6				Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter
7				at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
8				Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH
9				and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
10				Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless
11.				of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
				Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
12.	90 =	Total Cove	er	height.
March Marc Stratum (Distance and		120.101	7	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30' )				(INS) PEM
1. NA				Phonom Hes
2.	-			Community Type: Phragm Hes
3.				Hydrophytic
4.				Vegetation
	P	= Total	Cover	Present? Yes No
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate	sheet )	_ = 10ta)	Cover	
	tion of Phot	_ Wi	EST	210 200
Photo # Direc	tion of Phot	0		DL ALLEON
				OLARILADAD
				200
				V ~ -

Depth inches)	ription: (Describe t Matrix Color (moist)		Red	lox Feature						
iches/	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>	Texture		Remarks	
3-5	104RZ/1	100					SLAG	(INDU	STRIAL	F
e: C=Cor	ncentration, D=Deple	tion, RM=Reduc	ed Matrix, CS=	Covered or	Coated S	Sand Grains		: PL=Pore Lin	ing, M=Matrix.	
Black Hi Hydroge Stratified Depletec Thick Da Sandy M Sandy G Sandy R Stripped Dark Sur	pipedon (A2) stic (A3) in Sulfide (A4) if Layers (A5) d Below Dark Surface ork Surface (A12) lucky Mineral (S1) leyed Matrix (S4) edox (S5) Matrix (S6) face (S7) (LRR R, ML	.RA 149B)	Polyvalue Be MLRA 149B) Thin Dark Su Loamy Mucky Loamy Gleye Depleted Mat Redox Dark S Depleted Dari Redox Depres	riface (S9) (l y Mineral (F d Matrix (F2 trix (F3) Surface (F6) k Surface (F8) ssions (F8)	LRR R, M 1) (LRR K 2) 	LRA 149B) (, L)	2 cm Mu Coast Pr 5 cm Mu Dark Sur Polyvalue Thin Darl Iron-Man Piedmont Mesic Sp Red Pare Very Sha Other (Ex	ck (A10) (LRR lairie Redox (A1 cky Peat or Pea face (S7) (LRR e Below Surface c Surface (S9) (ganese Masses i Floodplain Soi odic (TA6) (ML nt Material (TF: flow Dark Surfa plain in Remark	K, L, MLRA 14 6) (LRR K, L, I at (S3) (LRR K, K, L, M) e (S8) (LRR K, (LRR K, L) s (F12) (LRR K ils (F19) (MLRA RA 144A, 145, 2)	9B) R) L, R; L)
ators of hy	vdrophytic vegetation a	and wetland hydro	ology must be pre	esent, unles	s disturbed	d or problem	atic.			
pe: pth (inche	5"	FILL				н	ydric Soil Pres	ent? Yes		_
arks:						100	dire soll Fresi	entr res_	No	$\geq$
							7.000			

Project/Site: Riverview Tech Campus To Applicant/Owner: Inventum Engineering Investigator(s): Scott Livingstone & Jody (Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.):	81.	Darripling Date: June 23, 20	
Investigator(s): Scott Livingstone & Jody ( Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): DOD	State: Nev	u Vorte	
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): DOD	Celeste Section T-	Camp	ling Point:
	ression and relief (agents	Wilship, Range: <u>64.08-1-10</u>	
Subregion (LRR or MLRA) LRRL Lat:	42.98432	, convex, none): CAVE	_ Slope (% ):/_
	AND	Long: 78,91896	Datum: NAD83
		NW I classific	eation: PEM
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the stare Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologic Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologic Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologic Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologic Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologic Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologic Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologic Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologic vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologic vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologic vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologic vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologic vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologic vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologic vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologic vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologic vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologic vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologic vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologic vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologic vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologic vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologic vegetation, Soil	ology significantly disturbe	nd2	
UMMARY OF FINDINGS: Attach site m	nap showing sampling point to	cations transacts Impactant for the	n Remarks.)
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?			s, etc.
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes No	Is the Sampled Area	
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes No	within a Wetland? Yes_	X No
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures	Yes No	If yes, optional Wetland Site ID:	W6
FORMER RAIL  YDROLOGY  Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	TOTMES		
	104 (100)	Secondar	y Indicators (minimum of two require
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is requ Surface Water (A1)	the property of the second of	Surface	Soil Cracks (B6)
High Water Table (A2)	Water-Stained Leave		e Patterns (B10)
_ Saturation (A3)	Aquatic Fauna (B13)		rim Lines (B16)
_ Water Marks (B1)	Marl Deposits (B15) Hydrogen Sulfide Odd	019-000	son W ater Table (C2)
_ Sediment Deposits (B2)			Burrows (C8)
_ Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Reduced	그렇게 그 경우 하면 보다 가는 그들이 하네요. 나타가 하는 게 하게 하는 것이 되었다. 그 아니는 그리지 않는데 그렇게 되었다.	on Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) or Stressed Plants (D1)
_ Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reductio		phic Position (D2)
_ Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C	C7) Shallow	Aquitard (D3)
<ul> <li>Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (I</li> <li>Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface</li> </ul>	B7) Other (Explain in Re		ographic Relief (D4)
eld Observations:	(B8)		utral Test (D5)
urface Water Present? Yes	×	1/0	
	No Depth (inches): No Depth (inches):	114	
	No Depth (inches):	W/A	Control of the Control
		Wetland Hydrology Pre	esent? Yes X No No
(cludes capillary fringe)			
(cludes capillary fringe)	onitoring well, aerial photos, previ	ous inspections), if available:	
ncludes capillary fringe) escribe Recorded Data (stream gauge, mo	pritoring well, aerial photos, previ	ious inspections), if available:	

2021711-01-1-00-00-01-11-11-10-01-planto.	Absolute	Domin	ant Indicator	le management de
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30')			Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. Querus palvstro	5	Y	FAON	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A)
		_		mat Ale OBL, FACW, OFFAC.
				Total Number of Dominant
3	والمستو			Species Across All Strata: (B)
4.				Percent of Dominant Species
5,				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A/B)
5				Prevalence Index worksheet:
·				Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
	5	= Total	Cover	OBL species x1 =
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15' )	4.1			FACW species x 2 =
	5	V	PACW	FAC species x 3 =
Salix discolo			1000	FACU species x 4 =
				The state of the s
				UPL species x 5 =
				Column Totals: (A) (B)
				Prevalence Index = B/A =
				Hudrophytic Vogotation Indicators
-				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
				1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
	5	= Tota	Cover	2 - Dominance Test is >50%
Herb Stratum (Plot size:5')				3 - Prevalence Index is < 3.01
Dhragatto AVITTANO	60	1	FACE	4 - Morphological Adaptations (Provide supporting
Lytatum SALICAVIA	25		DBL	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)
Impatien cancines	2	N	FALL	
Onoclea sensibilis	5	N	1	Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
		Al	-61	be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
Apocynum Cannibinum	3	14	FAC	Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
5.				To the state of the CT C and assess in disconder.
				Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
0		_		Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH
),				and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
10.				Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless
1,				of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
				Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
2	7-	50.00		height.
	95 =	Total Co	ver	77-87-1
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30' )				(3) 00
ı. Na				Community Type: PEM A6M ITES
1			-	Community Type:
2				INPOVIDATE
3				Hydrophytic
4. \				Vegetation Veg
	A	- Tota	al Cover	Present? Yes No
	-0	_ = 1 Ota	Cover	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate		- In	11:55	1 11
Photo # 22 Direc	tion of Pho	to/	JEST	Mar Maria
				DO KNOO
				Between CRILDEN
				O KI COM
				IV-a NO
				IV.

epth	iption: (Describe to Matrix Color (moist)	- 04	Rec	dox Feature		The Physics				
iones/	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>	Texture		R	temarks
8-6"	10482/1	160					51A6	00	-D.	FILL
								A final god space		
_ Histosol ( _ Histic Epi _ Black Hist Hydrogen	A1) pedon (A2) tic (A3)	ion, RM=Re	Polyvalue Be MLRA 149B) Thin Dark Su	elow Surface ) urface (S9) (I	(S8) (LR	RR,	2 cm / Coast 5 cm /	S for Pro Muck (A10 Prairie Ro Mucky Pe	oblemation  (LRR Kedox (A16  at or Pear	ng, M=Matrix. c Hydric Solls³: c, L, MLRA 149B) 6) (LRR K, L, R) t (S3) (LRR K, L, R
Stratified Depleted Thick Dari Sandy Mu Sandy Gie Sandy Re Stripped N Derk Surfa	Layers (A5) Below Dark Surface ( k Surface (A12) Icky Mineral (S1) Byed Matrix (S4) dox (S5) Matrix (S6) Iace (S7) (LRR R, ML) Irophytic vegetation a	RA 149B)	Loamy Muck Loamy Gleye Depleted Mat Redox Dark S Depleted Dar Redox Depre	d Matrix (F2 trix (F3) Surface (F6) tk Surface (F ssions (F8)	7)		Polyva Polyva Thin D Iron-M Pledm Mesic Red Pa Very S Other (	Surface (S lue Below ark Surfa anganese ont Flood Spodic (T arent Mate	(T) (LRR) V Surface Ce (S9) (I Masses Plain Soil: A6) (MLF Erial (TF2	K, L, M) (S8) (LRR K, L) LRR K, L) (F12) (LRR K, L, F S (F19) (MLRA 145 A4 144A, 145, 149 E) (TF12)
ype:epth (inches	er (ir observed):	E	,				Carlo.			T viva
arks:	,	1 10					lydric Soil Pr	esent?	Yes	No_X

Sampling Da	ate: June 23 2024
wanda/Erie County Sampling Da	
	Sampling Point: <u>D/5</u>
	ALLET S
	Siope (70).
Long: 10 A	Datum. IVADOS
me of year? Yes	NW I classification: N /A
CARLO MANAGEMENT OF THE STREET	(If no, explain in Remarks.)
	e "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No
rally problematic? (If needed, expla	ain any answers in Remarks.)
oling point locations, transects, in	mportant features, etc.
Is the Sampled A	rea
× 1	
ED AREA BE	TWEEN TWO ABANDONES
and the second second	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required
	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
	Drainage Patterns (B10)
	Moss Trim Lines (B16)
	Dry-Season W ater Table (C2)
	Crayfish Burrows (C8)
ce of Reduced Iron (C4)	Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)     Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
	Geomorphic Position (D2)
uck Surface (C7)	Shallow Aquitard (D3)
Explain in Remarks)	Microtopographic Relief (D4)
A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
1/4	
100000000000000000000000000000000000000	Surface to the vice the
	nd Hydrology Present? Yes NoX
	2 N. 19 - Bull Lake Lake 10 - 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 and 10 a
photos, previous inspections), if av	rallable:
photos, previous inspections), if av	railable:
	section, Township, Range: 64.0  elief (concave, convex, none):  Long: 78  me of year? Yes No  anally disturbed? An  arally problematic? (If needed, explications, transects, in  list the Sampled A  within a Wetland  If yes, optional Wetland  If yes, optional Wetland  apply)  Stained Leaves (B9)  Fauna (B13)  aposits (B15)  en Sulfide Odor (C1)  and Rhizospheres on Living Roots (Coc of Reduced Iron (C4)  Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)  ack Surface (C7)  Explain in Remarks)

Tree Stratum (Plot size:30')	% Cover Specie	nant Indicator es? Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
T. Rhus typhina	5 y	FACU	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:  (A)
2.			Total Number of Dominant
3			Species Across All Strata: (B)
4		-	Percent of Dominant Species 5/
5			That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A/B)
6	<del></del>		Prevalence Index worksheet:
7	-/		Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
Commence of the Art and Constitution of Constitution of the Consti	= Total	l Cover	OBL species $\frac{5}{5}$ $\times 1 = \frac{10}{30}$ FACW species $\frac{15}{5}$ $\times 2 = \frac{30}{30}$
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15' )	10	1 FAC	FACW species
1. Cornus racemosa	V	FAGN	FACU species 25 x4= 100
2. Salve discolor	_5	I FILM	UPL species /0 x 5 = 50
3			Column Totals: 95 (A) 310 (B)
4			Prevalence Index = B/A = 3,26
6			Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
7.			1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
	15 = Tota	al Cover	2 - Dominance Test is >50%
Herb Stratum (Plot size:5')	-	ii oote.	3 - Prevalence Index is < 3.01
7. Rubus laciniatus	10 V	UPL	4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
2 Phragmitto australis	10 4	Phar	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)
3. Yornul racenosia	1.0 4	FAC	
4. APOLYNUM OANNIBINIA	15 4	FAC	Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
5. SOLILARULANADGNESS	15 Y	FALL	Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
6. RUDUP OCCIDENTANS	5 N	NI	
- ENGERON PHILADELPHICUS	5 N	FAC	Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
8. SECURICERA VANIA	5 N	OBL	Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
10.			Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
11/			
12	2		Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.
A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	_85_ = Total Co	ver	13.0
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30' )  1.		العوا	SUCCESSIONAL FILL PAO
2.			Community Type:
3.			Hydrophytic
4.			Vegetation Present? Yes No
	# = Tota	al Cover	Present:
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate s	sheet.)	VEST	NOT WET! OLD RAILNUAD BED
			7007
			ON ALLAND ROD
			OLD ILAILILUTY GO

Tipe: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains.    Color (moist)
D=C 104R2(1 160 SIAG OLD FILL    SIAG OLD FILL   SIAG OLD FILL   SIAGO
Histosol (A1) Histosol (A2) Black Histic (A3) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Stratified Layers (A5) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Sandy Redox (S5) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Sandy Redox (S5) Depleted Dark Surface (F8) Sarry Redox (A14) Stripped Matrix (S4) Sarry Redox (B5) Depleted Dark Surface (F8) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Sandy Redox (B5) Depleted Dark Surface (F8) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Sandy Redox (B5) Depleted Dark Surface (F8) Depleted Dark Surface (F8) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Sandy Redox (B5) Surface (B7) Category Redox (B7) Depleted Dark Surface (F8) Depleted Dark Surface (F8) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Sandy Redox (B5) Surface (B7) Depleted Dark Surface (F8) Depleted Dark Surface (F8) Depleted Dark Surface (F8) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Sandy Redox (B5) Surface (B7) Depleted Dark Surface (F8) Depleted Dark Surface (F8) Depleted Dark Surface (F8) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Sandy Redox (B5) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Sandy Redox (B5) Depleted Dark Surface (F8) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Sandy Redox (B5) Depleted Dark Surface (B7) Depleted Dark Surface
epth (Inches):
epth (inches): Hydric Soil Present? Yes No X
arks:

The share of the same of the s	State: New York	npling Date:
Investigator(s): Scott Livingstone & Jody Celeste		Sampling Point:
andform (hillstone towers to 11 PAC	Section, Township, Rang	le: <u>64.08-1-10</u>
Subregion (LRR or MLRA) LRRL Lat: 42.98	ocal relief (concave, convex, nor	Globe (76).
	Long:	78 91974 Datum:_NAD83
Soil Map Unit Name: URBAN LAND		
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for the Vegetation	his time of year? Yes N	(If no, explain in Remarks )
, or Hydrology si	gnificantly disturbed?	Are "Normal Circumstances" presents
are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology	naturally problematic? (If need	led, explain any answers in Remarks.)
UMMARY OF FINDINGS : Attach site man shoules		ean explain any answers in Remarks.)
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS: Attach site map showing s	sampling point locations, tran	sects, important features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes	No Is the Sa	mpled Area
Hydric Soil Present? Yes		Wetland? Yes No _X
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes	No Y	tional Wetland Site ID: N/A
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a se	eparate report.)	tional vietland Site ID:
OUPLAND FILL PA		
CILAND FILL PA	D DOMINATE	D BY PHRAGMITES
OCLD FILL BETWI	EEN TWO F	FBANDONED RAIL
SIDINGS		- W OLOCTO 1-1-TC
YDROLOGY		
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	(9,50)	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two requi
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all Surface Water (A1)	that apply)	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
High Water Table (A2)	ater-Stained Leaves (B9)	Drainage Patterns (B10)
Cottienting (AC)	uatic Fauna (B13)	Moss Trim Lines (B16)
Motor Mades (D4)	arl Deposits (B15)	Dry-Season W ater Table (C2)
Confirmation 19 to 19	drogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Cravfish Rurrows (CR)
Delt Demonity (DO)	idized Rhizospheres on Living	Roots (C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Alpel Met as Court (D.)	esence of Reduced Iron (C4)	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
Iron Donosite (DC)	cent Iron Reduction in Tilled So	
The state of the s	in Muck Surface (C7)	Shallow Aquitard (D3)
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)	her (Explain in Remarks)	Microtopographic Relief (D4)
		FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
ield Observations:		
urface Mater Present	N/A	
urface Water Present? Yes No Del	oth (inches): NA	
urface Water Present?  /ater Table Present?  Yes No Department	oth (inches): NA	
urface Water Present?  /ater Table Present?  aturation Present?  roludes capillary fringe)  Yes No Department No Department No Department No Department No Department No No Department No No No No No No No No No No No No No	oth (inches):	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No
urface Water Present?  /ater Table Present?  aturation Present?  roludes capillary fringe)  Yes No Department No Department No Department No Department No Department No No Department No No No No No No No No No No No No No	oth (inches):	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No
urface Water Present?  Ves No Der  Vater Table Present?  Yes No Der  Der  aturation Present?  Yes No Der  Position Present?	oth (inches):	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No
urface Water Present?  /ater Table Present?  aturation Present?  roludes capillary fringe)  Yes No Department No Department No Department No Department No Department No No Department No No No No No No No No No No No No No	oth (inches):	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No

	Absolute Dominant Indicator	
Tree Stratum (Plot size:30')	% Cover Species? Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. NA		Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A)
2.		Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: (B)
4		Percent of Dominant Species 33
5.		That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A/B)
5	A Land	Prevalence Index worksheet:
, V		Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
	= Total Cover	OBL species 5 x1 = _ 10
Self-light Court 2014		FACW species 35 x2= 70
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15'	5 N FAC	FAC species/5 x3 =45
RUSA MULTIFIERA	3 N PAW	FACU species 13 x4= 52
		UPL species O x 5 = 0
Rusus occidentalis	30 Y NI	Column Totals: 69 (A) 177 (B)
		Prevalence Index = B/A = 2, 60
i,		
5	3	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
<u> </u>		1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
	38 = Total Cover	3 - Prevalence Index is < 3.01
Herb Stratum (Plot size:5' )		4 - Morphological Adaptations (Provide supporting
Phraamites austrais	25 Y FACE	data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
SOLIDAGO CANADENSUS	10 N PAG	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)
SOLIDAGO LUGOSA	10 N FAC	
		Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
PUCHANTHEMUN VIGINEA		be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
Schizachyrium Spp.	70 10-	Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
B. KVOVS occidental is	as y NI	Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter
Luthown Salveason	5 N OBL	at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
		Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH
9.		and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
		Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless
10.	·	of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
II.		Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
12.		height.
	1011 = Total Cover	100
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30' )		SUCCESSIONAM
1.NA		SUCCESSIONAL PILL PARO
2.		Community Type:
3.		Hydrophytic
		Vegetation (/
4	- <del>- 2</del>	Present? YesX No
CHARLES TO THE RESIDENCE TO	= Total Cover	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separa	1411=5	
Photo#Dire	ection of Photo	

Matrix		R	edox Featur		11200					
Coldi (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc2	Texture		Remark	5	
104R2/1	100			_		SLAG.	061	FI	u	
(A1) pipedon (A2) istic (A3) en Sulfide (A4) d Layers (A5) d Below Dark Surface ark Surface (A12) flucky Mineral (S1) illeved Matrix (S4)		Polyvalue B MLRA 149 Thin Dark S Loamy Muc Loamy Gley Depleted M Redox Dark Depleted	Below Surfaces) Burface (S9) Burface (S9) Burface (F9) Burface (F6) Burface (F6) Burface (F6)	e (S8) (LR (LRR R, M -1) (LRR K 2)	R R,	Indicators  2 cm M Coast F 5 cm M Dark St Polyvalt Thin Da Iron-Ma Piedmon Mesic S	for Proble uck (A10) (L Prairie Redox ucky Peat or urface (S7) (I ue Below Su rk Surface (I nganese Ma nt Floodplair podic (TA6)	matic Hydi RR K, L, Mi (A16) (LRF Peat (S3) ( LRR K, L, M fface (S8) (I S9) (LRR K, I Soils (F19) (MLRA 144	RA 14 RK, L, LRR K ) RR K, L)	ils <sup>3</sup> : 49B) R) , L, R) , L)
ydrophytic vegetation a		ydrology must be p	resent, unles	ss disturbe		Very Sh Other (E	allow Dark S explain in Re	Surface (TF1	2)	
13).					H	ydric Soil Pre	sent? Ye	s	No_	X
	ncentration, D=Deple indicators:  (A1) pipedon (A2) sitic (A3) en Sulfide (A4) d Layers (A5) d Below Dark Surface ark Surface (A12) lucky Mineral (S1) leleyed Matrix (S4) edox (S5) Matrix (S6) face (S7) (LRR R, ML ydrophytic vegetation af	ncentration, D=Depletion, RM=Rendicators:  (A1) pipedon (A2) istic (A3) in Sulfide (A4) if Layers (A5) if Below Dark Surface (A11) ark Surface (A12) flucky Mineral (S1) ileyed Matrix (S4) edox (S5) Matrix (S6) face (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B)  (drophytic vegetation and wetland here (If observed):	Color (moist) % Color (moist)  // / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	Color (moist) % Color (moist) %  I CAME 2 / 100  Incentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered of adicators:  (A1)  Polyvalue Below Surface MLRA 149B)  Polyvalue Below Surface MLRA 149B)  Polyvalue Below Surface MLRA 149B)  Polyvalue Below Surface (S9)  I Layers (A5) I Loamy Mucky Mineral (I Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F3)  Redox Dark Surface (F6)  Depleted Matrix (F3)  Redox Dark Surface (F8)  Polyvalue Below Surface (S9)  Loamy Mucky Mineral (I Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F3)  Redox Dark Surface (F8)  Polyvalue Below Surface (S9)  Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F3)  Redox Dark Surface (F8)  Redox Depressions (F8)  Polyvalue Below Surface (S9)  Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F3)  Redox Dark Surface (F8)  Redox Depressions (F8)  Polyvalue Below Surface (S9)  Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F3)  Redox Dark Surface (F8)  Redox Dark Surface (F8)  Redox Depressions (F8)  Polyvalue Below Surface (S9)  Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F3)  Redox Dark Surface (F8)  Redox Dark Surface (F8)  Polyvalue Below Surface (S9)  Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F3)  Redox Dark Surface (F8)  Polyvalue Below Surface (S9)  Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F3)  Redox Dark Surface (F8)  Polyvalue Below Surface (S9)  Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F3)  Redox Dark Surface (F8)  Polyvalue Below Surface (S9)  Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F3)  Redox Dark Surface (F8)  Polyvalue Below Surface (S9)  Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F3)  Redox Dark Surface (F8)  Polyvalue Below Surface (S9)  Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F3)  Redox Dark Surface (F8)  Polyvalue Below Surface (S9)  Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F3)  Redox Dark Surface (F8)  Polyvalue Below Surface (F8)  Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F3)  Redox Dark Surface (F8)  Polyvalue Below Surface (F8)  Polyvalue Below Surface (F8)  Polyvalue Below Surface (F8)  Polyvalue Below Surface (F8)  Polyvalue Below Surface (F8)  Polyvalue Below Surface (F8)  Polyvalue Below Surface (F8)  Polyvalue Below Surface (F8)  Polyvalue Below Surface (F8)  Polyvalue Below Surface (F8)  Polyvalue Below Surface (F8)  Polyvalue Below Surface (F8)  Polyvalue Below Surface (F8)  Polyvalue Below Surface (F8)  Polyvalue Below Surface (F	Color (moist) % Type    Color (Se) (LR (Se) (	Color (moist) % Type¹ Loc²  // CYR 2 /	Color (moist) % Type¹ Loc² Texture    Incentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains.   2Location	Color (moist) % Type Loc Texture    Comparison   Color (moist)   Color (moist) % Type Loc Texture Remark:  //OYK 2 /	Color (moist)  % Color (moist)  % Type Los² Texture Remarks    Localitation   Loc	

# RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS BROWNFIELD CLEANUP PROGRAM SITE

APPENDIX C - SITE PHOTOGRAPHS



**Photo 1:** Facing east. Depicts Stormwater Pond 1.



**Photo 3:** Facing west. Depicts wetland W1 at data point D1.



<u>Photo 5</u>: Facing south. Depicts a successional old fill pad community at data point D3.



Photo 2: Facing west. Depicts Stormwater Pond 2.



**Photo 4:** Facing east. Depicts a successional old fill pad community at data point D2.



**Photo 6:** Facing north. Depicts a successional old fill pad community at data point D4.



**Photo 7:** Facing west. Depicts a successional old fill pad community at data point D5.



**Photo 9:** Facing South from along the southern property line. Depicts the edge of water and wetland area off-site.



<u>Photo 11</u>: Facing west. Depicts a successional old fill pad community at data point D8.



**Photo 8:** Facing east. Depicts a successional old fill pad community at data point D6.



**Photo 10:** Facing east. Depicts wetland W2 at data point D7.



<u>Photo 12</u>: Facing northwest from near the eastern central portion of the site. Depicts developed portion of the site.

W2F89d Riverview Innovation & Technology Campus Brownfield Cleanup Program Site



**Photo 13:** Facing east from near the south central portion of the site. Depicts ponded water from recent rains in an area recently excavated.



**Photo 14:** Facing east. Depicts ditch.



<u>Photo 15</u>: Facing southwest from near the south central portion of the site. Depicts ponded water from recent rains in an area recently excavated.



**Photo 16:** Facing east. Depicts Stormwater Pond 3.



**Photo 17:** Facing south. Depicts wetland W3 at data point D9.



**Photo 18:** Facing east. Depicts a successional old fill pad community at data point D10.



**Photo 19:** Facing west. Depicts wetland W4 at data point D11.



<u>Photo 20</u>: Facing south. Depicts a successional old fill pad community at data point D12.



**Photo 21:** Facing west. Depicts wetland W5 at data point D13.



**Photo 22:** Facing west. Depicts wetland W6 at data point D14.



<u>Photo 23</u>: Facing west. Depicts a successional old fill pad community at data point D15.



<u>Photo 24</u>: Facing west. Depicts a successional old fill pad community at data point D16.

## RIVERVIEW INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY CAMPUS BROWNFIELD CLEANUP PROGRAM SITE

APPENDIX D - REFERENCES

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APPENDIX E - WETLAND INVESTIGATION PERSONNEL

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